

IBM Spectrum Protect for Virtual Environments
Version 8.1.4

*Data Protection for VMware Installation
Guide*



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Note:

Before you use this information and the product it supports, read the information in “Notices” on page 123.

This edition applies to version 8, release 1, modification 4 of IBM Spectrum Protect for Virtual Environments (product number 5725-X00) and to all subsequent releases and modifications until otherwise indicated in new editions.

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About this publication

IBM Spectrum Protect™ for Virtual Environments provides off-host block-level incremental backup and file recovery and instant restore from a full-VM backup for Windows and Linux guest machines. Block level incremental backups are available when you use IBM Spectrum Protect for Virtual Environments with the IBM Spectrum Protect data mover.

Who should read this publication

This publication is intended for users and administrators who want to install and configure IBM Spectrum Protect for Virtual Environments.

Overview information, user tasks, backup and restore scenarios, command reference, and error messages are documented in the *IBM Spectrum Protect for Virtual Environments: Data Protection for VMware User's Guide*.

Publications

The IBM Spectrum Protect product family includes IBM Spectrum Protect Snapshot, IBM Spectrum Protect for Space Management, IBM Spectrum Protect for Databases, and several other storage management products from IBM®.

To view IBM product documentation, see IBM Knowledge Center.

What's new in Version 8.1.4

IBM Spectrum Protect for Virtual Environments Version 8.1.4 introduces new features and updates.

For a list of new features and updates in this release and previous Version 8 releases, see Data Protection for VMware updates.

New and changed information in this product documentation is indicated by a vertical bar (|) to the left of the change.

Chapter 1. Installing and upgrading Data Protection for VMware

Installation of IBM Spectrum Protect for Virtual Environments includes planning, installation, and initial configuration.

Installable components

Data Protection for VMware includes several components that you can install to protect your virtual environment.

Depending on the operating system environment, the following Data Protection for VMware features are available for installation:

Restriction: Each installation package presents you with a user licensing file (EULA). If you do not accept the file, the installation process stops.

Table 1. Available Data Protection for VMware features by operating system

| Component | Linux | Windows |
|---|-------|---------|
| IBM Spectrum Protect recovery agent This component provides virtual mount and instant restore capabilities. | | √ |
| Recovery agent command-line interface The command-line interface used for mount operations. | | √ |
| Documents Documents include the readme and notices files. | √ | √ |
| Data Protection for VMware enablement file This component enables IBM Spectrum Protect to run the following backup types: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Incremental-forever incremental backup• Incremental-forever full backup This component is required for application protection. If you offload backup workloads, this file must be installed on the vStorage Backup Server. | √ | √ |

Table 1. Available Data Protection for VMware features by operating system (continued)

| Component | Linux | Windows |
|---|--------------|---------|
| Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI This component is a graphical user interface (GUI) that accesses VM data on the VMware vCenter Server. The content of the GUI is available in these views: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A web browser view. This view is accessed in a supported web browser by using the URL for the GUI web server host. For example: https://guihost.mycompany.com:9081/TsmVMwareUI/ • The IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in view in the VMware vSphere Web Client. This panels in this view are uniquely designed to integrate within the web client, but data and commands for this view are obtained from the same GUI web server as the other views. The IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in provides a subset of the functions that are available in the web browser view and some additional functions. Configuration and advanced reporting functions are not offered in this view. You can specify one or more views during installation. | √ | √ |
| File restore GUI This component is a web-based GUI that enables you to restore files from a VMware virtual machine backup without administrator assistance. The GUI is installed automatically when the Data Protection for VMware GUI is installed. It is enabled through the configuration wizard. | ¹ | √ |
| Data mover The IBM Spectrum Protect data mover moves data for Data Protection for VMware. This functionality is referred to as the data mover. The data mover moves data from the virtual environment to the IBM Spectrum Protect server. When you install the data mover on a server, the server can be used as a vStorage backup server. You can install the data mover on the same system as Data Protection for VMware or on another server. | √ | √ |

1. Although the file restore interface component must be installed and enabled on a Windows system, you can use this interface to restore files on both Windows and Linux guest virtual machines.
2. The backup archive client and Data Protection for VMware data mover cannot be installed on the same Windows or Linux system.

Data Protection for VMware offloads the backup workload from VMs to a vStorage backup server. To accomplish this task, the data mover V8.1.4 must be installed on the vStorage Backup Server.

Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI

The Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI (vSphere GUI) component is a graphical user interface that accesses VM data on the VMware vCenter Server.

Overview

The Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is the primary interface from which to complete the following tasks:

- Initiate or schedule backups of your VMs to an IBM Spectrum Protect server.
- Initiate a full recovery of your VMs from an IBM Spectrum Protect server.
- Issue reports about the progress of your tasks, the most recent events that completed, backup status, and space usage. This information can help you troubleshoot errors that occurred in backup processing.

Tip: Information about how to complete tasks with the vSphere GUI is provided in the online help that is installed with the GUI. Click **Learn More** in any of the GUI windows to open the online help for task assistance.

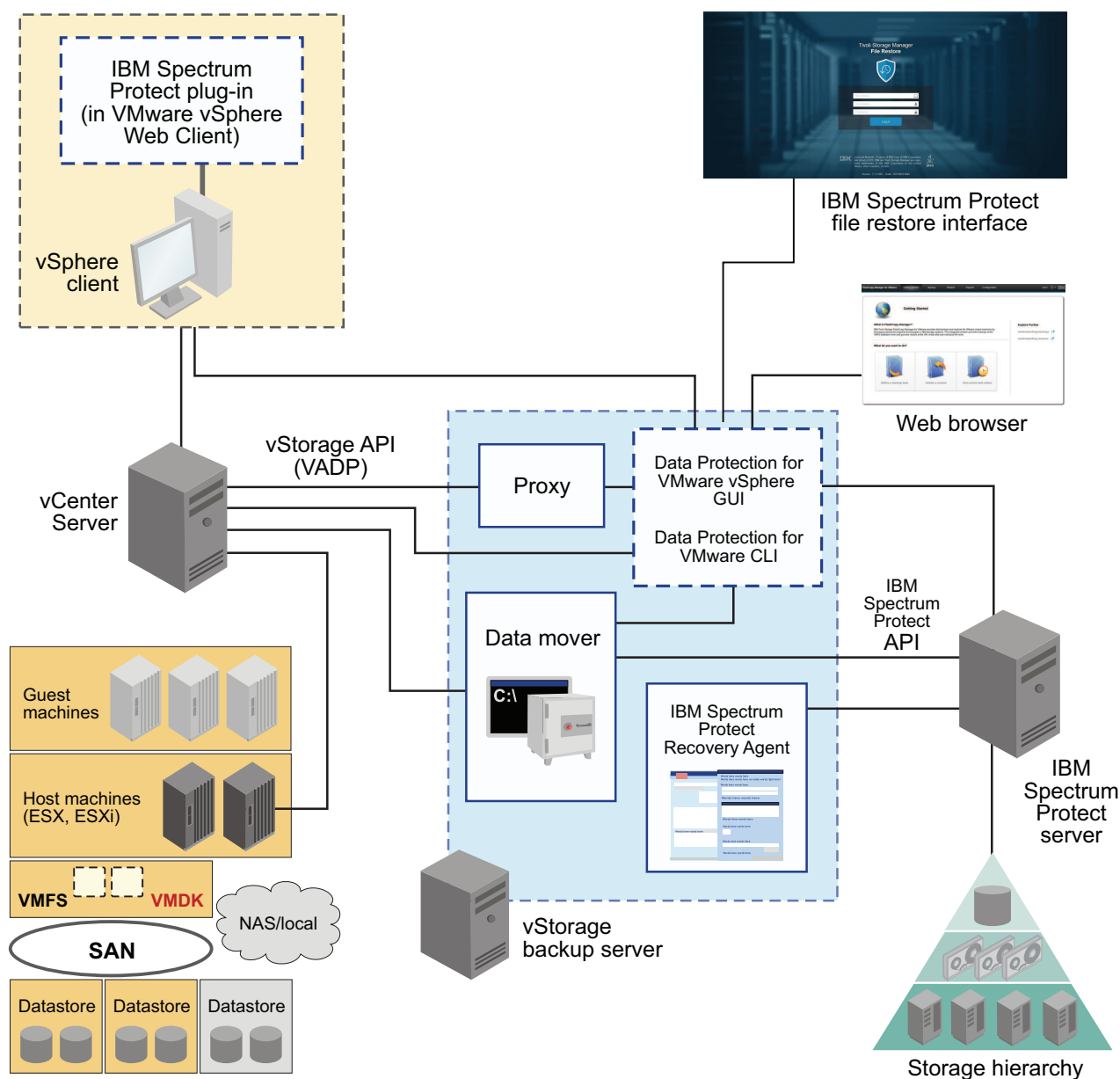


Figure 1. Data Protection for VMware system components in a VMware vSphere user environment

Requirements

The Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI can be installed on any system that meets the operating system prerequisites. The vSphere GUI resource requirements are minimal as it does not process I/O data transfers.

Tip: Installing the vSphere GUI on the vStorage Backup Server is the most common configuration.

The vSphere GUI must have network connectivity to the following systems:

- vStorage Backup Server
- IBM Spectrum Protect server
- vCenter Server

In addition, ports for the Derby database (default 1527) and GUI web server (default 9081) must be available.

Configuration

You can register multiple vSphere GUIs to a single vCenter Server. This scenario reduces the number of datacenters (and their VM guest backups) that are managed by a single VMware vSphere GUI. A vCenter Server can then manage a subset of the total number of datacenters that are defined on the vCenter Server.

To update the managed datacenters, go to **Configuration > Edit Configuration**.

When you register multiple vSphere GUIs to a single vCenter Server, the following guidelines apply:

- Each datacenter can be managed by only one installed vSphere GUI.
- A unique VMCLI node name is required for each installed vSphere GUI.
- Using unique data mover node names for each installed vSphere GUI simplifies managing the nodes.

Accessing the vSphere GUI

The vSphere GUI is accessed by the following methods:

- A stand-alone web browser GUI. This GUI is accessed through a URL bookmark to the GUI web server, for example:

`https://hostname:port/TsmVMwareUI/`

where:

- *hostname* is the name of the system where the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is installed
- *port* is the port number where the vSphere GUI is accessible through. The default port number is 9081.
- A vSphere Web Client extension that connects to a GUI web server to access virtual machines in IBM storage (referred to as the data protection extension). The content is a subset of what is provided in the web browser GUI.

You can specify one or more access methods during installation.

Windows The default installation directory is `C:\IBM\tivoli\tsm\tdpvmware\webserver`.

Linux The default installation directory is `/opt/tivoli/tsm/tdpvmware/common/webserver`.

IBM Spectrum Protect recovery agent

Use the recovery agent service to mount any snapshot volume from the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

Overview

You can view snapshots locally, with read-only access, on the client system, or use an iSCSI protocol to access a snapshot from a remote system.

In addition, the recovery agent provides both the instant restore function and protection for in-guest applications. Instant restore enables the volume that is in

use to remain available while the restore operation proceeds in the background. Application protection enables applications that are installed in a guest virtual machine, such as Microsoft Exchange Server and Microsoft SQL Server, to be available for backup and restore protection.

Important: When you install the recovery agent for the instant restore function, you must also select the device driver for installation. It is not selected by default.

The device driver is not required for application protection.

The recovery agent can complete the following tasks from a remote system:

- Gather information about the data that can be restored, for example:
 - Backed-up VMs.
 - Snapshots available for a backed-up virtual machine.
 - Partitions available in a specific snapshot.
- Mount a snapshot as a virtual device.
- Provide a list of virtual devices.
- Remove a virtual device.

For detailed information about commands, parameters, and return codes, see the command reference section in the *IBM Spectrum Protect for Virtual Environments: Data Protection for VMware User's Guide*.

Requirements

Windows On Windows systems, you can install the recovery agent GUI, command-line interface, and device driver.

Accessing the recovery agent

Windows You can access the recovery agent from the **Start** menu: **Start > IBM Spectrum Protect > IBM Spectrum Protect for Virtual Environments > IBM Spectrum Protect recovery agent**

Windows Alternatively, you can access the GUI and command-line interface from a command prompt:

```
install_dir\TSM\recoveryagent\mount\RecoveryAgent.exe -notservice  
install_dir\TSM\recoveryagent\shell\RecoveryAgentShell.exe
```

where *install_dir* is the installation directory. The default is C:\Program Files\Tivoli. On Windows systems, use Program Files (x86).

IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in

The IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in is a VMware vSphere Web Client extension that provides a view of the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI.

Overview

The IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in provides a subset of the functions that are available in the browser view for the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI and some additional functions.

Requirement

To install the IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in, you must select the following options when you run the IBM Spectrum Protect for Virtual Environments installation wizard.

- On the Environment Protection page of the installation wizard, click **vSphere protection**.
- On the GUI information for vSphere protection page, select **Enable access to the GUI by a web browser** and **Register as an Extension in vSphere Web Client**.

Accessing the data protection extension

You can access the extension from the vSphere Web Client.

Data Protection for VMware command-line interface

The Data Protection for VMware CLI is a full-function command-line interface that is installed with the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI.

Overview

You can use the Data Protection for VMware CLI to complete the following tasks:

- Initiate or schedule backups of your VMs to an IBM Spectrum Protect server.
- Initiate a full recovery of your VMs, VM files, or VM Disks (VMDKs) from an IBM Spectrum Protect server.
- View configuration information about the backup database and environment.

Although the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is the primary task interface, the Data Protection for VMware CLI provides a useful secondary interface.

For example, the Data Protection for VMware CLI can be used to implement a scheduling mechanism that is different from the one that is implemented by the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI. Also, the Data Protection for VMware CLI is useful when you evaluate automation results with scripts.

Accessing the Data Protection for VMware command-line interface

You can access the Data Protection for VMware CLI from a command line.

For detailed information about the available commands, see the command reference section in the *IBM Spectrum Protect for Virtual Environments: Data Protection for VMware User's Guide*

IBM Spectrum Protect file restore interface

You can restore individual files from a VMware virtual machine backup.

Overview

The file restore interface is a web-based interface where you can restore individual files from a VM backup. The advantage of this interface is that file, software, and platform owners can restore their own files without prior knowledge of IBM Spectrum Protect backup and restore operations.

The file restore interface feature is installed when you select the option to protect your data in a vSphere environment. In the Data Protection for VMware configuration wizard, you must enable the file restore feature for the interface to be available.

Accessing the IBM Spectrum Protect file restore interface

To access the file restore interface, open a web browser and enter the URL provided by your administrator. For example:

`https://hostname:9081/FileRestoreUI`

where *hostname* is the host name of the system where the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is installed.

Data mover feature

A data mover is a software component of Data Protection for VMware that moves data to and from the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

Overview

In the typical VMware environment, the data mover is used to save virtual machine backups to a datacenter node.

When you install Data Protection for VMware, the data mover is included in the installation. The data mover is installed on the same system as the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI and other Data Protection for VMware components.

You can also install data movers on remote systems independently of the other Data Protection for VMware components to redistribute the backup workload among multiple systems.

Setting up data movers

For information about planning for, installing, and configuring data movers, review the following list:

| Action | Description |
|--|--|
| Determine the number of data movers that are required to protect your vSphere environment. | Multiple data mover nodes might be required to protect your vSphere environment. To determine the number of data mover nodes that are required, see technote 2007197. This technote also includes considerations for using virtual or physical machines for data mover nodes and for data mover locality. |
| Install Data Protection for VMware. | To install Data Protection for VMware, run the Data Protection for VMware installer and select Typical Installation for Windows operating systems or Complete for Linux operating systems. This installation option installs all Data Protection for VMware components, including the data mover. For information about how to run the Data Protection for VMware installer, see “Installing the Data Protection for VMware components” on page 20. |

| Action | Description |
|---|---|
| Define the data movers for your environment. | <p>When the Data Protection for VMware installation wizard completes, the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI configuration wizard opens to enable you to set up communication with the IBM Spectrum Protect server.</p> <p>On the Data Mover Nodes page of the configuration wizard, define the information for the local data mover and any remote data movers that you will install on separate systems.</p> <p>If you install on a Windows operating system and select Create Services when you define the data mover, the configuration information for the data mover is saved in a options file in the following location: C:\Program Files\tivoli\tsm\baclient</p> <p>In addition, the services that are required by the data mover are configured.</p> <p>If you install the data mover on a Linux operating system, or install on a Windows operating system, but do not select Create Services during configuration, you must complete the steps in "Setting up the data mover nodes in a vSphere environment" on page 91 to create the options file and configure the required services.</p> |
| Install and configure additional data movers on remote systems if required. | <p>To install a data mover on a remote system, run the Data Protection for VMware installer and take one of the following actions:</p> <p>On Windows operating systems, select Advanced Installation > Install the data mover or mount proxy in the configuration wizard.</p> <p>On Linux operating systems, select Custom from the Install Set list in the configuration wizard. Ensure that Data Protection for VMware data mover is selected. This option is selected by default.</p> <p>When the installation is complete, to set up data movers on remote systems, follow the instructions in "Setting up the data mover nodes in a vSphere environment" on page 91.</p> |

Planning to install Data Protection for VMware

Data Protection for VMware eliminates the impact of running backups on a VM by offloading backup workloads from a VMware ESX or ESXi-based host to a vStorage Backup server.

Data Protection for VMware works with the integrated data mover to complete incremental-forever full, and incremental-forever incremental backups of VMs. The data mover node "moves" the data to the IBM Spectrum Protect server for storage, and for VM image-level restore at a later time. Instant restore is available at the disk volume level and full VM level.

Tip: The data mover is a separately licensed component that contains its own user interfaces and documentation. Familiarity with this product and its documentation is necessary in order to adequately integrate a comprehensive plan for protecting your VMs with Data Protection for VMware. Data Protection for VMware for Windows 64-bit includes the data mover feature.

Installation roadmap

The following table identifies the steps to complete a successful installation process.

Table 2. Installation tasks for new or existing Data Protection for VMware customers

| Step | Task | Get started here |
|------|---|---|
| 1 | Check system requirements. | Make sure the system on which Data Protection for VMware is to be installed meets the system requirements. |
| 2 | Check user permission requirements. | Avoid potential installation errors or delays by using the required user permission levels. |
| 3 | Check availability of required communication ports. | Prevent installation failure or delays by opening the required communication ports before you attempt to install Data Protection for VMware. |
| 4 | Install Data Protection for VMware: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Installing Data Protection for VMware by using the installation wizard • “Installing the Data Protection for VMware components in silent mode” on page 25 Upgrade Data Protection for VMware: Upgrade Data Protection for VMware | Each installation package presents you with a user licensing file (EULA). If you do not accept the file, the installation ends. |
| 5 | “Configuring a new installation with the wizard” on page 43 If you are planning to upgrade Data Protection for VMware, depending on the components that are installed, more configuration tasks might be required. See the configuration topics in the <i>IBM Spectrum Protect for Virtual Environments: Data Protection for VMware User’s Guide</i> for more details. | Use the configuration wizard for an initial configuration. Depending on the features that are installed, more configuration tasks might be required as described in this section. |

Tip: To assist with planning the quantity of proxy hosts that are required for your specific Data Protection for VMware backup environment, the following publication is available on the IBM Spectrum Protect Wiki:
 Step by Step Guide To vStorage Backup Server (Proxy) Sizing
 This publication is available in the IBM Spectrum Protect for Virtual Environments product section.

Installation scenarios

Before you install Data Protection for VMware, choose the scenario that best meets the needs of your business.

You can install Data Protection for VMware and the data mover by using the GUI or in silent mode:

- “Installing the Data Protection for VMware components by using the installation wizard” on page 22
- “Installing the Data Protection for VMware components in silent mode” on page 25

For a list of features and components that are available by platform, see “Installable components” on page 1.

Table 3. Installation scenarios

| Scenario Number | Description | Tasks that you must complete |
|-----------------|--|--|
| 1 | Use this scenario for a new installation where you want to install Data Protection for VMware and the data mover on the same system. | Windows You can use the Suite Installer in GUI or silent mode. Linux You can use InstallAnywhere in GUI or silent mode. |
| 2 | Use this scenario for a new installation where you want to install only Data Protection for VMware. | Windows You can complete a custom installation by using the Suite Installer to install Data Protection for VMware in GUI or silent mode. Linux You can complete a custom installation by using InstallAnywhere to install Data Protection for VMware in GUI or silent mode. |
| 3 | Use this scenario when you want to install only the data mover on a system. | Windows You can complete a custom installation using the Suite Installer. Linux The data mover feature is now installed with Data Protection for VMware. |

System requirements

To implement Data Protection for VMware components, your system must meet appropriate system requirements.

Software requirements

Table 4. Software requirements for Data Protection for VMware.

| Component | Minimal requirement | Preferred |
|------------------------|--|-----------|
| Operating system | Important: Details of the software and operating system requirements can change over time. For current software requirements, see technote 1505139. | |
| Communication protocol | | |

Table 4. Software requirements for Data Protection for VMware. (continued)

| Component | Minimal requirement | Preferred |
|----------------|---------------------|-----------|
| Device drivers | | |
| Other software | | |

Hardware requirements

Hardware requirements vary and depend on the following items:

- Number of protected servers
- Number of protected volumes
- Data set sizes
- LAN and SAN connectivity

Note: The recovery agent component does not support operations in a LAN-free environment.

The following table describes the hardware requirements that are needed to install Data Protection for VMware.

Table 5. Hardware requirements for Data Protection for VMware.

| Component | Minimal requirement | Preferred |
|---------------------|--|----------------|
| System | IntelPentium D 3 GHz Dual Core processor or compatible | Not applicable |
| Memory | 2 GB RAM, 2 GB virtual address space | Not applicable |
| Available hard disk | 200 MB for 'Documents and Settings' folder | 2 GB |
| NIC Card | 1 NIC - 100 Mbps | 1 NIC - 1 Gbps |

Note: Depending on the number of parallel processes, back ups of virtual machines takes a significant amount of memory.

The memory requirements can be expanded regarding the **dsmc backup vm** command and can be calculated by the following formula:

Required memory = (DiskSize / MBLKSize) * ReadBufferSize * VM_MAXPARALLEL

where:

- **DiskSize** is the size of the guest disk currently being processed;
- **MBLKSize** is the size of a megablock. It is equal to 128 MB for disks under 2 TB, and equal to 1 GB for disks larger than 2 TB;
- **ReadBufferSize** is the size of the IBM Spectrum Protect internal buffer that is used to accommodate the MBLK information. The buffer size is equal to 256 KB;
- **VM_MAXPARALLEL** is the maximum number of virtual machines that can be backed up at any one time by a single backup operation process.

For example, to back up 10 guests, each with 40 GB disks and run with VM_MAXPARALLEL 2 in a single backup operation process, would require:

- **DiskSize** = 40 GB = 41943040 KB;
- **MBLKSize** = 128 MB = 131072 KB;

- **ReadBufferSize** = 256 KB;
- **VMMAXPARALLEL** = 2.

Required memory = (41943040 / 131072) * 256kB * 2 = 163840KB = 160MB.

Note: To back up the same number of guests with 'VMMAXPARALLEL 2' in five parallel backup operation processes, would require (at the maximum) five times more memory than the previous example, or 800 MB.

A Windows proxy host is required for recovery agent on Linux. This Windows proxy host must have the recovery agent installed.

Restriction: The following restrictions apply to VMware VMDKs that are involved in a backup operation:

- For incremental-forever incremental backup mode, each individual VMDK involved in a backup operation cannot exceed 8 TB. If a VMDK exceeds 8 TB, the backup operation fails. To increase the size of the VMDK to be larger than the default 2 TB, specify the maximum size with the `vmmaxvirtualdisks` option. For more information, see `Vmmaxvirtualdisks`.
- For incremental-forever full backup mode, each individual VMDK involved in a backup operation cannot exceed 2 TB. If a VMDK exceeds 2 TB, the backup operation fails.

To prevent a failure during either backup mode, you can skip processing the VMDK by specifying `vmskipmaxvirtualdisks yes` in the data mover options file. For more information, see `Vmskipmaxvirtualdisks`.

File restore prerequisites

Before you restore files with the IBM Spectrum Protect file restore interface, ensure that your environment meets the minimum prerequisites.

To enable the file restore feature, Data Protection for VMware must be installed on a Windows system.

VMware virtual machine prerequisites

The following prerequisites apply to the VMware virtual machine that contains the files to be restored:

- Linux Windows VMware Tools must be installed on the virtual machine.
- Linux Windows The virtual machine must be running during the file restore operation.
- Windows The virtual machine must belong to the same Windows domain as the data mover system.
- Windows When a virtual machine is deleted from a Windows domain and then restored later, the virtual machine must rejoin the domain to ensure the domain trust relationship. Do not attempt a file restore from the virtual machine until the domain trust relationship is restored.
- Windows If the user does not own the file to be restored, the Microsoft Windows Restore Files and Directories privilege must be assigned to the user for that virtual machine.
- Linux Local user authentication is required for the virtual machine. Authentication is not available through Windows domain, Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP), Kerberos, or other network authentication methods.

- **Linux** On a Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6 operating system, the `ChallengeResponseAuthentication` option in the `sshd` daemon configuration file (`/etc/ssh/sshd_config`) must specify `YES` or be commented out. For example, either of the following statements are valid:

```
ChallengeResponseAuthentication yes
```

```
#ChallengeResponseAuthentication no
```

Restart the `sshd` daemon after you modify this option.

Data mover prerequisites

The data mover system represents a specific data mover that "moves data" from one system to another.

Windows The data mover system must belong to the same Windows domain as the virtual machine that contains the files to be restored.

Mount proxy prerequisites

The mount proxy system represents the Linux or Windows proxy system that accesses the mounted virtual machine disks through an iSCSI connection. This system enables the file systems on the mounted virtual machine disks to be accessible as restore points to the file restore interface.

Linux Linux operating systems provide a daemon that activates Logical Volume Manager (LVM) volume groups as these groups become available to the system. Set this daemon on the Linux mount proxy system so that LVM volume groups are not activated as they become available to the system. For detailed information about how to set this daemon, see the appropriate Linux documentation.

Linux **Windows** The Windows mount proxy system and Linux mount proxy system must be on the same subnet.

Microsoft Windows domain account prerequisites

The following prerequisites apply to Windows domain accounts:

- **Windows** Windows domain administrator credentials are required to access the network share. An administrator enters these credentials in the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI configuration wizard or notebook to enable the environment for file restore operations.
- **Windows** A file owner accesses the remote virtual machine (that contains the files to be restored) with Windows domain user credentials. These credentials are entered in the file restore interface during login. Domain user credentials verify that the file owner has permission to log in to the remote virtual machine and restore files into the remote virtual machine. These credentials do not require any special permissions.
- **Windows** If a file owner uses a Windows domain user account that limits access to specific computers (instead of access to all computers within the domain), ensure that the mount proxy system is included in the list of computers that are accessible to this domain user account. Otherwise, the file owner is unable to log in to the file restore interface.

Tape media prerequisites

File restore from tape media is not supported. File restore from disk storage is the preferred method.

Required installation permissions

Before you begin installation, ensure that your user ID contains the required permission level.

About this task

Table 6. Users permissions required to install and configure Data Protection for VMware

| System | Required permission |
|--|---|
| Windows | Administrator |
| Linux | Root |
| vCenter Server | Administrator privileges The vCenter Server role requires the following privileges: Extension > Register extension, Unregister extension, Update extension This new role must be applied to the vCenter object in the VMware vCenter Server hierarchy for the user ID that is specified during installation. |
| IBM Spectrum Protect server Restriction: The server must be started. | Administrative access (System or Unrestricted Policy Domain privilege) |

Required communication ports

View a list of communication ports that are required to be open in the firewall when you install Data Protection for VMware.

The ports that are identified in the table reflect a typical installation. A typical installation consists of the following components on the same Windows system:

- Data Protection for VMware GUI server
- vStorage backup server (data mover)
- Windows mount proxy
- IBM Spectrum Protect file restore interface

If a non-typical installation is used, more ports might be required.

Restriction: The Windows mount proxy and Linux mount proxy must be on the same subnet.

Table 7. Required communication ports. This table identifies the ports that are accessed by Data Protection for VMware.

| TCP Port | Initiator: Out-Bound (From Host) | Target: In-Bound (To Host) |
|----------|---|------------------------------|
| 443 | vStorage Backup Server | vCenter Server (secure HTTP) |
| 443 | Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI Server | vCenter Server |

Table 7. Required communication ports (continued). This table identifies the ports that are accessed by Data Protection for VMware.

| TCP Port | Initiator: Out-Bound (From Host) | Target: In-Bound (To Host) |
|---|--|---|
| 443 This setting is required only when the data mover is a Linux system. | Windows mount proxy | vCenter Server |
| 443 | vStorage Backup Server | Platform Services Controller |
| 443 | Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI Server | Platform Services Controller |
| 443 | Windows mount proxy | Platform Services Controller |
| 902 443 | vCenter Server | ESXi hosts |
| 902 443 | vStorage Backup Server (proxy) | ESXi hosts (all protected hosts) |
| 1500 (tcpport) | vStorage Backup Server (proxy) | IBM Spectrum Protect server |
| 1500 (tcpadminport) | Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI Server <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1500 (tcpadminport) is non-SSL communication For SSL communication, tcpadminport is the only port that supports SSL communication with the IBM Spectrum Protect server. The correct port number to use for the SSL protocol is typically the value that is specified by the ssltcpadminport option in the IBM Spectrum Protect server dsmserv.opt file. However, if adminonclient no is specified in the dsmserv.opt file, then the correct port number to use for the SSL protocol is the value that is specified by the ssltcpadminport option. The ssltcpadminport option does not have a default value. Therefore, the value must be specified by the user. | IBM Spectrum Protect server |
| 1527 Internal Derby database | | |
| 1501 1581 (httpport) | IBM Spectrum Protect server | vStorage Backup Server <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data mover scheduler Web client Client Acceptor Daemon |

Table 7. Required communication ports (continued). This table identifies the ports that are accessed by Data Protection for VMware.

| TCP Port | Initiator: Out-Bound (From Host) | Target: In-Bound (To Host) |
|--|---|--|
| 1581 (httpport) 1582, 1583 (webports) | Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI server | vStorage Backup Server |
| 9081 GUI web server (HTTPS protocol) | vSphere Client | Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI Server (secure HTTPS port for access to vCenter through web browser) |
| 22 SSH default port for the recovery agent | Recovery agent | Data Protection for VMware Windows "mount" host • SSH for Linux recovery agent |
| 3260 | Linux Data Protection for VMware file restore | Data Protection for VMware Windows "mount" host • iSCSI |
| 3260 iSCSI default port for the recovery agent | Windows target with Dynamic disk for file restore | Data Protection for VMware Windows "mount" host • iSCSI |
| 5985 | File restore GUI operations | Windows Remote Management |
| 135 | Windows mount proxy | VMware virtual machine that contains the files to be restored with the IBM Spectrum Protect file restore interface |

VMware vCenter Server user privilege requirements

Certain VMware vCenter Server privileges are required to run Data Protection for VMware operations.

vCenter Server privileges required to protect VMware datacenters with the web-browser view for the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI

The vCenter Server user ID that signs on to the browser view for the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI

must have sufficient VMware privileges to view content for a datacenter that is managed by the GUI.

For example, a VMware vSphere environment contains five datacenters. A user, "jenn", has sufficient privileges for only two of those datacenters. As a result, only those two datacenters where sufficient privileges exist are visible to "jenn" in the views. The other three datacenters (where "jenn" does not have privileges) are not visible to the user "jenn".

The VMware vCenter Server defines a set of privileges collectively as a role. A role is applied to an object for a specified user or group to create a privilege. From the

VMware vSphere web client, you must create a role with a set of privileges. To create a vCenter Server role for backup and restore operations, use the VMware vSphere Client **Add a Role** function.

If you want to propagate the privileges to all datacenters within the vCenter, specify the vCenter Server and select the propagate to children check box. Otherwise, you can limit the permissions if you assign the role to the required datacenters only with the propagate to children check box selected. Enforcement for the browser GUI is at the datacenter level.

The following example shows how to control access to datacenters for two VMware user groups. First, create a role that contains all of the privileges defined in technote 7047438. The set of privileges in this example are identified by the role named “TDPVMwareManage”. Group 1 requires access to manage virtual machines for the Primary1_DC and Primary2_DC datacenters. Group 2 requires access to manage virtual machines for the Secondary1_DC and Secondary2_DC datacenters.

For Group 1, assign the “TDPVMwareManage” role to the Primary1_DC and Primary2_DC datacenters. For Group 2, assign the “TDPVMwareManage” role to the Secondary1_DC and Secondary2_DC datacenters.

The users in each VMware user group can use the Data Protection for VMware GUI to manage virtual machines in their respective datacenters only.

Tip: When you create a role, consider adding extra privileges to the role that you might need later to complete other tasks on objects.

vCenter Server privileges required to use the data mover

The IBM Spectrum Protect data mover that is installed on the vStorage Backup server (the data mover node) requires the VMCUser and VMCPw options. The VMCUser option specifies the user ID of the vCenter or ESX server that you want to back up, restore, or query. The required privileges that are assigned to this user ID (VMCUser) ensure that the client can run operations on the virtual machine and the VMware environment. This user ID must have the VMware privileges that are described in technote 7047438.

To create a vCenter Server role for backup and restore operations, use the VMware vSphere Client **Add a Role** function. You must select the propagate to children option when you add privileges for this user ID (VMCUser). In addition, consider adding other privileges to this role for tasks other than backup and restore. For the VMCUser option, enforcement is at the top-level object.

vCenter Server privileges required to protect VMware datacenters with the IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in view for the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI

The IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in requires a set of privileges that are separate from the privileges that are required to sign in to the GUI.

During the installation the following custom privileges are created for the IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in:

- **Datacenter > IBM Data Protection**
- **Global > Configure IBM Data Protection**

Custom privileges that are required for the IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in are registered as a separate extension. The privileges extension key is `com.ibm.tsm.tdpvmware.IBMDataProtection.privileges`.

These privileges allow the VMware administrator to enable and disable access to IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in content. Only users with these custom privileges on the required VMware object can access the IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in content. One IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in is registered for each vCenter Server and is shared by all GUI hosts that are configured to support the vCenter Server.

From the VMware vSphere web client, you must create a role for users who can complete data protection functions for virtual machines by using the IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in. For this role, in addition to the standard virtual machine administrator role privileges required by the web client, you must specify the **Datacenter > IBM Data Protection** privilege. For each datacenter, assign this role for each user or user group where you want to grant permission for the user to manage virtual machines.

The **Global > IBM Data Protection** privilege is required for the user at the vCenter level. This privilege allows the user to manage, edit, or clear the connection between the vCenter Server and the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI web server. Assign this privilege to administrators that are familiar with the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI that protects their respective vCenter Server. Manage your IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in connections on the extension Connections page.

The following example shows how to control access to datacenters for two user groups. Group 1 requires access to manage virtual machines for the NewYork_DC and Boston_DC datacenters. Group 2 requires access to manage virtual machines for the LosAngeles_DC and SanFrancisco_DC datacenters.

From the VMware vSphere client, create for example the “IBMDDataProtectManage” role, assign the standard virtual machine administrator role privileges and also the **Datacenter > IBM Data Protection** privilege.

For Group 1, assign the “IBMDDataProtectManage” role to the NewYork_DC and Boston_DC datacenters. For Group 2, assign the “IBMDDataProtectManage” role to the LosAngeles_DC and SanFrancisco_DC datacenters.

The users in each group can use the IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in in the vSphere web client to manage virtual machines in their respective datacenters only.

Issues related to insufficient permissions

When the web browser user does not have sufficient permissions for any datacenter, access to the view is blocked. Instead, the error message GVM2013E is issued to advise that the user is not authorized to access any managed datacenters due to insufficient permissions. Other new messages are also available that inform users of issues that result from insufficient permissions. To resolve any permissions-related issues, make sure that the user role is set up as described in the previous sections. The user role must have all privileges that are identified in the Required privileges vCenter Server user ID and data mover table, and these privileges must be applied at the datacenter level with the propagate to children check box.

When the IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in user does not have sufficient permissions for a datacenter, the data protection functions for that datacenter and its content are made unavailable in the extension.

When the IBM Spectrum Protect user ID (specified by the VMUser option) contains insufficient permissions for a backup and restore operation, the following message is shown:

```
ANS9365E VMware vStorage API error.  
"Permission to perform this operation was denied."
```

When the IBM Spectrum Protect user ID contains insufficient permissions to view a machine, the following messages are shown:

```
Backup VM command started. Total number of virtual machines to process: 1  
ANS4155E Virtual Machine 'tango' could not be found on VMware server.  
ANS4148E Full VM backup of Virtual Machine 'foxtrot' failed with RC 4390
```

To retrieve log information through the VMware Virtual Center Server for permission problems, complete these steps:

1. In vCenter Server Settings, select **Logging Options** and set "**vCenter Logging to Trivia (Trivia)**".
2. Re-create the permission error.
3. Reset **vCenter Logging** to its previous value prevent recording excessive log information.
4. In System Logs, look for the most current vCenter Server log (vpxd-wxyz.log) and search for the string NoPermission. For example:

```
[2011-04-27 15:15:35.955 03756 verbose 'App'] [VpxVmomi] Invoke error:  
vim.VirtualMachine.createSnapshot session: 92324BE3-CD53-4B5A-B7F5-96C5FAB3F0EE  
Throw: vim.fault.NoPermission
```



This log message indicates that the user ID did not contain sufficient permissions to create a snapshot (createSnapshot).

Installing the Data Protection for VMware components

You can install all or some of the components that are available in the Data Protection for VMware package for your operating system.

About this task

Using the Data Protection for VMware installer, you can install the following components:

- IBM Spectrum Protect recovery agent
-  Recovery agent command-line interface
-  Documentation (readme file and notices file)
- Data Protection for VMware enablement file
- Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI
- Data mover feature, which includes the following items:
 - Data mover GUI
 - Data mover web client
 - Client API (64-bit) runtime files
 - Administrative client command line
 - VMware vStorage API runtime files

Tip: You can create multiple data movers on the same system as the Data Protection for VMware software, or you can create data movers on remote systems. This configuration increases the resources available for use by Data Protection for VMware. The systems with the data mover installed are called vStorage backup servers.

Obtaining the Data Protection for VMware installation package

You can obtain the Data Protection for VMware installation package from an IBM download site such as IBM Passport Advantage®.

Linux

Before you begin

If you plan to download the files, set the system user limit for maximum file size to unlimited to ensure that the files can be downloaded correctly:

1. To query the maximum file size value, issue the following command:

```
ulimit -Hf
```
2. If the system user limit for maximum file size is not set to unlimited, change it to unlimited by following the instructions in the documentation for your operating system.

Procedure

1. Download the appropriate package file from one of the following websites:
 - For a first-time installation or a new release go to Passport Advantage at: <http://www.ibm.com/software/lotus/passportadvantage/>. Passport Advantage is the only site that you can download a licensed package file from.
 - For the latest information, updates, and maintenance fixes, go to the IBM Spectrum Protect support site: http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/Overview/Software/Tivoli/Tivoli_Storage_Manager.
2. If you downloaded the package from an IBM download site, complete the following steps:
 - a. Download the package file to the directory of your choice. The path must contain no more than 40 characters. Be sure to extract the installation files to an empty directory. Do not extract to a directory that contains previously extracted files, or any other files.
 - b. **Linux** Ensure that executable permission is set for the package. If necessary, change the file permissions by issuing the following command:

```
chmod a+x package_name.bin
```
 - c. **Linux** Extract the package by issuing the following command:

```
./package_name.bin
```

where *package_name* is the name of the downloaded file.
 - d. **Windows** Extract the package by double-clicking the *package_name*, where *package_name* is the name of the downloaded file.

Installing the Data Protection for VMware components by using the installation wizard

You can install the Data Protection for VMware components by using the installation wizard.

About this task

Windows You can use the Suite Installer to install both Data Protection for VMware and the data mover.

Linux You can use the stand-alone installer to install both Data Protection for VMware and the data mover.

Installing the Data Protection for VMware components on Windows systems

Install Data Protection for VMware components and features by using the installation wizard.

Before you begin

Before you install the Data Protection for VMware components, ensure that you meet the following requirements:

- A user ID with administrator privilege access.
- Network connectivity to a VMware vCenter Server 5.x (or later) with administrator privilege access.
- Network connectivity to an IBM Spectrum Protect server with administrator access (**System** or **Unrestricted Policy Domain** privilege). This server must be available and running.
- Ensure that you reviewed the following requirements:
 - “System requirements” on page 11
 - “Required installation permissions” on page 15
 - “Required communication ports” on page 15

Before you install Data Protection for VMware, you must be aware of the following options:

Installation Type

Typical Installation

With typical installations, all of the Data Protection for VMware components and features are installed.

Advanced Installation

With advanced installations, you can select the components and features that you want to install.

Environment Protection in a vSphere environment

With the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI, you can back up, restore, and manage VMs in a VMware vCenter environment.

About this task

You can use the Suite Installer to install Data Protection for VMware. The `spinstall.exe` file for the Suite Installer is located at the root of the installation package.

For a list of components and features that you can install, see “Installable components” on page 1.

Procedure

To install Data Protection for VMware, complete the following steps from the location of the `spinstall.exe` file for the component that you chose to install:

1. Double-click the `spinstall.exe` file.
2. Follow the wizard instructions to install the selected components. When you install the recovery agent for instant restore, you must also select the device driver for installation. It is not selected by default.

What to do next

To access the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI, see the following:

- “Accessing the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI” on page 32

The configuration wizard is automatically displayed the first time that you start the GUI.

Installing Data Protection for VMware on Linux systems

Install Data Protection for VMware on Linux systems by using the InstallAnywhere mode.

Before you begin

Before you install Data Protection for VMware, ensure that you meet the following requirements:

- Ensure that the user ID has the required permission level and that the required communication ports are open before you proceed.
- The installation process creates user `tdpvmware`. You must issue all **`vmcli`** commands as user `tdpvmware`, and with root user ID.
- X Window Server is required when you install in console mode.
- Ensure that you reviewed the following requirements:
 - “System requirements” on page 11
 - “Required installation permissions” on page 15
 - “Required communication ports” on page 15

Procedure

To install Data Protection for VMware, complete the following steps:

1. From the root of the installation folder, change directories to `CD/Linux/DataProtectionForVMware`.
2. From a command line, enter the following command:
`./install-Linux.bin`

Results

If you receive any warnings or errors, check the log files for more information. See “Log file activity” on page 84.

If you are unable to install Data Protection for VMware because of a failure, see the “Manually removing Data Protection for VMware” procedure in “Uninstalling

Data Protection for VMware a Linux system” on page 38.

Performing a clean installation of Data Protection for VMware on Linux

If a Linux installation is interrupted, you can usually restart it. However, if the installation fails to restart, a clean installation is required.

About this task

Before starting a clean installation, ensure that product is removed. Perform following steps to ensure a clean environment:

Procedure

1. If the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is installed, complete these tasks:
 - a. Stop the Data Protection for VMware command-line interface by issuing this command:
`/etc/init.d/vmcli stop`
 - b. Stop the Data Protection for VMware GUI Web Server by issuing this command:
`/etc/init.d/webserver stop`
 - c. Remove the .rpm package by issuing this command:
`rpm -e TIVsm-TDPVMwarePlugin`
2. Remove the Deployment Engine product entries:
 - a. Issue the following command to list all Deployment Engine entries:
`/usr/ibm/common/acs/bin/de_lsrootiu.sh`
 - b. Issue the following command to remove all Deployment Engine entries:
`/usr/ibm/common/acs/bin/deleteRootIU.sh <UUID> <discriminant>`
 - c. Remove the `/var/ibm/common` directory.
 - d. Remove the `/usr/ibm/common` directory.
 - e. Clean up the `/tmp` directory by removing the `acu_de.log` file, if it exists.
 - f. Remove the `/tmp` directory that contains the ID of the user that installed the Deployment Engine.
 - g. Remove all Deployment Engine entries from the `/etc/inittab` system file. The entries are delimited by `#Begin AC Solution Install` block and `#End AC Solution Install` block. Remove all text between those delimiters, and remove the delimiting text itself.
 - h. Remove all Deployment Engine references from the `/etc/services` system file.
3. Remove all Data Protection for VMware files from the failed installation:
 - a. Remove files in the `<USER_INSTALL_DIR>`, which is the path where the failed installation was attempted. For example: `/opt/tivoli/tsm/TDPVMware/`
 - b. Remove any desktop shortcuts.
4. Back up the global registry file (`/var/.com.zerog.registry.xml`). After backing up this file, remove all tags that reference Data Protection for VMware.
5. Remove log files under root that contain the TDPVMware string. For example: `IA-TDPVMware-00.log` or `IA-TDPVMware_Uninstall-00.log`.
6. Remove the user that ran the Data Protection for VMware command-line interface.
 - a. Issue the following command:
`userdel -r tdpvmware`

- b. Issue the following command:
- ```
groupdel tdpvmware
```

**Tip:** In some versions of Linux, the **userdel** command also removes the group when no other associated user exists. As a result, ignore any command-related fail message.

## Results

After you complete these steps, start the clean installation.

## Installing the Data Protection for VMware components in silent mode

You can install Data Protection for VMware in the background. During this silent installation, no messages are displayed.

### About this task

**Windows** You can use the Suite Installer to install both Data Protection for VMware and the data mover.

**Linux** You can use the stand-alone installer to install both Data Protection for VMware and the data mover.

## Installing Data Protection for VMware on Windows systems in silent mode

Install all Data Protection for VMware components and the data mover feature by using the Suite Installer in silent mode.

### Before you begin

Before you install Data Protection for VMware and the data mover feature, ensure that your system meets the requirements in the following sections:

- “System requirements” on page 11
- “Required installation permissions” on page 15
- “Required communication ports” on page 15

Use the following Data Protection for VMware parameters with the silent installation features:

*Table 8. Data Protection for VMware silent installation parameters*

| Parameter                    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Default value |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| <b>ISFeatureInstall</b>      | Specify one or both of the following options:<br><br><b>TSM4VE</b><br>Install all Data Protection for VMware features except the recovery agent device driver.<br><br><b>Client</b> Install all data mover features. | TSM4VE,Client |
| <b>ComponentsToInstallve</b> | Specify the Data Protection for VMware features to install. Use the features that are described in Table 9 on page 27                                                                                                | None          |

Table 8. Data Protection for VMware silent installation parameters (continued)

| Parameter                    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Default value                                                                                                                            |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ComponentsToInstallBa</b> | Specify the data move features to install. Use the features that are described in Table 10 on page 27                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | None                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>GUI_MODE</b>              | To protect data in a vSphere environment, specify <b>GUI_MODE=vcenter</b> . This parameter installs the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI. This GUI integrates the product with the VMware vSphere client to back up, restore, and manage VMs in a VMware vCenter environment. Includes the Data Protection for VMware command-line interface. You can install only one Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI on a machine. As a result, multiple Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUIs are not allowed on the same machine. vcenter is the default value when <b>GUI_MODE</b> is specified. | vcenter                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>SUITE_MODE</b>            | This parameter must be set to <b>1</b> for the data mover portion of the install in order to stop the <b>NetAppsLibs</b> feature from being installed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | None                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>VCENTER_HOSTNAME</b>      | The vCenter Server fully qualified domain name or IP address. This feature is required when <b>GUI_MODE=vcenter</b> is specified.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | None                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>VCENTER_USERNAME</b>      | The vCenter user ID. This user ID must be a VMware administrator that has permission to register and unregister extensions. This feature is required when <b>GUI_MODE=vcenter</b> is specified.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | None                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>VCENTER_PASSWORD</b>      | The vCenter password. This feature is required when <b>GUI_MODE=vcenter</b> is specified.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | None                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>DIRECT_START</b>          | (vSphere only) To access the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI in a web browser, specify <b>DIRECT_START=1</b> . The Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is accessed through a URL bookmark to the GUI web server. If you do not want to access the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI in a web browser, specify <b>DIRECT_START=0</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 1<br><b>Important:</b> After installation completes, the <b>DIRECT_START</b> value cannot be changed except by reinstalling the product. |
| <b>REGISTER_PLUGIN</b>       | (vSphere only) To access the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI as an extension in the vSphere Web Client, specify <b>REGISTER_PLUGIN=1</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 0                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>DB_PORT</b>               | The TCP/IP port number for the Derby database.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 1527                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>WC_DEFAULTHOST</b>        | The HTTP protocol for the GUI web server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 9080                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>WEBSERVER_SECUREPORT</b>  | The HTTPS protocol for the GUI web server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 9081                                                                                                                                     |

Table 9. Data Protection for VMware silent installation features

| Feature    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Installed by default? |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| shell      | Recovery agent command-line interface<br><br>Command-line interface that is used for mount operations (RecoveryAgentShell.exe).                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Yes                   |
| LAP        | Data Protection for VMware license                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Yes                   |
| TSMLicence | Data Protection for VMware enablement file<br><br>Enables IBM Spectrum Protect to run the following backup types: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Incremental-forever incremental backup</li> <li>• Incremental-forever full backup</li> </ul> If you offload backup workloads, this file must be installed on the vStorage Backup Server. | Yes                   |
| documents  | Readme file                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Yes                   |
| gui        | Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | No                    |

Use the following data mover parameters with the silent installation features:

Table 10. Data mover silent installation parameters

| Parameter         | Description                                      | Default value |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| BackupArchiveGUI  | IBM Spectrum Protect data mover GUI              | None          |
| BackupArchiveWeb  | IBM Spectrum Protect data mover web client       | None          |
| Api64Runtime      | IBM Spectrum Protect API runtimes                | None          |
| AdministrativeCmd | IBM Spectrum Protect Administrative command line | None          |

## About this task

**Restriction:** All features are installed to their default location. To locate the default installation directories for the components, see the subtopics in “Installable components” on page 1.

## Procedure

To install Data Protection for VMware, complete the following steps from the directory where you extracted the package:

1. Open a command prompt and go to the location of the spinstall.exe file for the component that you want to install.
2. Specify which features to install.

The following example installs the IBM Spectrum Protect recovery agent, device driver, and recovery agent command-line interface:

```
spinstall.exe ISFeatureInstall=TSM4VE ComponentsToInstallVe=LAP,TSMLicence,documents,
mount,mountdriver,shell REBOOT=ReallySuppress SUITE_MODE=1 /silent
```

The following example installs a subset of Data Protection for VMware and data mover features:

```
spinstall.exe ISFeatureInstall=Client,TSM4VE /silent
ComponentsToInstallBa=BackupArchiveGUI,BackupArchiveWeb,Api64Runtime
ComponentsToInstallVe=LAP,TSMLicence,documents,gui SUITE_MODE=1 REBOOT=ReallySuppress
GUI_MODE=vcenter VCENTER_HOSTNAME=host_name
VCENTER_USERNAME=user_name VCENTER_PASSWORD=password
DIRECT_START=1 REGISTER_PLUGIN=1
```

The following example installs all Data Protection for VMware and data mover features:

```
spinstall.exe /silent SUITE_MODE=1 REBOOT=ReallySuppress
GUI_MODE=vcenter VCENTER_HOSTNAME=host_name VCENTER_USERNAME=user_name
VCENTER_PASSWORD=password DIRECT_START=1 REGISTER_PLUGIN=1
```

When the VCENTER\_USERNAME value contains spaces, enclose the entry with quotation marks. For example:

```
VCENTER_USERNAME="vmware admin"
```

- Optional: When the device driver is installed, you must restart the system.

**Note:** The following message displays the first time that you mount a volume:

```
The Virtual Volume Driver is not yet registered. Recovery Agent can register
the driver now. During registration, a Microsoft Windows Logo warning
may be displayed.
Accept this warning to allow the registration to complete.
Do you want to register the Virtual Volume Driver now?
```

You must register the Virtual Volume Driver to proceed with the recovery agent operations.

#### Related tasks:

“Uninstalling Data Protection for VMware for Windows in silent mode” on page 37

## Installing Data Protection for VMware on Linux systems in silent mode

You can customize which Data Protection for VMware features to silently install on a Linux operating system.

### Before you begin

Before you install Data Protection for VMware, ensure that you meet the following requirements:

- Ensure that the user ID has the required permission level and that the required communication ports are open before you proceed.
- The installation process creates user tdpvmware. You must issue all **vmc1i** commands as user tdpvmware, and with root user ID.
- X Window Server is required when you install in console mode.
- Ensure that you reviewed the following requirements:
  - “System requirements” on page 11
  - “Required installation permissions” on page 15
  - “Required communication ports” on page 15

## About this task

Data Protection for VMware provides the following silent installation features for Linux operating systems:

*Table 11. Data Protection for VMware silent installation features*

| Feature      | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Installed by default? |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Docs         | Readme file                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Yes                   |
| TDPVMwareDM  | Installation of this feature includes the enablement file.<br><br>Enables IBM Spectrum Protect to run the following backup types: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Periodic incremental VM backup</li><li>• Full VM incremental-forever backup</li><li>• Incremental-forever-incremental VM backup</li></ul> If you offload backup workloads, this file must be installed on the vStorage Backup Server. | Yes                   |
| TDPVMwareGUI | Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI.<br><b>Note:</b> Also includes enablement file installation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | No                    |

Use the following Data Protection for VMware parameters with the silent installation features:

*Table 12. Data Protection for VMware silent installation parameters for the `installer.properties` file*

| Parameter               | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Default value                                                                                                                              |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>VCENTER_HOSTNAME</b> | The vCenter Server fully qualified domain name or IP address.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | None                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>VCENTER_USERNAME</b> | The vCenter user ID. This user ID must be a VMware administrator that has permission to register and unregister extensions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | None                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>VCENTER_PASSWORD</b> | The vCenter password.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | None                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>DIRECT_START</b>     | (vSphere only) To access the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI in a web browser, specify <b>DIRECT_START=YES</b> . The Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is accessed through a URL bookmark to the GUI web server. If you do not want to access the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI in a web browser, specify <b>DIRECT_START=NO</b> . | YES<br><b>Important:</b> After installation completes, the <b>DIRECT_START</b> value cannot be changed except by reinstalling the product. |
| <b>USERNAME</b>         | User name. A profile for this user name is created in <code>/home/&lt;username&gt;/tdpvmware/config</code> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | tdpvmware                                                                                                                                  |

Table 12. Data Protection for VMware silent installation parameters for the *installer.properties* file (continued)

| Parameter                | Description                                                                                                                                       | Default value |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| <b>REGISTER_PLUGIN</b>   | (vSphere only) To access the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI as an extension in the vSphere Web Client, specify <b>REGISTER_PLUGIN=1</b> . | 0             |
| <b>VMCLI_DB_PORT</b>     | The TCP/IP port number for the Derby Database.                                                                                                    | 1527          |
| <b>WC_defaulthost</b>    | The HTTP protocol for the GUI web server.                                                                                                         | 9080          |
| <b>WebServer_Https</b>   | The HTTPS protocol for the GUI web server.                                                                                                        | 9081          |
| <b>Keystore_Password</b> | The keystore password for the GUI web server. The password must be a minimum of six valid characters (a-z A-Z 0-9).                               | None          |
| <b>SSL_Certificate</b>   | The installation process generates a self-signed SSL certificate. Enter the number of years to keep this SSL certificate active.                  | 10            |

## Procedure

To install Data Protection for VMware, complete the following steps from the directory where you extracted the installation package:

1. Open the *path*../Linux/DataProtectionForVMware/installer.properties file and uncomment the following entry to accept the license (where *path* is the installation folder):  

```
LICENSE_ACCEPTED=TRUE
```
2. Choose one of the following methods to install the Data Protection for VMware components:
  - For a default installation, open the CD/Linux/DataProtectionForVMware folder and enter the following command:  

```
./install-Linux.bin -i silent -LICENSE_ACCEPTED=true
```
  - For a custom installation, complete the following steps:
    - a. Edit the installer.properties file with the appropriate values:
      - 1) Specify **INSTALL\_MODE=Custom**. Ensure the number sign (#) is removed from this statement.
      - 2) Specify the features to install with the **CHOSEN\_INSTALL\_FEATURE\_LIST** option. For example, all features are installed with the following value:  

```
CHOSEN_INSTALL_FEATURE_LIST=Docs,TDPVMwareDM,TDPVMwareGUI
```
      - 3) Specify the installer.properties parameters as described in Table 12 on page 29.
    - b. From the CD/Linux/DataProtectionForVMware folder, issue the following command:  

```
./install-Linux.bin -i silent -f installer.properties
```



## Taking the first steps after you install Data Protection for VMware

After you install Data Protection for VMware, prepare for the configuration. Using the configuration wizard is the preferred method of configuring Data Protection for VMware.

### Configuration worksheet

Use this worksheet to record information that you need when you configure and administer Data Protection for VMware. The worksheet is intended to help you remember the values that you specified after the configuration.

Table 13. Data Protection for VMware configuration worksheet

| Item                                                                                                                                                       | Your value             | Notes                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>IBM Spectrum Protect server information</b>                                                                                                             |                        |                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| IBM Spectrum Protect server address                                                                                                                        |                        |                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| IBM Spectrum Protect server port                                                                                                                           |                        |                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| IBM Spectrum Protect server admin ID/password                                                                                                              |                        |                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| IBM Spectrum Protect server admin port                                                                                                                     |                        |                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Node definition options</b>                                                                                                                             |                        |                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Prefix to add to nodes                                                                                                                                     |                        |                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Policy domain to use when you register new nodes                                                                                                           |                        |                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| vCenter node name/password                                                                                                                                 |                        |                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| VMCLI node name/password                                                                                                                                   |                        |                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Datacenter node names/passwords<br><b>Remember:</b> You can create multiple datacenter nodes.                                                              |                        | The data center node name consists of the specified prefix, followed by an underscore character, followed by the datacenter name.<br><br>For example:<br><i>nodePrefix_datacenterName</i> |
| Data mover node names/passwords on the vStorage backup server<br><b>Remember:</b> You can create multiple data mover nodes.                                |                        | The data mover node consists of the datacenter node name, followed by an underscore character, followed by DM.<br><br>For example: <i>datacenterNodename_DM</i>                           |
| Data mover node names/passwords on remote servers<br><b>Remember:</b> You can create multiple data mover nodes that are not on the vStorage backup server. |                        |                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Mount proxy node<br>The mount proxy node is used when you restore data.                                                                                    | Windows:<br><br>Linux: |                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                                                                                                                                                            |                        |                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## Accessing the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI

Use the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI to back up, restore, and manage virtual machines in a VMware vCenter environment.

### Before you begin

Before you can access the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI, during the installation, you must have selected the option to protect your data in a vSphere environment.

### Procedure

- If you selected the **Enable access to the GUI by a web browser** option during the installation, you can access the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI from the browser:
  1. Open a web browser and enter the following URL:  
`https://hostname:port/TsmVMwareUI`  
where:
    - *hostname* is the name of the system where the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is installed
    - *port* is the port number where the vSphere GUI is accessible through. The default port number is 9081.
  2. Log in by using your vCenter user ID and password.
- If you did not select the **Enable access to the GUI by a web browser** option during the installation, you can start the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI by completing the following steps:
  1. Open the VMware vSphere Client and log on with the vCenter user ID and password.
  2. In the Solutions and Applications panel of the vSphere Client, click the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI icon.

---

## Upgrading Data Protection for VMware

You can upgrade Data Protection for VMware from a previous version of the software.

For compatibility with earlier versions, see technote 1993819.

**Upgrading from version 7.1.8:** If a message is shown during the upgrade process asking if you want to overwrite the existing jextract file, select **Yes to All**.

## Upgrading Data Protection for VMware

This procedure documents how to upgrade to Data Protection for VMware V8.1.4.

### Before you begin

**Important:** This upgrade procedure applies to a system that does not have IBM Spectrum Protect Snapshot for VMware installed.

You must have administrator privileges to upgrade Data Protection for VMware.

Updates to the existing Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI are processed in the following manner:

- Parameter files are backed up before the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI upgrade process begins.
- The same Derby Database Port and WebSphere® Application Server Default Base Port numbers are used.
- **Linux** The values in the profile (vmcliprofile) are used for the Data Protection for VMware command-line interface.

#### Restriction:

- **Windows** When IBM Spectrum Protect for Virtual Environments was installed to a non-default location, the upgrade process installs IBM Spectrum Protect for Virtual Environments V8.1.4 features to the default installation directory. You cannot upgrade to a non-default location. See the subtopics in “Installable components” on page 1 for the default installation directories for each feature.
- **Linux** **Windows** The upgrade process does not install new components. For example, if your previous version has only the recovery agent GUI installed, the upgrade procedure does not install the recovery agent command-line interface. In such a scenario, you must run the installation program again and then select the missing component to install.
- **Linux** The recovery agent on Linux version must be the same version as the recovery agent on the Windows proxy. Therefore, if you upgrade recovery agent on Linux, you must also upgrade the recovery agent version on the Windows proxy.

## Procedure

To upgrade Data Protection for VMware, complete the following steps:

1. Stop any Data Protection for VMware components and services that are running.
2. Unmount any mounted virtual volumes. You can use the recovery agent GUI or command-line interface (**mount del** command) to unmount volumes.
3. Follow the instructions in “Installing the Data Protection for VMware components on Windows systems” on page 22.

**Note:** **Linux** If the data mover V6.x is installed, you must uninstall it before you install V8.1.4. Follow the instructions in Uninstalling the IBM Spectrum Protect Linux x86\_64 client

4. Download the code package.
5. From the folder where you saved the code package start the upgrade process:
  - a. **Windows** Run the spinstall.exe file.
  - b. **Linux** Run the install-Linux.bin file.

You can install only one Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI on a machine. As a result, more than one Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is not allowed on the same machine.

## Upgrading Data Protection for VMware on a Windows 64-bit system in silent mode

You can silently upgrade Data Protection for VMware on a supported 64-bit operating system.

### Before you begin

When Data Protection for VMware V6.x was installed to a non-default location, the silent upgrade process installs Data Protection for VMware V8.1.4 features to the default installation directory. You cannot silently upgrade to a non-default location. See the subtopics in “Installable components” on page 1 section for the default installation directories for each feature.

### Procedure

To upgrade Data Protection for VMware, complete the following steps:

1. Stop any Data Protection for VMware components that are running.
2. Unmount any mounted virtual volumes. You can use the recovery agent GUI or command-line interface (**mount del** command) to unmount volumes.
3. Unmount any mounted virtual volumes. You can use the recovery agent GUI or command-line interface (**mount del** command) to unmount volumes.
4. Download the code package.
5. In the folder for Data Protection for VMware, either go to the X64 folder.
6. From the command prompt window, enter the following command:

```
spinstall.exe /s /v"/qn REBOOT=ReallySuppress"
```

## Upgrading Data Protection for VMware on a Linux system in silent mode

You can silently upgrade Data Protection for VMware on a supported Linux operating system.

### About this task

Use the following Data Protection for VMware parameters with the silent installation feature:

Table 14. Data Protection for VMware silent installation upgrade parameters

| Parameter               | Description                                                                                                                 | Default value |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| <b>VCENTER_HOSTNAME</b> | The vCenter Server fully qualified domain name or IP address.                                                               | None          |
| <b>VCENTER_USERNAME</b> | The vCenter user ID. This user ID must be a VMware administrator that has permission to register and unregister extensions. | None          |
| <b>VCENTER_PASSWORD</b> | The vCenter password.                                                                                                       | None          |

Table 14. Data Protection for VMware silent installation upgrade parameters (continued)

| Parameter           | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Default value                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>DIRECT_START</b> | To access the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI in a web browser, specify <b>DIRECT_START=YES</b> .<br>The Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is accessed through a URL bookmark to the GUI web server. If you do not want to access the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI in a web browser, specify <b>DIRECT_START=NO</b> . | YES<br><b>Important:</b> After upgrade completes, the <b>DIRECT_START</b> value cannot be changed except by reinstalling the product. |

## Procedure

To upgrade Data Protection for VMware, complete the following steps:

1. Make sure that there are no active backup, restore, or mount sessions.
2. Make sure that any existing Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI or recovery agent GUI is closed.
3. Download the code package.
4. From the Data Protection for VMware folder, go to the Linux folder.
5. From a command prompt window, enter the `./install-Linux.bin -i silent -DLICENSE_ACCEPTED=true` command with the preferred parameters.

For example:

```
./install-Linux.bin -i silent -LICENSE_ACCEPTED=true
-VCENTER_HOSTNAME=hostname -VCENTER_USERNAME=username
-VCENTER_PASSWORD=password
-DIRECT_START=yes -REGISTER_PLUGIN=yes
```

## Uninstalling Data Protection for VMware

The process for uninstalling Data Protection for VMware is the same for a new installation and for an upgraded version.

### Uninstalling Data Protection for VMware on Windows

Uninstall Data Protection for VMware components and remove files and directories from a Windows system.

#### Before you begin

To ensure a successful uninstall, use the following guidance:

- If other Data Protection for VMware web GUI hosts use the IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in, do not unregister the web client extension.
- When you uninstall the IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in from a VMware vSphere 5.5 environment, only its associated privilege labels and descriptions are removed. The actual privileges remain installed. This issue is a known VMware limitation. For more information, see the following VMware Knowledge Base article: <http://kb.vmware.com/kb/2004601>.
- The Data Protection for VMware Enablement File is not removed after the product is uninstalled.

## About this task

Configuration and property files are located in the C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Tivoli\TDPVMware\VMwarePlugin\config directory after the uninstall completes.

## Procedure

1. Stop any Data Protection for VMware components that are running.
2. Unmount any mounted virtual volumes. You can use the recovery agent GUI or command-line interface (**mount del** command) to unmount volumes.
3. Click **Start > Control Panel > Programs and Features > Uninstall a program**.
  - If you installed Data Protection for VMware with the Suite Installer, select Data Protection for VMware suite and click **Uninstall**.
  - You need to manually remove the programs and features entry IBM Spectrum Protect JVM after the Suite uninstall completes.

This action uninstalls the Windows Data Protection for VMware program. It also removes services that are associated with the Recovery Agent, web server, and Data Protection for VMware command-line interface. However, this action does not remove log files, data mover and mount proxy services, or other items that were created when you configured or used Data Protection for VMware. Leaving these artifacts on disk is not a problem if you want to reinstall Data Protection for VMware in the future. However, if you want to more thoroughly remove Data Protection for VMware and related files and settings, go to Step 4.

4. Remove the following Data Protection for VMware files and directories from the file system. Open an Administrator command prompt and complete the following steps:
  - a. Go to the C:\Program Files\Tivoli\TSM\ directory. For example:

```
cd /d "C:\Program Files\Tivoli\TSM\"
```

Issue the following commands:

```
rd /s RecoveryAgent
rd /s TDPVMware
```

- b. Go to the C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Tivoli\ directory. For example:

```
cd /d "C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Tivoli\"
```

**Note:** The following command deletes all configuration and property files that were saved after uninstallation.  
Issue the following command:

```
rd /s TDPVMware
```

- c. Go to the C:\ProgramData directory. For example:

```
cd /d "C:\ProgramData"
```

Issue the following commands:

```
del installed.txt
del TDPVMwareInstallation.log
```

- d. Go to the C:\ProgramData\Tivoli\TSM directory. For example:

```
cd /d "C:\ProgramData\Tivoli\TSM"
```

Remove the following files if they are on your system:

```
del vmFileLevelRestoreDataSet.xml
del vmFileLevelRestoreDataSet.xml.bak
del vmFileLevelRestoreDataSet.xml.lock
```

Issue the following command:

```
rd /s RecoveryAgent
```

5. Stop any data mover components that are running.
6. Delete any existing virtual machine backups by issuing the data mover **delete backup** command. For example, to delete the active backup of a virtual machine that is named `vm1`, issue the following command:  

```
delete backup -objtype=vm vm1
```

To delete one or more backup versions of a virtual machine that is named `vm_test`, issue the following command:

```
delete backup -objtype=vm -inactive vm_test
```

7. Enter the following commands. You can use the **dsmcutil list** command to display any data mover services that are installed.
  - a. 

```
cd /d "c:\program files\tivoli\tsm\baclient"
```

If necessary, replace `c:\program files\tivoli` with the correct installation folder.
  - b. 

```
dsmcutil remove /name:"TSM Remote Client Agent"
```

**Important:** Ensure that you remove the TSM Remote Client Agent in Step 3b before you remove the TSM Client Acceptor in Step 3c. Otherwise, the TSM Client Acceptor (Step 3c) cannot be removed.

- c. 

```
dsmcutil remove /name:"TSM Client Acceptor"
```

## What to do next

Check that all components have been removed from the system.

## Uninstalling Data Protection for VMware for Windows in silent mode

You can silently uninstall Data Protection for VMware on a Windows operating system.

### About this task

Configuration and property files are located in the `C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Tivoli\TDPVMware\VMwarePlugin\config` directory after the uninstall completes.

### Procedure

To uninstall Data Protection for VMware, complete the following steps:

1. Stop any Data Protection for VMware components that are running.
2. Unmount any mounted virtual volumes. You can use the recovery agent GUI or command-line interface (**mount del** command) to unmount volumes.
3. From a command prompt window, use the **cd** command to change to one of the following folders:
  - To customize the uninstall operation, go to the X64 folder.

- To uninstall Data Protection for VMware with Suite installer, go to <extract folder>TSM4VE\_WIN.
4. In the command prompt window, run the following command:
    - For a custom uninstall operation, select from the following commands:
      - Enter this command to uninstall Data Protection for VMware and unregister the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI:
 

```
spinstall.exe /s /v"/qn REBOOT=ReallySuppress REMOVE=ALL
VCENTER_HOSTNAME=<vCenter hostname or IP>
VCENTER_USERNAME=<vCenter user name>
VCENTER_PASSWORD=<vCenter password>"
```
    - To uninstall all features with Suite installer, enter the following command:
 

```
spinstall.exe /silent /remove
```
  5. Restart the system after uninstallation completes.

## Uninstalling Data Protection for VMware a Linux system

You can uninstall Data Protection for VMware on a supported Linux operating system.

### About this task

When you uninstall Data Protection for VMware on a Linux system, by default, the type of uninstallation is the same process as the type of original installation. To use a different uninstallation process, specify the correct parameter. For example, if you used a silent installation process, you can use the installation wizard to uninstall by specifying the `-i swing` parameter. Run the uninstallation process as the root user. The root user profile must be sourced. If you use the `su` command to switch to root, use the `su -` command to source the root profile.

When the uninstall process begins removing program files, canceling the uninstall process does not return the system to a clean state. This situation might cause the reinstallation attempt to fail. As a result, clean the system by completing the tasks that are described in “Manually removing Data Protection for VMware from a Linux system” on page 39.

To uninstall Data Protection for VMware, complete the following steps:

### Procedure

1. Change to the directory for the uninstallation program. The following path is the default location to the uninstallation program: `/opt/tivoli/tsm/tdpvmware/_uninst/TDPVMware/`
2. Depending on the type of installation, use one of the following methods to uninstall Data Protection for VMware:

**Note:** The commands in this procedure must be entered on one line. These examples show two lines to accommodate page formatting.

- To use the installation wizard to uninstall Data Protection for VMware, enter this command:
 

```
./Uninstall_Tivoli_Data_Protection_for_VMware -i swing
```
- To use the console to uninstall Data Protection for VMware, enter this command:
 

```
./Uninstall_Tivoli_Data_Protection_for_VMware -i console
```
- To silently uninstall Data Protection for VMware, enter this command:



```
./Uninstall_Tivoli_Data_Protection_for_VMware -i silent
-f uninstall.properties
```

The `uninstall.properties` file contains the vCenter connection information. This information is needed to uninstall the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI.

## Manually removing Data Protection for VMware from a Linux system

### About this task

When Data Protection for VMware cannot be uninstalled by using the standard uninstallation procedure, you must manually remove Data Protection for VMware from the system as described in these steps. Complete this process as the root user.

### Procedure

1. If you installed the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI, remove its package from the Package Manager database with this command:  

```
rpm -e TIVsm-TDPVMwarePlugin
```
2. Remove the IBM Spectrum Protect API with this command:  

```
rpm -e TIVsm-API64
gskssl64.linux.x86_64.rpm
skcrypt64.linux.x86_64
TIVsm-TDPVMwarePlugin.x86_64.rpm
TIVsm-DPAPI.x86_64.rpm
```
3. Remove the product entries from the Deployment Engine:
  - a. Issue this command to view a list of all entries:  

```
/usr/ibm/common/acs/bin/de_lsrootiu.sh
```
  - b. Issue this command to remove the installed unit entries that are related to Data Protection for VMware:  

```
/usr/ibm/common/acs/bin/deleteRootIU.sh <UUID> <discriminant>
```

Ensure that these unit entries are removed:

```
FBJRE
TDPVMwareGUI
JavaHelp
TDPVMwareDM
```
4. Back up the global registry file (`/var/.com.zerog.registry.xml`). After the file is backed up, remove all tags that are related to Data Protection for VMware.
5. Remove all files in the installation directory (`/opt/tivoli/tsm/tdpvmware`). Also, remove any shortcuts that are on the desktop.
6. Back up the log files that are in the `/root` directory that contain TDPVMware in the file name. For example, `IA-TDPVMware-00.log` or `IA-TDPVMware_Uninstall-00.log`. Remove these log files after they are backed up. By removing them, you can view any error that is issued if the installation process fails again.
7. Attempt to install the product again as described in “Installing Data Protection for VMware on Linux systems” on page 23.

---

## Modifying an existing installation of Data Protection for VMware

This section provides instructions for modifying packages and features in an existing Data Protection for VMware installation.

Using the Suite Installer, you can change which underlying packages are installed on the system. To modify any of the individual package features, you can use the Windows **Programs and Features** Control Panel.

### Modifying packages in an existing installation of Data Protection for VMware

You can use the Suite Installer to make changes to the packages in an existing installation of Data Protection for VMware.

#### Before you begin

Ensure that you have the source media to hand before using the Suite Installer. The `spinstall.exe` executable file for the Suite Installer is located at the root of the installation package.

#### About this task

Use the Suite Installer to modify which packages are installed in an existing installation of Data Protection for VMware. You can choose to add or remove:

- Data Mover
- Data Protection for VMware

Complete the following steps:

#### Procedure

1. Double-click the `spinstall.exe` file to run the Suite Installer package.
2. Use the package check-boxes on the **Custom Setup** panel to determine the packages you need to install.
3. Select the packages required for this installation.

### Modifying features in an existing installation of Data Protection for VMware

You can use the Windows Programs and Features Control Panel to make changes to the features in an existing installation of Data Protection for VMware.

#### Before you begin

Ensure that you have the source media to hand before modifying the installation package.

#### About this task

Use Windows to modify which individual package features are available in an existing installation of Data Protection for VMware. You can choose to modify the features of:

- Data Mover
- Data Protection for VMware

Complete the following steps:

### **Procedure**

1. In the **Programs and Features** section of the Windows **Control Panel**, right-click on the IBM Spectrum Protect for Virtual Environments: Data Protection for VMware application.
2. Click **Modify** to update the currently installed features of the package.
3. Select the features required for this installation.



---

## Chapter 2. Configuring Data Protection for VMware

This section provides instructions for configuring Data Protection for VMware and starting related services.

---

### Configuring a new installation with the wizard

Use the configuration wizard for the initial configuration or to complete minor changes.

#### Before you begin

The system where Data Protection for VMware is installed must have network connectivity to the following servers:

- vStorage Backup Server
- IBM Spectrum Protect server
- vCenter Server

#### About this task

To configure the Data Protection for VMware environment, complete these steps:

#### Procedure

1. Open a web browser and enter the GUI web server address. For example:  
`https://guihost.mycompany.com:9081/TsmVMwareUI/`
  - In a vSphere environment, log in with the vCenter user name and password.
2. In the Getting Started window, go to the Configuration window and click **Run Configuration Wizard**.
3. Follow the instructions in each page of the wizard until the Summary window displays. Review the settings and click **Finish** to complete the configuration and exit the wizard.  
  
**Tip:** Information about each configuration page is provided in the online help that is installed with the GUI. Click **Learn More** in any of the GUI windows to open the online help for task assistance. See the *Running the configuration wizard* topic.
4. Verify that the data mover nodes are configured properly:
  - a. Click the **Configuration** tab to view the Configuration Status page.
  - b. In the Configuration Status page, select a data mover node to view its status information in the Status Details pane. When a node displays a warning or error, click that node and use the information in the Status Details pane to resolve the issue. Then, select the node and click **Validate Selected Node** to verify whether the issue is resolved. Click **Refresh** to retest all nodes.

#### Results

**Fast path:** After you successfully complete this wizard task, no additional configuration tasks are required to back up your VM data.

---

## Using the notebook to edit an existing installation

Use the Edit Configuration notebook to edit existing configuration settings.

### Before you begin

The Edit Configuration notebook provides the following tasks for an existing configuration:

- Set or change the IBM Spectrum Protect Administrator ID.
- Reset the password and unlock the VMCLI node.
- (vSphere environment) Add or remove VMware data centers to your Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI domain.
- Add or remove mount proxy nodes. Modify a password for an existing mount proxy node.
- Add or remove data mover nodes. Modify a password for an existing data mover node.
- Enable file restore.
- Enable tagging support for a data mover node.

### About this task

To edit an existing configuration, complete these steps:

#### Procedure

1. Open a web browser and enter the GUI web server address. For example:  
`https://guihost.mycompany.com:9081/TsmVMwareUI/`
  - In a vSphere environment, log in with the vCenter user name and password.
2. In the Getting Started window, go to the Configuration window and click **Edit Configuration**.
3. Go to the page relevant for your edit task and follow the instructions. You must click **OK** to save your changes before you proceed to another Configuration Settings page. Otherwise, your changes do not take effect.

**Important:** Information about each configuration page is provided in the online help that is installed with the GUI. Click **Learn More** in any of the GUI windows to open the online help for task assistance. See the *Editing an existing configuration* topic.

### Results

The updated settings are displayed in the Configuration window.

---

## Enabling the environment for file restore operations

### Windows

When the file restore feature is enabled by an administrator, file owners can restore files without assistance.

## Before you begin

If you did not verify that all prerequisites are met, review the topic on file restore prerequisites in the *IBM Spectrum Protect for Virtual Environments: Data Protection for VMware User's Guide*.

## About this task

Complete these steps on the system where the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is installed.

## Procedure

1. Start the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI by opening a web browser and entering the GUI web server address. For example:

`https://<GUI web server address>:9081/TsmVMwareUI/`

Log on with the vCenter user ID and password.

2. From the Getting Started window, click **Configuration** and select one of the following tasks in the Tasks list:
  - If you are configuring a new environment, complete the following steps:
    - a. Select **Run Client Configuration Wizard**.
    - b. Follow the instructions on each page of the wizard. Use the following guidance to complete the File Restore page:
      - 1) Select the **Enable File Restore** option.
      - 2) Enter the administrator contact information that is shown in the file restore interface. If you do not want to provide contact information, clear the check box.
      - 3) If the environment contains backups of Windows virtual machines, enter the Windows domain administrator credentials. Otherwise, clear the check box and do not enter any credentials.

**Tip:** A file restore operation uses the domain administrator credentials to access network shares on the remote virtual machine. An operation fails when the environment contains backups of Windows virtual machines and no credentials, or the incorrect credentials, are entered. Therefore, clear this check box only when there are no Windows virtual machine backups.

- 4) Click the file restore interface URL to verify that the interface is accessible.

**Remember:** Keep a record of the file restore interface URL. The owner of the guest virtual machine accesses the file restore interface through this URL.

- 5) Click **OK** to save your changes.
- If you are updating an existing environment, complete the following steps:
  - a. Select **Edit TSM Configuration**.
  - b. On the File Restore page, use the following guidance:
    - 1) Select the **Enable File Restore** option.
    - 2) Enter the administrator contact information that is shown in the file restore interface. If you do not want to provide contact information, clear the check box.

- 3) If the environment contains backups of Windows virtual machines, enter the Windows domain administrator credentials. Otherwise, clear the check box and do not enter any credentials.

**Tip:** A file restore operation uses the domain administrator credentials to access network shares on the remote virtual machine. An operation fails when the environment contains backups of Windows virtual machines and no credentials, or the incorrect credentials, are entered. Therefore, clear this check box only when there are no Windows virtual machine backups.

- 4) Click the file restore interface URL to verify that the interface is accessible.

**Remember:** Keep a record of the file restore interface URL. The owner of the guest virtual machine accesses the file restore interface through this URL.

- 5) Click **OK** to save your changes.

## Results

The environment is enabled for file restore operations. File owners can restore their files by using the URL to access the IBM Spectrum Protect file restore interface.

## Setting up file restore operations on Linux

### Linux

To enable the file restore feature when Data Protection for VMware is installed on a Linux system, an additional Data Protection for VMware environment must be set up on a Windows system.

### About this task

When you run Data Protection for VMware in a Linux environment, the file restore feature must be installed on a Windows system to enable the file restore feature.

### Procedure

1. Set up a separate Windows server that is used for the file restore feature.
2. Install Data Protection for VMware on the Windows system. Accept the default values during the installation.
3. When you configure Data Protection for VMware on the Windows system, use the following node names:
  - a. Create a vCenter node named VCENTER\_FR.
  - b. Create a VMCLI node named VMCLI\_FR.
  - c. Reuse the datacenter node name from the Linux environment.  
For example: DATACENTER.
  - d. Do not create a data mover node. A data mover node is not required for the file restore feature in this scenario.
  - e. Create the following new pair of mount proxy nodes named REMOTE\_FR\_MP\_WIN and REMOTE\_FR\_MP\_LNX.
4. On the File Restore page in the configuration wizard, select the Enable File Restore option.



5. To access the file restore interface, open a web browser and enter the URL provided by your administrator. For example:  
`https://hostname:9081/FileRestoreUI`

where `hostname` is the host name of the Windows system where Data Protection for VMware is installed.

## Results

The following example shows the proxy node relationships on the IBM Spectrum Protect server:

```
tsm: SERVER>q proxy
```

| Target Node | Agent Node                        |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| VCENTER     | VMCLI_DATACENTER                  |
| VCENTER_FR  | VMCLI_FR_DATACENTER               |
| DATACENTER  | VMCLI_VMCLI_FR                    |
|             | DATAMOVER1                        |
|             | REMOTE_MP_WIN REMOTE_MP_LNX       |
|             | REMOTE_FR_MP_WIN REMOTE_FR_MP_LNX |

The additional nodes that are created to enable the file restore feature have the `_FR` suffix.

---

## Modifying options for file restore operations

### Windows

To allow administrators to configure and control restore processing for file restore operations, modify the options in the `frConfig.props` file.

### About this task

Complete these steps on the system where the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is installed.

### Procedure

1. Go to the directory where the `frConfig.props` file is located. For example, open a command prompt and issue the following command:  
`cd C:\IBM\tivoli\tsm\tdpvmware\webserver\usr\servers\veProfile\tsmVmGUI`
2. Open the `frConfig.props` file with a text editor in administrator mode and modify the options as needed. Use the information in “File restore options” on page 48 to determine which options to modify.
3. Save your changes and close the `frConfig.props` file.

## Results

Modified options are applied to the IBM Spectrum Protect file restore interface.

## File restore options

The `frConfig.props` options control configuration, support, and restore processing for file restore operations.

**`enable_contact_info=false | true`**

Specify whether to provide administrator contact information that file owners can use to obtain support.

**`false`**

File owners do not receive administrator contact information. This value is the default.

**`true`**

File owners receive administrator contact information.

If you specify **`enable_contact_info=true`**, you must provide information in the **`contact_info`** option.

**`enable_filerestore=false | true`**

Specify whether file owners can restore their files from a virtual machine with the IBM Spectrum Protect file restore interface.

**`false`**

File owners cannot restore their files with the IBM Spectrum Protect file restore interface. This value is the default.

**`true`**

File owners can restore their files with the IBM Spectrum Protect file restore interface.

**`maximum_mount_points=num_mount_points`**

Specify the maximum number of simultaneous recovery points that are available to the user account. The minimum value is 1 recovery point. The maximum value is 256 mount points. The default value is 2 mount points.

**Tip:** To prevent a virtual machine from being mounted multiple times for simultaneous restore operations, set this option with a low value.

**`mount_session_timeout_minutes=num_mins`**

Specify the amount of time, in minutes, that a restore and the mounted recovery point can be idle before the session is canceled. A cancellation unmounts the recovery point. The maximum value is 8 hours (480 minutes). The default value is 30 minutes.

**Tip:** To prevent the session from being canceled unexpectedly, increase the number of minutes.

**`restore_info_duration_hours=num_hrs`**

Specify the amount of time, in hours, that information about recent restore activity is retained in the IBM Spectrum Protect file restore interface. Use the restore activity window to view error information and recently completed tasks. This information provides a way to locate recently restored files. The maximum value is 14 days (336 hours). The default value is one week (168 hours).

**`contact_info=administrator information`**

Provide administrator contact information that file owners can use to obtain support. Contact information displays in the IBM Spectrum Protect file restore interface in the following locations:

- Login window

- The About pane in the help menu
- The support information link in interface messages

You can overwrite the following options with the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI configuration wizard or notebook:

- **enable\_contact\_info**
- **enable\_filerestore**
- **contact\_info**

---

## Configuring log activity for file restore operations

To allow administrators to configure and control how content is formatted and logged for file restore operations, modify the options in the FRLog.config file.

### Before you begin

The FRLog.config file is generated the first time that the IBM Spectrum Protect file restore interface is accessed.

### About this task

Complete these steps on the system where the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is installed.

### Procedure

1. Go to the directory where the FRLog.config file is located. Open a command prompt and issue the following command:  
`cd Install_Directory\IBM\tivoli\tsm\tdpvmware\webserver\usr\servers\veProfile\frGUI\`
2. Open the FRLog.config file with a text editor in administrator mode and modify the options as needed. Use the information in “File restore log activity options” to determine which options to modify.
3. Save your changes and close the FRLog.config file.
4. Restart the GUI web server:
  - a. Click **Start > Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services**.
  - b. Right-click **Data Protection for VMware Web Server Service** and click **Restart**.

### Results

Settings are applied to the content and format of logging information for file restore operations.

## File restore log activity options

The FRLog.config options control the content and format of logging information for file restore operations.

The following options log information for file restore tasks in the fr\_gui.log file:

#### **MAX\_LOG\_FILES=number**

Specify the maximum number of fr\_gui.log files to retain. The default value is 8.

**MAX\_LOG\_FILE\_SIZE=number**

Specify the maximum size of the `fr_gui.log` file in KBs. The default value is 8192 KB.

The following options log information for file restore services in the `fr_api.log` file. These services are internal API services that are related to file restore activity:

**API\_MAX\_LOG\_FILES=number**

Specify the maximum number of `fr_api.log` files to retain. The default value is 8.

**API\_MAX\_LOG\_FILE\_SIZE=number**

Specify the maximum size of the `fr_api.log` file in KBs. The default value is 8192 KB.

**API\_LOG\_FILE\_NAME=API\_log\_file\_name**

Specify the name of the API log file. The default value is `fr_api.log`.

**API\_LOG\_FILE\_LOCATION=API\_log\_file\_name**

Specify the location of the API log file. The location must be specified with a forward slash (/). The default location is `Install_Directory/IBM/tivoli/tsm/tdpvmware/webserver/usr/servers/veProfile/logs`.

**FR.API.LOG=ON | OFF**

Specify whether to enable logging for file restore services.

- To enable logging for file restore services, specify ON. The default value is ON.
- To disable logging for file restore services, specify OFF.

To troubleshoot problems that you might encounter during file restore operations, see Trace options for file restore. Trace options are also specified in the `FRLog.config` file.

---

## Configuring a data mover node for tagging support

When tagging support is enabled on a data mover node, administrators can apply data protection tags to inventory objects in the VMware vCenter.

### Before you begin

Ensure that the following requirements are met:

- VMware vCenter Server must be at Version 6.0 Update 1 or later.
- In order for the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI to function correctly with tagging support, ensure that the following requirements are met during the installation of the GUI:
  - At least one data mover and the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI must be installed on the same server. This data mover node must be configured so that the vCenter server credentials are saved. You can save the credentials by running the configuration wizard to save the data mover node password, or by using the **dsmc set password** command on the data mover command line.

If you use other data movers, running on virtual machines or physical machines as additional data movers, you can install them on other servers. For tagging support, all these data movers must also be configured with the `VMTAGDATAMOVER YES` option. These additional data movers do not require the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI to be installed on the same server in order for them to work correctly as tag-based data movers.

- **Linux** For Linux data movers, ensure that you specify the data mover installation directory and the Java™ shared library `libjvm.so` in the `LD_LIBRARY_PATH` environment variable. The path to `libjvm.so` is used for tagging support when you enable the `vmtagdatamover` option on the data mover. For instructions, see *Setting up the data mover nodes in a vSphere environment*.
- **Linux** On Linux operating systems, the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI must be installed by using the default user name (`tdpvmware`).
- **Linux** For Linux data mover nodes, the default password file (`/etc/adsm/TSM.PWD`) must be used.

## About this task

You can use data protection tags to configure the backup policy of virtual machines in VMware inventory objects. These data protection tags are presented as settings that can be changed in the IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in.

## Procedure

Use one of the following methods:




| Option                                                                                                                           | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| To configure a <i>new</i> data mover for tagging support on Windows or Linux by using the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. On the system where the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is installed, start the GUI by opening a web browser and entering the GUI web server address. For example:<br/><code>https://&lt;GUI web server address&gt;:9081/TsmVMwareUI/</code></li> <li>2. Log on with the vCenter user ID and password.</li> <li>3. Go to the <b>Configuration</b> tab, and select the <b>Edit IBM Spectrum Protect Configuration</b> action.</li> <li>4. Go to the Data Mover Nodes page of the configuration notebook.</li> <li>5. Add a data mover node by completing the following steps: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. For the data mover node that you want to set up tagging support for, select <b>Create Services</b>. By default, <b>Tag Based Node</b> is selected to enable the data mover node for tagging support</li> <li>b. To designate the tag-based node as a default data mover node, select <b>Default Data Mover</b>. A default data mover node backs up any new VMs that are added to any container in the datacenter, if the container is already in a protection set. The default data mover also backs up any VMs in the protection set that are not assigned the Data Mover tag.<br/><b>Tip:</b> For Linux systems, if you select a new data mover node as the default tagging node, then remove the <code>vmtagdefaultdatamover</code> line from any other data mover options file that is associated with that datacenter.</li> <li>c. Click <b>OK</b> to save your changes.<br/>The <code>vmtagdatamover</code> and <code>vmtagdefaultdatamover</code> (if set) options are added to the data mover options file (<code>dsm.opt</code>).</li> </ol> </li> </ol> |

| Option                                                                                                                                                                                         | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| To configure an <i>existing</i> Windows data mover node for tagging support when the node is on a the same server as the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI                                | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Complete steps 1-3 in the preceding instructions for configuring a new data mover node for tagging support.</li> <li>2. On the Data Mover Nodes page, select <b>Tag Based Node</b> for the node that you want to enable tagging support for.</li> <li>3. <b>Optional:</b> To designate the tag-based node as a default data mover node, select <b>Default Data Mover</b>.</li> </ol>                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| To configure an <i>existing</i> Linux data mover node for tagging support or an existing Windows data mover node that is on a different server than the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Add the vmtagdatamover yes option in the data mover options file (dsm.sys for Linux and dsm.opt for Windows).</li> <li>2. <b>Optional:</b> To designate the tag-based node as a default data mover node, add the vmtagdefaultdatamover yes or vmtagdefaultdatamover <i>dm_name</i> option to the data mover options file.<br/> <b>Tip:</b> For Linux systems, if you select a new data mover node as the default tagging node, then remove the vmtagdefaultdatamover line from any other data mover options file that is associated with that datacenter.</li> </ol> |

## Results

After the data mover node is enabled for tagging support, the data mover queries the VMware inventory for tagging information when it runs a backup. The data mover then backs up the virtual machines according to the data protection tags that are set. If the data mover node is not configured for tagging support, any data protection tags are ignored during a backup operation.

### Related information:

-  Vmtagdatamover
-  Vmtagdefaultdatamover
-  Configuring backup policies

## Configuring your environment for full virtual machine instant restore operations

Set up a dedicated iSCSI network for full virtual machine instant restore and instant access operations.

### Before you begin

Use the appropriate VMware documentation (ESXi or vSphere) to determine the specific steps to follow for configuring the iSCSI virtual switch and virtual machine network. Although general guidelines are provided, specific documentation and explanations for how you add virtual networks and virtual switches are outside of the scope of the product documentation. At the time of publication, the VMware vSphere ESXi and vCenter 5.5 documentation is available at VMware ESXi and

vCenter Server 5 Documentation. The “Networking” topics contain the information for adding and configuring virtual switches and virtual networks.

**Important:** These configuration settings are provided to assist with setting up the VMware environment for efficient full virtual machine instant restore and instant access operations. However, since these settings apply to VMware configuration tasks and VMware user interfaces, you must refer to your appropriate VMware documentation for detailed, step-by-step instructions.

### About this task

This procedure requires an iSCSI adapter on each ESXi host that is used for instant restore operations. Use the appropriate VMware documentation to set up the adapter. At the time of publication, the following procedures are available at VMware ESXi and vCenter Server 5 Documentation.

- To set up a software iSCSI adapter, follow the instructions in the VMware “Configure Software iSCSI Adapters” procedure.
- To set up a hardware iSCSI adapter, follow the instructions in the VMware “Setting Up Independent Hardware iSCSI Adapters” procedure.

## 1. Configuring the iSCSI software on the ESXi host

### Procedure

This task sets up the iSCSI software for a basic configuration.

1. Log in to the ESXi host to be used for instant restore operations.
2. Follow the instructions in this VMware Knowledge Base article until the iSCSI adapter is enabled: <http://kb.vmware.com/kb/1008083>  
IBM Spectrum Protect automatically discovers the iSCSI target server.
3. Verify that the IP address of the iSCSI adapter (on the ESXi host) is the same subnet address that is used by the data mover.
4. Verify that the Storage vMotion license is enabled on the ESXi host.

### What to do next

After the iSCSI software is set up on the ESXi host, install and configure applications on the data mover system.

## 2. Installing and configuring applications on the data mover

### Before you begin

If the Recovery Agent V8.1.4 and IBM Spectrum Protect data mover V8.1.4 are installed and configured on the data mover system, begin at Step 3.

### Procedure

This task sets up the data mover system with the applications and settings for instant restore operations.

1. Install the Recovery Agent V8.1.4 and the IBM Spectrum Protect data mover V8.1.4 on the data mover system.  
In Step 4 of the Installing Data Protection for VMware procedure, select the **Install a complete data mover for in-guest application protection** installation type.



2. Configure the data mover.  
Follow the instructions in Configuring the data mover.
3. Set the iSCSI server IP address:
  - a. Go to the C:\Program Files\Tivoli\TSM\baclient\dsm.opt file and specify the following parameter:  
VMISCSIServeraddress=<IP address of the network card on the data mover system that exposes the iSCSI targets.>  
  
If your data mover system has more than one network card, make sure that you specify the correct network card for the iSCSI network.

## What to do next

After the data mover system is set up, establish a connection between the Recovery Agent CLI and the Recovery Agent GUI.

## 3. Setting the Recovery Agent connection

### Before you begin

The Recovery Agent command-line interface (CLI) V7.1.x can be viewed as a command-line API to the Recovery Agent GUI. You can use the Recovery Agent CLI to communicate with the Recovery Agent GUI.

### Procedure

This task establishes a connection between the Recovery Agent CLI and the Recovery Agent GUI.

1. Start the Recovery Agent CLI on the data mover system.  
From the **Windows Start** menu, click **Programs > IBM Spectrum Protect > IBM Spectrum Protect for Virtual Environments > IBM Spectrum Protect Recovery Agent**.
2. In the command prompt window, enter the following command:  
`RecoveryAgentShell.exe -c set_connection mount_computer <IP address of the network card on the data mover system that exposes the iSCSI targets.>`

This command establishes a connection between the Recovery Agent CLI and the Recovery Agent GUI.

## What to do next

After you establish a connection, configure a dedicated iSCSI network.

## 4. Configuring a dedicated iSCSI network for the ESXi host and data mover

### Before you begin

Review these guidelines before you proceed with this task:

- Use a dedicated iSCSI network for instant restore operations.
- Each ESXi host that is used for instant restore operations must have a second physical network card available. This second network card is bound to the software iSCSI adapter of the respective ESXi host.

- The data mover system that runs in a virtual machine must have a second network card available. This second network card is bound to the software iSCSI adapter of the ESXi host.
- Each ESXi host that is used for instant restore operations must have a secondary VMware datastore available. This temporary datastore contains the configuration information and data of the virtual machine that is created during the operation.

## Procedure

This task sets up a dedicated iSCSI network for the ESXi host and for the data mover that runs in a virtual machine.

1. Log in to the ESXi host to be used for instant restore operations.
2. Set up the virtual switch for the iSCSI network.  
These steps use *vSwitch1* for the virtual switch.
  - a. Select **VMkernel Network Adapter** for the **Connection Type**.  
The iSCSI network requires this connection type.
  - b. Select **Create a vSphere standard switch** for the **VMkernel Network Access**.
  - c. Select **Network Label** for the **VMkernel Connection Settings**.  
Specify a label that indicates that *vSwitch1* and this network are for your iSCSI traffic.  
For example: *VMkernel iSCSI*.
  - d. Specify an IP address and subnet mask for *vSwitch1* in **VMkernel IP Connection Settings**.  
Do not change the **Subnet Mask** or **VMkernel Default Gateway** values.
  - e. Specify the kernel port for the iSCSI network to operate.
3. Set up the virtual switch for the virtual machine network.  
These steps use *vSwitch0* for the virtual switch.
  - a. Select **Virtual Machine** for the **Connection Type**.
  - b. Select **Create a vSphere standard switch** for the **VMkernel Network Access**.
  - c. Go to the **Port Group Properties** tab and select **Network Label**.  
Specify the same label that you specified for *vSwitch1* virtual machine network.  
For example: *VMkernel iSCSI*.
4. Bind the newly created iSCSI adapter with the **VMkernel Network Adapter**.  
Follow the instructions in the VMware “Bind iSCSI Adapters with VMkernel Adapters” procedure. At the time of publication, this procedure was available at VMware ESXi and vCenter Server 5 Documentation.

**Tip:** If a timeout occurs when iSCSI devices are scanned, reduce the number of iSCSI devices that are connected to the ESXi host. Then, scan the iSCSI devices again.

5. Verify that the iSCSI adapter binding properties are correct.
  - a. Go to the **Hardware > Storage Adapters** in the VMware vSphere Client.
  - b. Right-click the iSCSI adapter and select **iSCSI Initiator Properties**. Make sure that the following binding properties exist:

Table 15. iSCSI network settings

| Virtual Machine Network                 | iSCSI Network                           |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| <b>Standard Switch:</b> <i>vSwitch0</i> | <b>Standard Switch:</b> <i>vSwitch1</i> |

Table 15. iSCSI network settings (continued)

| Virtual Machine Network                       | iSCSI Network                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Virtual Machine Port Group: <i>VM Network</i> | <b>VMkernel Port:</b> <i>VMkernel iSCSI</i><br><b>Tip:</b> <i>VMkernel iSCSI</i> is bound to <b>VMkernel Adapter:</b> <i>vmk1</i> , which is on <b>Physical Network Adapter:</b> <i>vmnic1</i> . |
| Physical Adapter: <i>vmnic0</i>               | <b>VMkernel Network Adapter:</b> <i>vmk1</i><br><b>Physical Network Adapter:</b> <i>vmnic1</i><br>Virtual Network Adapter <b>IP address:</b> 192.168.42.x (subnet for the iSCSI network)         |

## Results

A dedicated iSCSI network is ready for full VM instant restore and instant access operations.

## Configuring security settings for Data Protection for VMware

The Data Protection for VMware data movers, vmcli command-line interface, and Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI components require configuration to enable secure connection with the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

### Configuring security settings to connect data mover and VMCLI nodes to the IBM Spectrum Protect server

There are several configuration options that pertain to the Data Protection for VMware security settings for data mover and VMCLI nodes when connecting to the IBM Spectrum Protect server V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 or later. Accepting the default values for those options transparently configures these components for enhanced security, and is recommended for most use cases.

#### Configuring by using the default security settings (fast path)

Fast path details the configuration options that impact the security of the data mover and VMCLI node connection to the server and the behavior for various use cases when default values are accepted. The fast path scenario minimizes the steps in the configuration process at endpoints.

This scenario automatically obtains certificates from the server when the node connects the first time, assuming that the IBM Spectrum Protect server **SESSIONSECURITY** parameter is set to **TRANSITIONAL**, which is the default value at first connection. You can follow this scenario whether you first upgrade the IBM Spectrum Protect server to V7.1.8 and later V7 levels, or V8.1.2 and later V8 levels, and then upgrade Data Protection for VMware to these levels, or vice versa.

**Attention:** This scenario cannot be used if the IBM Spectrum Protect server is configured for LDAP authentication. If LDAP is used, you can manually import the certificates necessary by using the dsmcert utility. For more information, see “Configuring without automatic certificate distribution” on page 60.

#### Data mover node options that affect session security

The following dsmc options specify security settings for the data mover node. For more information about these options, see Client options reference.

- **SSLREQUIRED.** The default value `Default` enables existing session-security connections to servers earlier than V7.1.8 or V8.1.2, and automatically configures the Data Protection for VMware data mover to securely connect to a V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 or later server by using TLS for authentication.
- **SSLACCEPTCERTFROMSERV.** The default value `Yes` enables the data mover to automatically accept a self-signed public certificate from the server, and to automatically configure the data mover to use that certificate when the data mover connects to a V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 or later server.
- **SSL.** The default value `No` indicates that encryption is not used when data is transferred between the data mover and a server earlier than V7.1.8 or V8.1.2. When the data mover connects to a V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 or later server, the default value `No` indicates that object data is not encrypted. All other information is encrypted, when the data mover communicates with the server. The value `Yes` indicates that TLS is used to encrypt all information, including object data, when the data mover communicates with the server.
- **SSLFIPSMODE.** The default value `No` indicates that a Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) certified TLS library is not required.

In addition, the following options apply only when the data mover uses TLS connection to a server earlier than V7.1.8 or V8.1.2. They are ignored when the data mover connects to a later server.

- **SSLDISABLELEGACYTLS.** A value of `No` indicates that the data mover does not require TLS 1.2 for SSL sessions. It allows connection at TLS 1.1 and lower SSL protocols. When the data mover communicates with an IBM Spectrum Protect server that is V7.1.7 or V8.1.1 or earlier, `No` is the default.
- **LANFREESSL.** The default value `No` indicates that the data mover does not use TLS when communicating with the Storage Agent when LAN-free data transfer is configured.
- **REPLSSLPORT.** Specifies the TCP/IP port address that is enabled for TLS when the data mover communicates with the replication target server.

## VMCLI node options that affect session security

The following parameters specify the security settings for the VMCLI node. For more information about these options, see Profile parameters.

- **VE\_TSM\_SSL.** The default value `NO` indicates that encryption is not used when data is transferred between the data mover and a server earlier than V7.1.8 or V8.1.2. Set this value to `YES` if you want to use TLS to encrypt all information when connecting to a server earlier than V7.1.8.
- **VE\_TSM\_SSLACCEPTCERTFROMSERV.** The default value `YES` enables the interface to automatically accept a self-signed public certificate from the server, and to automatically configure the interface to use that certificate when the data mover connects to a V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 or later server.
- **VE\_TSM\_SSLREQUIRED.** The default value `DEFAULT` enables existing session-security connections to servers earlier than V7.1.8 or V8.1.2, and automatically configures the interface to securely connect to a V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 or later server by using TLS for authentication.

## Uses cases for default security settings

- First, the server is upgraded to V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 or later. Then, Data Protection for VMware is upgraded. The existing data mover and VMCLI nodes *are not* using SSL communications:

- No changes are required to the security options for the data mover and VMCLI nodes.
- The configuration is automatically updated to use TLS when the nodes authenticate with the server.
- First, the server is upgraded to V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 or later. Then, Data Protection for VMware is upgraded. The existing data mover and VMCLI nodes *are* using SSL communications:
  - No changes are required to the security options for the data mover and VMCLI nodes.
  - SSL communication with existing server public certificate continues to be used.
  - SSL communication is automatically enhanced to use the TLS level that is required by the server.
- First, Data Protection for VMware is upgraded to V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 or later. Then, the server is upgraded later. The existing data mover and VMCLI nodes *are not* using SSL communications:
  - No changes are required to the security options for the data mover and VMCLI nodes.
  - Existing authentication protocol continues to be used to servers at levels earlier than V7.1.8 or V8.1.2.
  - The configuration is automatically updated to use TLS when the nodes authenticate with the server after the server is updated to V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 or later.
- First, Data Protection for VMware is upgraded to V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 or later. Then, the server is upgraded later. The existing data mover and VMCLI nodes *are* using SSL communications:
  - No changes are required to the security options for the data mover and VMCLI nodes.
  - SSL communication with existing server public certificate continues to be used with servers at levels earlier than V7.1.8 or V8.1.2.
  - SSL communication is automatically enhanced to use the TLS level that is required by the server after the server is updated to V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 or later.
- First, Data Protection for VMware is upgraded to V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 or later. Then, the data mover and VMCLI nodes connect to multiple servers. The servers are upgraded at different times:
  - No changes are required to the security options for the data mover and VMCLI nodes.
  - The data mover and VMCLI nodes use existing authentication and session security protocol to servers at versions earlier than V7.1.8 or V8.1.2, and automatically upgrade to use TLS authentication when initially connecting to a server at V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 or later. Session security is managed per server.
- New client installation, server is at V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 or later:
  - Configure Data Protection for VMware according to a new installation.
  - Default values for the security options automatically configure the data mover and VMCLI nodes for TLS-encrypted session authentication.
  - Set the SSL parameter to the Yes value if encryption of all data transfers between the client and the server is required.
- New client installation, server is at a version earlier than V7.1.8 or V8.1.2:
  - Configure the client according to a new client installation.

- Accept the default values for client session-security parameters if SSL encryption of all data transfers is not required.
- Non-SSL authentication protocol is used until the server is upgraded to V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 or later.
- Set the SSL parameter to the Yes value if encryption of all data transfers between the data mover and the server is required, and proceed with the manual configuration for SSL.
- See Configuring Tivoli Storage Manager client/server communication with Secure Sockets Layer for configuration instructions.
- SSL communication is automatically enhanced to use the TLS level that is required by the server after the server is updated to V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 or later.

### **Configuring without automatic certificate distribution**

This scenario details the configuration options that impact the security of the data mover and VMCLI nodes when automatic distribution of certificates from the server is not acceptable. For example, automatic distribution of certificates from the server is not acceptable if the server is configured to use LDAP authentication or it is necessary that certificates are signed by a certificate authority (CA).

### **Options that affect session security**

The options for security settings are the same as those described in “Configuring by using the default security settings (fast path)” on page 57, with the exception that you must set the SSLACCEPTCERTFROMSERV option to No to ensure that the data mover node does not automatically accept a self-signed public certificate from the server when the node first connects to a V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 or later server.

### **Uses cases for configuring data mover nodes without automatic certificate distribution**

If automatic certificate distribution is not possible or wanted, use the dsmcert utility to import the certificate. Obtain the necessary certificate from the IBM Spectrum Protect server or from a CA. The CA can be from a company such as VeriSign or Thawte, or an internal CA that is maintained within your company.

If the data mover and VMCLI nodes are on the same machine, only one certificate is required. If the nodes are on separate machines, a certificate is required one each machine.

- First, the server is upgraded to V7.1.8 or V8.1.2. Then, Data Protection for VMware is upgraded. The existing data mover nodes *are not* using SSL communications:
  - Set the SSLACCEPTCERTFROMSERV option with the value No.
  - Obtain the necessary certificate from the IBM Spectrum Protect server or from a CA and use the dsmcert utility to import the certificate. See Configuring Tivoli Storage Manager client/server communication with Secure Sockets Layer for configuration instructions.
- First, the server is upgraded to V7.1.8 or V8.1.2. Then, Data Protection for VMware is upgraded. The existing data mover nodes *are* using SSL communications:
  - No changes are required to the security options for the data mover nodes. If the nodes already have a server certificate for SSL communication, the SSLACCEPTCERTFROMSERV option does not apply.

- SSL communication with existing server public certificate continues to be used.
- SSL communication is automatically enhanced to use the TLS level that is required by the server.
- First, Data Protection for VMware is upgraded to V7.1.8 or V8.1.2. Then, the server is upgraded later. The existing data mover nodes *are not* using SSL communications:
  - Set the SSLACCEPTCERTFROMSERV option with the value No.
  - Existing authentication protocol continues to be used to servers at levels earlier than V7.1.8 or V8.1.2.
  - Before the data mover nodes connect to a V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 or later server:
    - Obtain the necessary certificate from the IBM Spectrum Protect server or from a CA and use the dsmcert utility to import the certificate. See Configuring Tivoli Storage Manager client/server communication with Secure Sockets Layer for configuration instructions.
- First, Data Protection for VMware is upgraded to V7.1.8 or V8.1.2. Then, the server is upgraded later. The existing data mover nodes *are* using SSL communications
  - No changes are required to the security options for the data mover nodes. If the nodes already have a server certificate for SSL communication, the SSLACCEPTCERTFROMSERV option does not apply.
  - SSL communication with existing server public certificate continues to be used with servers at levels earlier than V7.1.8 or V8.1.2.
  - SSL communication is automatically enhanced to use the TLS level that is required by the server after the server is updated to V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 or later.
- First, Data Protection for VMware is upgraded to V7.1.8 or V8.1.2. Then, the data mover nodes connect to multiple servers. The servers are upgraded at different times:
  - Set the SSLACCEPTCERTFROMSERV option with the value No.
  - Existing authentication protocol continues to be used to servers at levels earlier than V7.1.8 or V8.1.2.
  - Before the data mover nodes connect to a V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 later server, or when SSL communication is required at any server level:
    - Obtain the necessary certificate from the IBM Spectrum Protect server or from a CA and use the dsmcert utility to import the certificate. See Configuring Tivoli Storage Manager client/server communication with Secure Sockets Layer for configuration instructions.
  - The data mover nodes use existing authentication and session security protocol to servers at versions earlier than V7.1.8 or V8.1.2, and automatically upgrade to use TLS authentication when initially connecting to a server at V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 or later. Session security is managed per server.
- New Data Protection for VMware installation, server is at V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 or later:
  - Configure Data Protection for VMware according to a new installation.
  - Set the SSLACCEPTCERTFROMSERV option with the value No.
  - Obtain the necessary certificate from the IBM Spectrum Protect server or from a CA and use the dsmcert utility to import the certificate. See Configuring Tivoli Storage Manager client/server communication with Secure Sockets Layer for configuration instructions.
  - Set the SSL parameter to the Yes value if encryption of all data transfers between the data mover and the server is required.

- New Data Protection for VMware installation, server is at a version earlier than V7.1.8 or V8.1.2, SSL-encrypted sessions *are* required:
  - Configure Data Protection for VMware according to a new installation.
  - Set the SSL parameter to the Yes value.
  - Obtain the necessary certificate from the IBM Spectrum Protect server or from a CA and use the dsmcert utility to import the certificate. See Configuring Tivoli Storage Manager client/server communication with Secure Sockets Layer for configuration instructions.
- New Data Protection for VMware installation, server is at a version earlier than V7.1.8 or V8.1.2, SSL-encrypted sessions *are not* required:
  - Configure Data Protection for VMware according to a new installation.
  - Set the SSLACCEPTCERTFROMSERV option with the value No.
    - Non-SSL authentication protocol is used until the server is upgraded to V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 later.
  - Before the data mover nodes connect to a V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 or later server:
    - Obtain the necessary certificate from the IBM Spectrum Protect server or from a CA and use the dsmcert utility to import the certificate. See Configuring Tivoli Storage Manager client/server communication with Secure Sockets Layer for configuration instructions.

## Configuring Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI communication using the Transport Layer Security

The Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI uses the Transport Layer Security (TLS) protocol to provide secure communication with web browsers; the VMware vCenter Server; and, optionally, the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

### About this task

For communication with web browsers and the VMware VCenter Server, the TLS protocol is always enabled. During the installation of Data Protection for VMware, a self-signed TLS digital certificate is generated and is then used for connection.

You can also use a certificate that is signed by a certificated authority (CA) to communicate with web browsers. Data Protection for VMware To use a certificate from a CA, see Using a third-party certificate for web browser sessions.

For communication with the IBM Spectrum Protect server, the use of the TLS protocol depends on the version of the server.

#### If you are using IBM Spectrum Protect server V7.1.7 or V8.1.1 or earlier

The use of the TLS protocol to communicate with the server is optional. You can manually enable the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI to communicate with the server over the TLS protocol by creating or updating the truststore and importing a certificate as described in “Enabling secure communication with the IBM Spectrum Protect server” on page 63

#### If you are using IBM Spectrum Protect server V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 later

The TLS protocol is required. In most cases, the truststore is created automatically on first use by using the default security settings that are described in “Configuring by using the default security settings (fast path)” on page 57. However, in some scenarios, you might be required to manually create the truststore. .



**Important:** The fast path scenario automatically obtains certificates when the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI communicates with the server for the first time, assuming that the IBM Spectrum Protect server **SESSIONSECURITY** parameter is set to **TRANSITIONAL**, which is the default value at first connection. After the GUI connects to the server, **SESSIONSECURITY** parameter is set to **STRICT**. Because the GUI uses the server administrator ID to connect to the server, if another entity has used that ID to connect, an error messages will display in the GUI when trying to connect to the server. To resolve this issue, set the **SESSIONSECURITY** parameter to back to **TRANSITIONAL**.

## Enabling secure communication with the IBM Spectrum Protect server

If you are using IBM Spectrum Protect server V7.1.7 or earlier or V8.1.2 or earlier, connection to the server by using the TLS protocol is optional and if you want to enable the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI communicate with the server by using the protocol, you must enable the communication manually.

### Before you begin

Obtain a copy of the certificate from the server administrator.

### About this task

If you are using server V7.1.8 or V8.1.2 or later, the TLS protocol is required and a truststore with a certificate is created automatically on first use by using default security settings that are described in “Configuring by using the default security settings (fast path)” on page 57. However, in some scenarios, you might be required to manually create the truststore and configure the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI as described in this topic.

The following procedure uses the Java™ key and certificate management tool **keytool**.

On Linux operating systems, the tool is in the `/opt/tivoli/tsm/tdpvmware/common/jre/jre/bin/` directory.

On Microsoft Windows operating systems, the tool is in the `C:\IBM\tivoli\tsm\tdpvmware\webserver\jre\jre\bin\` directory.

You might need to specify the full path when you run the **keytool** command.

### Procedure

1. From the command line, change the directory to the truststore location:
  - On Linux: `/opt/tivoli/tsm/tdpvmware/common/scripts/`
  - On Windows: `C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Tivoli\TDPVMware\VMwarePlugin\scripts\`
2. Create the truststore and import the certificate with the following command:  

```
keytool -importcert -alias my-cert -file cert.pem -keystore
tsm-ve-truststore.jks -storepass password
```

Where:

**-alias** *my-cert*

The unique alias that identifies the certificate in the truststore.

**-file** *cert.pem*

The file that contains the server self-signed certificate or the CA root certificate.

**-storepass** *password*

The keystore password. Ensure that you remember this password for future use.

3. Start the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI and go to the Configuration window.
  - If you are creating an initial configuration, click **Tasks > Run IBM Spectrum Protect Configuration Wizard** and go to the Server Credentials page.
  - If you are modifying an existing configuration, click **Tasks > Edit IBM Spectrum Protect Configuration** and go to the Server Credentials page.
4. Enter the port number in the **IBM Spectrum Protect Admin Port** field. This is the server port that allows administrative connections using SSL or TLS.
5. Select **Use encrypted communications on the admin port**.
6. If you want to use this setting for future GUI sessions, select **Save the administrator ID, password, and port settings**.
7. Click **OK** to apply the changes.

### Using a certificate from a certificate authority

To use a certificate that is signed by a certificate authority (CA), you must complete multiple steps.

### About this task

The following procedures use the standard key and certificate management tool called **keytool**.

On Linux operating systems, it is located in the `/opt/tivoli/tsm/tdpvmware/common/jre/jre/bin/` directory.

On Microsoft Windows operating systems, it is located in the `C:\IBM\tivoli\tsm\tdpvmware\webserver\jre\jre\bin` directory.

You might need to specify the full path when running **keytool** from the command line.

### Procedure

1. Obtain access to the keystore.
2. Create a certificate signing request (CSR).
3. Send the certificate signing request to the certificate authority for signing.
4. Receive the signed certificate into the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI.

## Obtaining access to the keystore:

Certificates are stored in a Java keystore. The keystore contents are protected with a password. To manipulate the certificates in the keystore, you must obtain access to the keystore.

### About this task

The default self-signed certificate and keystore password are generated automatically during installation, so you are unlikely to know the initial password.

Complete the following procedure to replace the original keystore with a new keystore and a new self-signed certificate. The new keystore is protected by a password of your choice.

If you already know the keystore password, skip this procedure.

### Procedure

1. Stop the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI service.
2. From the command line, change the directory to the keystore location.
  - On Linux: `/opt/tivoli/tsm/tdpvmware/common/webserver/usr/servers/veProfile/resources/security/`
  - On Windows: `C:\IBM\tivoli\tsm\tdpvmware\webserver\usr\servers\veProfile\resources\security\`
3. Make a backup copy of the keystore file (`key.jks`) by renaming it or moving it to a different location.
4. Create a new keystore and a new self-signed certificate by issuing the following command:

```
keytool -genkeypair -alias vekey -dname
CN=fqdn,OU=Tivoli_Storage_Manager_for_VMware,O=IBM -keyalg RSA
-sigalg SHA256withRSA -keysize 2048 -validity days -keystore
key.jks -storepass password -keypass password
```

Where:

**-dname** `CN=fqdn,OU=Tivoli_Storage_Manager_for_VMware,O=IBM`

*fqdn* is the DNS name or fully qualified domain name of the computer on which the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is installed.

**-validity** *days*

The certificate validity period.

**-storepass** *password*

The keystore password. Ensure that you remember this password for future use.

**-keypass** *password*

The private key password for the certificate. This password must match the keystore password.

5. Encode the keystore password by using the **securityUtility** tool. Issue the following command.
  - On Linux: `/opt/tivoli/tsm/tdpvmware/common/webserver/bin/securityUtility encode`
  - On Windows: `C:\IBM\tivoli\tsm\tdpvmware\webserver\bin\securityUtility.bat encode`

Enter your keystore password when prompted and then save the output (for example, copy it to the clipboard).

6. Open the `bootstrap.properties` file in an editor and set the `veProfile.keystore.pswd` property to the encoded value from the previous step. The `bootstrap.properties` file is in the following location:

- On Linux: `/opt/tivoli/tsm/tdpvmware/common/webserver/usr/servers/veProfile/`
- On Windows: `C:\IBM\tivoli\tsm\tdpvmware\webserver\usr\servers\veProfile\`

7. Start the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI service.

#### Related reference:

“Starting and running services for Data Protection for VMware” on page 86

#### Creating a certificate signing request:

After you obtained access to the keystore, you must create a certificate signing request (CSR).

#### Procedure

Complete the following steps to create a CSR:

1. From the command line, change the directory to the keystore location.
  - On Linux: `/opt/tivoli/tsm/tdpvmware/common/webserver/usr/servers/veProfile/resources/security/`
  - On Windows: `C:\IBM\tivoli\tsm\tdpvmware\webserver\usr\servers\veProfile\resources\security\`
2. Create a new certificate by issuing the following command:

```
keytool -genkeypair -alias mykey -dname
CN=fqdn,OU=unit,O=organization -keyalg RSA -sigalg SHA256withRSA
-keysize 2048 -validity days -keystore key.jks -storepass
password -keypass password
```

Where:

**-alias** *mykey*

*mykey* is the unique alias that identifies the certificate in the keystore. It is renamed when the signed certificate is received.

**-dname** *CN=fqdn,OU=unit,O=organization*

*fqdn* is the DNS name or fully qualified domain name of the computer on which the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is installed.

*Unit* and *organization* are the organization information that is required by your policies or by the certificate authority.

**-validity** *days*

The certificate validity period.

**-storepass** *password*

The keystore password. If you do not know or forgot the keystore password, see “Obtaining access to the keystore” on page 65.

**-keypass** *password*

The private key password for the certificate. This password must match the keystore password.

3. Create a CSR by issuing the following command:

```
keytool -certreq -alias mykey -file certreq.pem -keystore key.jks
```

Where:

**-alias** *mykey*

The certificate alias from the previous step.

**-file** *certreq.pem*

The file to store the certificate signing request.

### **Sending the certificate signing request to the certificate authority:**

After you create the certificate request (*certreq.pem*), you must send it to the certificate authority for signing. Follow the specific instructions from the certificate authority.

### **Receiving the signed certificate:**

After you get the signed certificate from the certificate authority (CA), you must receive the certificate in the keystore.

### **Procedure**

To receive the signed certificate, complete the following steps:

1. From the command line, change the directory to the keystore location.
  - On Linux: */opt/tivoli/tsm/tdpvmware/common/webserver/usr/servers/veProfile/resources/security/*
  - On Windows: *C:\IBM\tivoli\tsm\tdpvmware\webserver\usr\servers\veProfile\resources\security\*
2. Copy the files that you received from the CA to this location. These files include the CA root certificate, intermediate CA certificates (if any), and the signed certificate for the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI.
3. Stop the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI service.
4. Make a backup copy of the keystore file (*key.jks*) by copying it to a different name or location.
5. Import the intermediate CA certificates, if any, with the following command. When you are prompted to trust the certificates, answer *yes*. Repeat this step for multiple intermediate CAs as needed.

```
keytool -importcert -alias ca-intermediate -file intermediate.pem
-keystore key.jks -storepass password
```

Where:

**-alias** *ca-intermediate*

The unique alias that identifies the certificate in the keystore. Each intermediate certificate must have a unique alias.

**-file** *intermediate.pem*

The intermediate certificate file that is obtained from the CA.

**-storepass** *password*

The keystore password.

6. Import the CA root certificate by issuing the following command. When you are prompted to trust this certificate, answer *yes*.

```
keytool -importcert -alias ca-root -file root.pem -keystore
key.jks -storepass password
```

Where:

**-alias** *ca-root*

The unique alias that identifies the certificate in the keystore.

**-file** *root.pem*

The root certificate file obtained from the CA.

**-storepass** *password*

The keystore password.

7. Import the signed certificate by issuing the following command:

```
keytool -importcert -alias mykey -file signedcert.pem -keystore
key.jks -storepass password
```

Where:

**-alias** *mykey*

The alias for the signed certificate. The alias must be the same one that was used when you generated the certificate signing request (CSR).

**-file** *signedcert.pem*

The signed certificate file received from the CA.

**-storepass** *password*

The keystore password.

8. Delete the existing certificate that contains the *vekey* alias:

```
keytool -delete -alias vekey -keystore key.jks -storepass password
```

Where *-storepass password* is the password for the keystore.

9. Rename the signed certificate to *vekey*:

```
keytool -changealias -alias mykey -destalias vekey -keystore
key.jks -storepass password
```

Where:

**-alias** *mykey*

The alias of the signed certificate.

**-storepass** *password*

The keystore password.

10. Start the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI service.

**Related reference:**

“Starting and running services for Data Protection for VMware” on page 86

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## VMware vCenter Server user privilege requirements

Certain VMware vCenter Server privileges are required to run Data Protection for VMware operations.

### vCenter Server privileges required to protect VMware datacenters with the web-browser view for the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI

The vCenter Server user ID that signs on to the browser view for the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI

must have sufficient VMware privileges to view content for a datacenter that is managed by the GUI.

For example, a VMware vSphere environment contains five datacenters. A user, “jenn”, has sufficient privileges for only two of those datacenters. As a result, only those two datacenters where sufficient privileges exist are visible to “jenn” in the views. The other three datacenters (where “jenn” does not have privileges) are not visible to the user “jenn”.

The VMware vCenter Server defines a set of privileges collectively as a role. A role is applied to an object for a specified user or group to create a privilege. From the VMware vSphere web client, you must create a role with a set of privileges. To create a vCenter Server role for backup and restore operations, use the VMware vSphere Client **Add a Role** function.

If you want to propagate the privileges to all datacenters within the vCenter, specify the vCenter Server and select the propagate to children check box. Otherwise, you can limit the permissions if you assign the role to the required datacenters only with the propagate to children check box selected. Enforcement for the browser GUI is at the datacenter level.

The following example shows how to control access to datacenters for two VMware user groups. First, create a role that contains all of the privileges defined in technote 7047438. The set of privileges in this example are identified by the role named “TDPVMwareManage”. Group 1 requires access to manage virtual machines for the Primary1\_DC and Primary2\_DC datacenters. Group 2 requires access to manage virtual machines for the Secondary1\_DC and Secondary2\_DC datacenters.

For Group 1, assign the “TDPVMwareManage” role to the Primary1\_DC and Primary2\_DC datacenters. For Group 2, assign the “TDPVMwareManage” role to the Secondary1\_DC and Secondary2\_DC datacenters.

The users in each VMware user group can use the Data Protection for VMware GUI to manage virtual machines in their respective datacenters only.

**Tip:** When you create a role, consider adding extra privileges to the role that you might need later to complete other tasks on objects.

## **vCenter Server privileges required to use the data mover**

The IBM Spectrum Protect data mover that is installed on the vStorage Backup server (the data mover node) requires the VMCUser and VMCPw options. The VMCUser option specifies the user ID of the vCenter or ESX server that you want to back up, restore, or query. The required privileges that are assigned to this user ID (VMCUser) ensure that the client can run operations on the virtual machine and the VMware environment. This user ID must have the VMware privileges that are described in technote 7047438.

To create a vCenter Server role for backup and restore operations, use the VMware vSphere Client **Add a Role** function. You must select the propagate to children option when you add privileges for this user ID (VMCUser). In addition, consider adding other privileges to this role for tasks other than backup and restore. For the VMCUser option, enforcement is at the top-level object.

## **vCenter Server privileges required to protect VMware datacenters with the IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in view for the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI**

The IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in requires a set of privileges that are separate from the privileges that are required to sign in to the GUI.

During the installation the following custom privileges are created for the IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in:

- **Datacenter > IBM Data Protection**
- **Global > Configure IBM Data Protection**

Custom privileges that are required for the IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in are registered as a separate extension. The privileges extension key is `com.ibm.tsm.tdpvmware.IBMDDataProtection.privileges`.

These privileges allow the VMware administrator to enable and disable access to IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in content. Only users with these custom privileges on the required VMware object can access the IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in content. One IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in is registered for each vCenter Server and is shared by all GUI hosts that are configured to support the vCenter Server.

From the VMware vSphere web client, you must create a role for users who can complete data protection functions for virtual machines by using the IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in. For this role, in addition to the standard virtual machine administrator role privileges required by the web client, you must specify the **Datacenter > IBM Data Protection** privilege. For each datacenter, assign this role for each user or user group where you want to grant permission for the user to manage virtual machines.

The **Global > IBM Data Protection** privilege is required for the user at the vCenter level. This privilege allows the user to manage, edit, or clear the connection between the vCenter Server and the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI web server. Assign this privilege to administrators that are familiar with the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI that protects their respective vCenter Server. Manage your IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in connections on the extension Connections page.

The following example shows how to control access to datacenters for two user groups. Group 1 requires access to manage virtual machines for the NewYork\_DC and Boston\_DC datacenters. Group 2 requires access to manage virtual machines for the LosAngeles\_DC and SanFrancisco\_DC datacenters.

From the VMware vSphere client, create for example the “IBMDDataProtectManage” role, assign the standard virtual machine administrator role privileges and also the **Datacenter > IBM Data Protection** privilege.

For Group 1, assign the “IBMDDataProtectManage” role to the NewYork\_DC and Boston\_DC datacenters. For Group 2, assign the “IBMDDataProtectManage” role to the LosAngeles\_DC and SanFrancisco\_DC datacenters.

The users in each group can use the IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in in the vSphere web client to manage virtual machines in their respective datacenters only.



## Issues related to insufficient permissions

When the web browser user does not have sufficient permissions for any datacenter, access to the view is blocked. Instead, the error message GVM2013E is issued to advise that the user is not authorized to access any managed datacenters due to insufficient permissions. Other new messages are also available that inform users of issues that result from insufficient permissions. To resolve any permissions-related issues, make sure that the user role is set up as described in the previous sections. The user role must have all privileges that are identified in the Required privileges vCenter Server user ID and data mover table, and these privileges must be applied at the datacenter level with the propagate to children check box.

When the IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in user does not have sufficient permissions for a datacenter, the data protection functions for that datacenter and its content are made unavailable in the extension.

When the IBM Spectrum Protect user ID (specified by the VMUser option) contains insufficient permissions for a backup and restore operation, the following message is shown:

```
ANS9365E VMware vStorage API error.
"Permission to perform this operation was denied."
```

When the IBM Spectrum Protect user ID contains insufficient permissions to view a machine, the following messages are shown:

```
Backup VM command started. Total number of virtual machines to process: 1
ANS4155E Virtual Machine 'tango' could not be found on VMware server.
ANS4148E Full VM backup of Virtual Machine 'foxtrot' failed with RC 4390
```

To retrieve log information through the VMware Virtual Center Server for permission problems, complete these steps:

1. In vCenter Server Settings, select **Logging Options** and set "**vCenter Logging to Trivia (Trivia)**".
2. Re-create the permission error.
3. Reset **vCenter Logging** to its previous value prevent recording excessive log information.
4. In System Logs, look for the most current vCenter Server log (vpxd-wxyz.log) and search for the string NoPermission. For example:  

```
[2011-04-27 15:15:35.955 03756 verbose 'App'] [VpxVmomi] Invoke error:
vim.VirtualMachine.createSnapshot session: 92324BE3-CD53-4B5A-B7F5-96C5FAB3F0EE
Throw: vim.fault.NoPermission
```

This log message indicates that the user ID did not contain sufficient permissions to create a snapshot (createSnapshot).

---

## Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI user roles

The availability of Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI functions is based on the authority level that is assigned to your IBM Spectrum Protect administrator ID.

The administrator ID must match the node name. In earlier product releases, the **REGISTER NODE** command automatically created an administrative user ID whose name matched the node name. Beginning with IBM Spectrum Protect V8.1, the **REGISTER NODE** command does not automatically create an administrative user ID that matches the node name.

When registering a new node, the IBM Spectrum Protect server administrator must specify the `userid` parameter with the **REGISTER NODE** server command:

```
REGISTER NODE node_name password userid=user_id
```

Where the node name and the administrative user ID must be the same. For example:

```
REGISTER NODE node_a mypassword userid=node_a
```

By default, the node has client owner authority.

The tasks that you can run with the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI are based on the privilege class that is assigned to the administrator ID.

When the administrator ID does not have unrestricted policy domain privileges, you cannot register new nodes or set their proxy relationship on the IBM Spectrum Protect server. If you do not enter an administrator ID, a macro script is created so you can run on the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

An IBM Spectrum Protect administrator ID is requested when configuring the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI. This table lists the functions that are available based on the privilege class assigned to that ID:

- A Yes value indicates available function for the user role.
- A No value indicates function that is not available for the user role.

To view your current Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI role, hover the cursor over your user ID in the navigation bar.

*Table 16. Available functions based on IBM Spectrum Protect Administrator ID privilege requirements*

|                | Operator                   | Operator with Reporting | Restricted Administrator                                                  | Administrator                              |
|----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| <i>Summary</i> | Run now backup and restore | Operator plus reporting | Operator plus reporting and schedule operations for listed policy domains | All roles, including initial configuration |

Table 16. Available functions based on IBM Spectrum Protect Administrator ID privilege requirements (continued)

|                                                      | Operator | Operator with Reporting                                                                                                              | Restricted Administrator                                                                                                                                    | Administrator                   |
|------------------------------------------------------|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>IBM Spectrum Protect Admin ID Privilege Class</b> | None     | One of the following privilege classes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Storage</li> <li>Operator</li> <li>Analyst</li> </ul> | Policy (Restricted) or one of the following privilege classes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Storage</li> <li>Operator</li> <li>Analyst</li> </ul> | Policy (Unrestricted) or System |

**Backup tab**

|                                       |                 |                 |                            |     |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------|-----|
| Manage <b>Run now</b> backup tasks    | Yes             | Yes             | Yes                        | Yes |
| Manage <b>Scheduled</b> backup tasks  | No <sup>1</sup> | No <sup>1</sup> | Yes, within policy domains | Yes |
| View <b>Run now</b> backup tasks      | Yes             | Yes             | Yes                        | Yes |
| View <b>Scheduled</b> backup tasks    | No              | Yes             | Yes                        | Yes |
| Delete a <b>Scheduled</b> backup task | No              | No              | Yes within policy domains  | Yes |

**Restore tab**

|                           |     |     |     |     |
|---------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Run a <b>Restore</b> task | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
|---------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|

**Reports tab**

|                        |     |     |     |     |
|------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Events                 | No  | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Recent Tasks           | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Backup Status          | No  | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Application Protection | No  | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Datacenter Occupancy   | No  | Yes | Yes | Yes |

**Configuration tab**

|                                                                              |    |    |                 |     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|----|-----------------|-----|
| Node Registration (Configuration Status -> <b>Run Configuration Wizard</b> ) | No | No | No <sup>2</sup> | Yes |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|----|-----------------|-----|

Table 16. Available functions based on IBM Spectrum Protect Administrator ID privilege requirements (continued)

|                                                                                                       | Operator         | Operator with Reporting | Restricted Administrator | Administrator |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| Change IBM Spectrum Protect Admin ID Credentials (Configuration Status -> <b>Edit Configuration</b> ) | Yes              | Yes                     | Yes                      | Yes           |
| Change VMCLI Node Password (Configuration Status -> <b>Edit Configuration</b> )                       | No               | No                      | Yes                      | Yes           |
| Change GUI Domains (Configuration Status -> <b>Edit Configuration</b> )                               | Yes <sup>3</sup> | Yes <sup>3</sup>        | Yes <sup>3</sup>         | Yes           |
| Change Data Mover Nodes (Configuration Status -> <b>Edit Configuration</b> )                          | No               | No                      | No <sup>2</sup>          | Yes           |
| Change Mount Proxy Nodes (Configuration Status -> <b>Edit Configuration</b> )                         | No               | No                      | No <sup>2</sup>          | Yes           |

1. You cannot register the node because an unrestricted domain policy is required.

2. You can add or remove VMware datacenters and register datacenter nodes.

To view the IBM Spectrum Protect administrator ID authority level and corresponding Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI role:

1. Go to the Configuration window.
2. Click **Edit Configuration**.
3. The relevant information is shown on the Spectrum Protect Server Credentials page.

**Important:**

- If the IBM Spectrum Protect administrator ID authority level changes on the IBM Spectrum Protect server, the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI must be restarted to reflect this change.
- When changing the User Role, you must click **OK** to save your changes before going to another Configuration Settings page or attempting another configuration change. Otherwise your User Role changes do not take effect.

---

## Data Protection for VMware GUI registration keys

Depending on the options you select during installation, you can access the Data Protection for VMware GUI by using different methods. Registration keys are created for the Data Protection for VMware GUIs.

The phrase “Data Protection for VMware GUI” applies to the following GUIs:

- Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI accessed in a web browser
- IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in in the vSphere Web Client GUI

IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in registration key is `com.ibm.tsm.tdpvmware.IBMDataProtection`. This key is registered when you select the **Register the vSphere Web Client extension** check box during the installation. A single instance of the IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in is registered per vCenter server.

A registration key is not created for the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI that is accessed in a web browser.

To view the registration keys, log in to the VMware Managed Object Browser (MOB). After you log in to the MOB, go to **Content→Extension Manager** to view the registration keys.

---

## Configuring the recovery agent GUI

Instructions about how to set up the recovery agent GUI for mount, file restore, or instant restore operations is provided.

### Before you begin

These configuration tasks must be completed before you attempt an operation in the recovery agent GUI.

**Important:** Information about how to complete tasks with the recovery agent GUI is provided in the online help that is installed with the GUI. Click **Help** in any of the GUI windows to open the online help for task assistance.

### Procedure

1. Log on to the system where you want to restore files. recovery agent must be installed on the system.
2. Click **Select TSM server** in the recovery agent GUI to connect to an IBM Spectrum Protect server. When the recovery agent is installed on the same system as the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI, and the applications were successfully configured with the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI configuration wizard, the following conditions exist:
  - The data mover node and IBM Spectrum Protect server are populated in the recovery agent TSM Server field.
  - The following fields are populated in the TSM Server information panel:
    - **Authentication node** contains a list of available data mover nodes.
    - **Target node** contains a list of data center nodes that are available for the selected data mover node.

When only one data mover node was defined locally with the configuration wizard, the recovery agent uses that node to authenticate when started. The recovery agent remembers the last node name that connected to the IBM

Spectrum Protect server. If **Use Password access generate** is selected for this node (the last node name to connect), the recovery agent uses these credentials to connect to the IBM Spectrum Protect server on startup. If no previous connection to the IBM Spectrum Protect server was done, and only one data mover node and one data center node are configured with the wizard, the recovery agent uses these credentials to connect to the IBM Spectrum Protect server on startup.

Specify the following options:

**Server address**

Enter the IP address or host name of the IBM Spectrum Protect.

**Server port**

Enter the port number that is used for TCP/IP communication with the server. The default port number is 1500.

Node access method:

**Asnodename**

Select this option to use a proxy node to access the VM backups that are in the target node. The proxy node is a node that is granted "proxy" authority to perform operations on behalf of the target node.

Typically, the IBM Spectrum Protect administrator uses the grant proxynode command to create the proxy relationship between two existing nodes.

If you select this option, complete the following steps:

- a. Enter the name of the target node (the node where the VM backups are located) in the **Target Node** field.
- b. Enter the name of the proxy node in the **Authentication node** field.
- c. Enter the password for the proxy node in the **Password** field.
- d. Click **OK** to save these settings and exit the IBM Spectrum Protect information dialog.

When you use this method, the recovery agent user knows only the proxy node password, and the target node password is protected.

**Fromnode**

Select this option to use a node with access limited only to the snapshot data of specific VMs in the target node.

Typically, this node is given access from the target node that owns the VM backups by using the set access command:

```
set access backup -TYPE=VM vmdisplayname mountnodename
```

For example, this command gives the node named myMountNode the authority to restore files from the VM named myTestVM:

```
set access backup -TYPE=VM myTestVM myMountNode
```

If you select this option, complete the following steps:

- a. Enter the name of the target node (the node where the VM backups are located) in the **Target Node** field.
- b. Enter the name of the node that is given limited access in the **Authentication node** field.
- c. Enter the password for the node that is given limited access in the **Password** field.
- d. Click **OK** to save these settings and exit the IBM Spectrum Protect information dialog.

When you use this method, you can see a complete list of backed-up VMs. However, you can restore only those VM backups to which the node was granted access. In addition, the snapshot data is not protected from expiration on the server. As a result, instant restore is not supported in this method.

**Direct** Select this option to authenticate directly to the target node (the node where the VM backups are located).

If you select this option, complete the following steps:

- a. Enter the name of the target node (the node where the VM backups are located) in the **Authentication node** field.
- b. Enter the password for the target node in the **Password** field.
- c. Click **OK** to save these settings and exit the IBM Spectrum Protect information dialog.

#### **Use Password access generate**

When this option is selected and the password field is empty, the recovery agent authenticates with an existing password that is stored in the registry. If not selected, you must manually enter the password.

To use this option, you must first manually set an initial password for the node to which the option applies. You must specify the initial password when you connect to the IBM Spectrum Protect node for the first time by entering the password in the **Password** field and selecting the **Use Password access generate** check box.

However, when you use the local data mover node as the **Authentication node**, the password might already be stored in the registry. As a result, select the **Use Password access generate** check box and do not enter a password.

recovery agent queries the specified server for a list of protected VMs, and shows the list.

3. Set the following mount, backup, and restore options by clicking **Settings**:

#### **Virtual Volume write cache**

The recovery agent that is running on the Windows backup proxy host saves data changes that are created during instant restore and mount. These changes are saved on a virtual volume in the write cache. By default, the write cache is enabled and specifies the C:\ProgramData\Tivoli\TSM\TDPVMware\mount\ path and the maximum cache size is 90% of the available space for the selected folder. To prevent the system volume from becoming full, change the write cache to a path on a volume other than the system volume.

#### **Folder for temporary files**

Specify the path where data changes are saved. The write cache must be on a local drive and cannot be set to a path on a shared folder. If the write cache is disabled or full, attempting to start an instant restore or mount session fails.

#### **Cache size**

Specify the size of the write cache. The maximum allowed cache size is 90% of the available space for the selected folder.

**Restriction:** To prevent any interruption during restore processing, exclude the write cache path from all antivirus software protection settings.

### **Data Access**

Specify the type of data to be accessed. If you are using an offline device (such as tape or virtual tape library), you must specify the applicable data type.

#### **Storage type**

Specify one of the following storage devices from which to mount the snapshot:

##### **Disk/File**

The snapshot is mounted from a disk or file. This device is the default.

**Tape** The snapshot is mounted from a tape storage pool. When this option is selected, it is not possible to mount multiple snapshots or run an instant restore operation.

**VTL** The snapshot is mounted from an offline virtual tape library. Concurrent mount sessions on the same virtual tape library are supported.

**Note:** When the storage type is changed, you must restart the service for the changes to take effect.

#### **Disable expiration protection**

During a mount operation, the snapshot on the IBM Spectrum Protect server is locked to prevent it from expiring during the operation. Expiration might occur because another snapshot is added to the mounted snapshot sequence. This value specifies whether to disable expiration protection during the mount operation.

- To protect the snapshot from expiration, do not select this option. The snapshot on the IBM Spectrum Protect server is locked and the snapshot is protected from expiration during the mount operation.
- To disable expiration protection, select this option. This option is selected by default. The snapshot on the IBM Spectrum Protect server is not locked and the snapshot is not protected from expiration during the mount operation. As a result, the snapshot might expire during the mount operation. This expiration can produce unexpected results and negatively impact the mount point. For example, the mount point can become unusable or contain errors. However, expiration does not affect the current active copy. The active copy cannot expire during an operation.

When the snapshot is on a target replication server, the snapshot cannot be locked because it is in read-only mode. A lock attempt by the server causes the mount operation to fail. To avoid the lock attempt and prevent such a failure, disable expiration protection by selecting this option.

#### **Read Ahead size (in 16-KB blocks)**

Specify the number of extra data blocks that are retrieved from the storage device after a read request is sent to a single block. The default values are as follows:

- Disk or file: 64
- Tape: 1024



- VTL: 64

The maximum value for any device is 1024.

#### **Read Ahead cache size (in blocks)**

Specify the size of the cache where the extra data blocks are stored. The default values are as follows:

- Disk or file: 10000
- Tape: 75000
- VTL: 10000

Since each snapshot has its own cache, make sure to plan how many snapshots are mounted or restored simultaneously. The cumulative cache size cannot exceed 75000 blocks.

#### **Driver timeout (seconds)**

This value specifies the amount of time to process data requests from the file system driver. If processing is not completed in time, the request is canceled and an error is returned to the file system driver. Consider increasing this value when you experience timeouts. For example, timeouts might occur when the network is slow, the storage device is busy, or multiple mount or instant restore sessions are being processed. The default values are as follows:

- Disk or file: 60
- Tape: 180
- VTL: 60

Click **OK** to save your changes and exit the **Settings**.

4. Verify that each IBM Spectrum Protect server node (that was specified with the `Asnodename` and `Fromnode` options) allows backups to be deleted. The recovery agent creates unused temporary objects during operations. The `BACKDElete=Yes` server option allows these objects to be removed so that they do not accumulate in the node.
  - a. Log on to the IBM Spectrum Protect server and start an administrative client session in command-line mode:
 

```
dsmadm -id=admin -password=admin -dataonly=yes
```
  - b. Enter this command:
 

```
Query Node <nodename> Format=Detailed
```

Make sure the command output for each node includes the following statement:

Backup Delete Allowed?: Yes

If this statement is not included, update each node with this command:

```
UPDate Node <nodename> BACKDElete=Yes
```

Run the `Query Node` command again for each node to verify that each node allows backups to be deleted.

5. When you use the Recover Agent in an iSCSI network, and the Recovery Agent does not use a data mover, go to the `C:\ProgramData\Tivoli\TSM\RecoveryAgent\mount\RecoveryAgent.conf` file and specify the `[IMOUNT]` tag and **Target IP** parameter:

```
[IMOUNT config]
Target IP=<IP address of the network card on the system
that exposes the iSCSI targets.>
```

For example:

```
[General config]
param1
param2
...
[IMount config]
Target IP=9.11.153.39
```

After you add or change the Target IP parameter, restart the Recovery Agent GUI or Recovery Agent CLI.

## Enabling secure communication from the recovery agent to the IBM Spectrum Protect server

If the IBM Spectrum Protect server is configured to use the Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) or Transport Layer Security (TLS) protocol, you can enable the recovery agent to communicate with the server by using the protocol.

### Before you begin

Consider the following requirements before you begin configuration for secure communication to the server:

- Each server that is enabled for SSL must have a unique certificate. The certificate can be one of the following types:
  - A certificate that is self-signed by the server.
  - A certificate that is issued by a third-party certificate authority (CA) certificate. The CA certificate can be from a company such as Symantec or Thawte, or an internal certificate that is maintained within your company.
- For performance reasons, use SSL or TLS only for sessions where security is required. Consider adding more processor resources on the server system to manage the increased requirements.
- For a client to connect to a server that is using TLS Version 1.2, the certificate signature algorithm must be Secure Hash Algorithm 1 (SHA-1) or later. If you are using a self-signed certificate to a server that is using TLS V1.2, you must use the cert256.arm certificate. Your IBM Spectrum Protect administrator might need to change the default certificate on the server.
- To disable security protocols that are less secure than TLS 1.2, add the **SSLDISABLELEGACYt1s yes** option to the C:\windows\system32\fb.opt or C:\Windows\SysWOW64\fb.opt file. TLS 1.2 or later helps to prevent attacks by malicious programs.

## Enabling secure communication by using an IBM Spectrum Protect server self-signed certificate

If the IBM Spectrum Protect server is using a self-signed certificate, you must obtain a copy of that certificate from the server administrator and configure the recovery agent to communicate with the server by using the SSL or TLS protocol.

### About this task

Each server generates its own certificate. Version 6.3 and later servers generate files that are named `cert256.arm` if the server is using TLS 1.2 or later or `cert.arm` if the server is using an earlier version of SSL or TLS. Server versions earlier than V6.3 generate files that are named `cert.arm` regardless of the protocol. You must choose the certificate that is set as the default on the server.

The certificate file is stored on the server workstation in the server instance directory. For example, `C:\IBM\tivoli\tsm\server\bin\cert256.arm`. If the certificate file does not exist, the certificate file is created when you restart the server with these options set.

### Procedure

To enable SSL or TLS communication from the recovery agent to the server by using a self-signed certificate:

1. Append the GSKit binary path and library path to the PATH environment variable on the client. For example:  

```
set PATH=C:\Program Files\Common Files\Tivoli\TSM\api64\gsk8\bin\;
C:\Program Files\Common Files\Tivoli\TSM\api64\gsk8\lib64;%PATH%
```
2. If you are configuring SSL or TLS on the client for the first time, you must create the client local key database `dsmcert.kdb`. From the `C:\Windows\SysWOW64` directory, run the **gsk8capicmd\_64** command as shown in the following example:

```
gsk8capicmd_64 -keydb -create -populate -db dsmcert.kdb -pw password -stash
```

The password that you provide is used to encrypt the key database. The password is automatically stored encrypted in the stash file (`dsmcert.sth`). The stash file is used by the client to retrieve the key database password.

3. Obtain the server self-signed certificate.
4. Import the certificate in to the `dsmcert.kdb` database. You must import the certificate for each client in to the `dsmcert.kdb`. From the `C:\Windows\SysWOW64` directory, run the **gsk8capicmd\_64** command as shown in the following example:

```
gsk8capicmd_64 -cert -add -db dsmcert.kdb -stashed -label "Server server_name self-signed key"
-file path_to_certificate -format ascii -trust enable
```

Multiple server certificates can be added to the `dsmcert.kdb` database so that the client can connect to different servers. Different certificates must have different labels. Use meaningful names for the labels.

**Important:** For a disaster recovery of the server, if the certificate has been lost, the server automatically generates a new certificate. Each client must then import the new certificate.

5. After the server certificate is added to the `dsmcert.kdb` database, add the `ssl yes` option to the `C:\Windows\SysWOW64\fb.opt` file and update the value of the `tcpport` option.

### Important:

The server is normally set up for SSL and TLS connections on a different port than non-SSL and TLS connections. Do not specify a non-SSL or TLS port number for the `tcpport` value. If the value of `tcpport` is incorrect, the recovery agent cannot connect to the server.

You cannot connect to a non-SSL or TLS port with a recovery agent that is enabled for SSL or TLS or connect a SSL or TLS port to a recovery agent that is not enabled for SSL or TLS.

6. Set the correct SSL or TLS ports in the following recovery agent configuration files:
  - `C:\ProgramData\Tivoli\TSM\RecoveryAgent\mount\RecoveryAgent.conf`
  - `C:\ProgramData\Tivoli\TSM\RecoveryAgent\mount\RecoveryAgentDMNodes.conf`

### Enabling secure communication by using a third-party certificate

If the IBM Spectrum Protect server is using a third-party certificate authority (CA), you must obtain the CA root certificate.

#### About this task

If the certificate was issued by a CA such as Symantec or Thawte, the client is ready for SSL or TLS and you can skip the following configuration steps. For the list of preinstalled CA root certificates, see Certificate Authorities root certificates.

If the certificate was not issued by a preinstalled root certificate or is an internal CA certificate that is maintained within your company, you must configure the recovery agent to communicate with the server by using the SSL or TLS protocol.

#### Procedure

To enable SSL or TLS communication from the recovery agent to the server by using a CA certificate:

1. Append the GSKit binary path and library path to the PATH environment variable. For example:

```
set PATH=C:\Program Files\Common Files\Tivoli\TSM\api64\gsk8\bin\;
C:\Program Files\Common Files\Tivoli\TSM\api64\gsk8\lib64;%PATH%
```
2. If you are configuring SSL or TLS on the client for the first time, you must create the client local key database `dsmcert.kdb`. For clients, from the `C:\Windows\SysWOW64` directory, run the **`gsk8capicmd_64`** command as shown in the following example:

```
gsk8capicmd_64 -keydb -create -populate -db dsmcert.kdb -pw password -stash
```

The password that you provide is used to encrypt the key database. The password is automatically stored encrypted in the stash file (`dsmcert.sth`). The stash file is used by the client to retrieve the key database password.

3. Obtain the CA certificate.
4. Import the certificate in to the `dsmcert.kdb` database. You must import the certificate for each client in to the `dsmcert.kdb`. For clients, from the `C:\Windows\SysWOW64` directory, run the **`gsk8capicmd_64`** command as shown in the following example:

```
gsk8capicmd_64 -cert -add -db dsmcert.kdb -stashed -label "XYZ Certificate Authority"
-file path_to_CA_root_certificate -format ascii -trust enable
```

Multiple server certificates can be added to the dsmcert.kdb database so that the client can connect to different servers. Different certificates must have different labels. Use meaningful names for the labels.

**Important:** For a disaster recovery of the server, if the certificate has been lost, the server automatically generates a new certificate. Each client must import the new certificate.

5. After the server certificate is added to the dsmcert.kdb database, add the ssl yes option to the C:\Windows\SysWOW64\fb.opt file and update the value of the tcpport option.

**Important:**

The server is normally set up for SSL and TLS connections on a different port than non-SSL and TLS connections. Do not specify a non-SSL or TLS port number for the tcpport value. If the value of tcpport is incorrect, the recovery agent cannot connect to the server.

You cannot connect to a non-SSL or TLS port with a recovery agent that is enabled for SSL or TLS or connect a SSL or TLS port to a recovery agent that is not enabled for SSL or TLS.

6. Set the correct SSL or TLS ports in the following recovery agent configuration files:
  - C:\ProgramData\Tivoli\TSM\RecoveryAgent\mount\RecoveryAgent.conf
  - C:\ProgramData\Tivoli\TSM\RecoveryAgent\mount\RecoveryAgentDMNodes.conf

---

## Locale settings

Locale settings identify the language that is used for interfaces, messages, and online help.

### Data Protection for VMware GUIs

The phrase "Data Protection for VMware GUI" applies to the following GUIs:

- Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI accessed in a web browser
- IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in in the vSphere Web Client GUI

The Data Protection for VMware GUIs do not support running in an environment that contains inconsistent locale settings among the processors that run the Data Protection for VMware GUI, the VMware vSphere Client, and the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

Specify the same locale settings among the systems that run the Data Protection for VMware GUI, the VMware vSphere Client, and the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

When a Data Protection for VMware GUI help page is accessed through the "Learn more" link for the first time, the help displays in the language that is specified by the locale setting of the system that runs the Data Protection for VMware GUI. The help does not display in the language that is specified by the locale of the VMware vSphere Client the first time the help is accessed. In this situation, after the Data Protection for VMware GUI help page displays, click at least two links within the help, then close the help. The next time that the help is started from the "Learn

more" link, it displays in the language that is specified by the locale setting of the VMware vSphere Client.

## IBM Spectrum Protect file restore interface

The interface content and message prompt language is determined by the language setting of the web browser that accesses the IBM Spectrum Protect file restore interface.

For error messages that are logged to the `fr_api.log` file, the IBM Spectrum Protect file restore interface uses the language that is specified by the locale setting of the system that runs the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI.

---

## Log file activity

Data Protection for VMware creates and modifies several log files during installation, back up, mount, and restore operations.

Data Protection for VMware log files are plain text files that use an `.sf` file extension.

**Windows** Logs are placed in the following directory:  
`%ALLUSERSPROFILE%\Tivoli\TSM\TDPVMware`  
The directories contain a subdirectory for each Data Protection for VMware component. For example, the recovery agent subdirectory is `\mount`, and the Recovery Agent command-line interface subdirectory is `\shell`.  
You can search for log files from the **Windows > Start** menu, by selecting **Control Panel > Search** and entering `*.log`.

**Linux** Logs are placed in both of the following paths:  
`<user.home>/tivoli/tsm/ve/mount/log`  
`/opt/tivoli/tsm/TDPVMware/mount/engine/var`  
You can search for log files by entering this command:  
`find /opt/tivoli/ -name "*.log"`

**Important:** Existing log files are overwritten every time an installation is started. If you encounter an installation issue and must reinstall the product, retrieve the existing `TDPVMwareInstallation.log` file from the `%allusersprofile%` directory before you try the installation again.

**Note:** While the Data Protection for VMware service is running, several log files are held in an open state. As a result, some file managers do not display the current state of these files, and might report a file size of zero. Selecting or opening one of these files forces the file manager to update the file's details.

## recovery agent log files

The recovery agent log file is `TDP_FOR_VMWARE_MOUNTnnn.sf`. The log file with the most recent data is stored in the log file with the `040` number (`TDP_FOR_VMWARE_MOUNT040.sf`). When a log file reaches the maximum size limit, a new log file is created. The log file name is the same except that the log file number decrements by one. Specifically, the data in the log file with the `040` number is copied to a log file with the `039` number. The log file with the `040` number contains the newest log file data. When `040` again reaches maximum file size, the `039` file contents move to `038` and the `040` information goes to `039` again.

## Data Protection for VMware GUI log files

The Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI places log files in this directory:

**Windows** C:\IBM\tivoli\tsm\tdpvmware\webserver\usr\servers\veProfile\logs

**Linux** /opt/tivoli/tsm/tdpvmware/common/webserver/usr/servers/veProfile/logs

When you are collecting log files, make sure to include all subdirectories in your compressed file.

## Data Protection for VMware command-line interface log files

The Data Protection for VMware command-line interface places log files in this directory:

**Windows** C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Tivoli\TDPVMware\VMwarePlugin\logs

**Linux** /opt/tivoli/tsm/tdpvmware/common/logs

When you are collecting log files, make sure to include all subdirectories in your compressed file.

## IBM Spectrum Protect file restore interface log files

The IBM Spectrum Protect file restore interface logs error messages to the fr\_api.log, fr\_gui.log, and messages.log files. These files are in the following default directory:

**Windows** C:\IBM\tivoli\tsm\tdpvmware\webserver\usr\servers\veProfile\logs

**Linux** /opt/tivoli/tsm/tdpvmware/common/webserver/usr/servers/veProfile/logs

You can change the name and location of the fr\_api.log file by setting the API\_LOG\_FILE\_NAME and API\_LOG\_FILE\_LOCATION options in the file restore log activity file (FRLog.config).

File restore operations are also logged by the IBM Spectrum Protect server. You can search these messages with a server administrative command-line client.

- To start an administrative client session in command-line mode, enter this command on your workstation:

```
dsmadm -id=admin -password=admin -dataonly=yes
```

By entering the **DSMADM** command with the **-ID** and **-PASSWORD** options as shown, you are not prompted for a user ID and password.

- To search the SQL summary extended table to view results about file restore operations, issue the **select** command from the administrative command-line client:

```
select * from SUMMARY_EXTENDED where ACTIVITY_TYPE='File Restore'
```

You can narrow the search by including one or more of the following criteria in the select statement:

```
- * ENTITY='DATA_MOVER_NODE_NAME'
- * AS_ENTITY='DATA_CENTER_NODE_NAME'
- * SUB_ENTITY='VM_HOST_NAME'
- * START_TIME='yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss'
```

For example:

```
select * from SUMMARY_EXTENDED where ACTIVITY_TYPE='File Restore'
and ENTITY='LOCAL_MP_WIN' and AS_ENTITY='DC_NODE' and SUB_ENTITY='testvm'
and START_TIME>'2017-03-11 17:30:00'
```

The START\_TIME criteria supports queries with the following signs: equal (=), less than (<), or greater than (>).

- To search the SQL activity log table to view events about file restore operations, issue the **select** command from the administrative command-line client:

```
select * from ACTLOG
```

You can narrow the search by including one or more of the following criteria in the select statement:

- \* NODENAME='DATA\_CENTER\_NODE\_NAME'
- \* DATE\_TIME='yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss'

For example:

```
select * from ACTLOG where NODENAME='DC_NODE' and DATE_TIME>'2017-03-11 17:30:00'
```

Specify the *DATA\_MOVER\_NODE\_NAME* and *DATA\_CENTER\_NODE\_NAME* in uppercase characters.

The DATE\_TIME criteria supports queries with the following signs: equal (=), less than (<), or greater than (>).

---

## Starting and running services for Data Protection for VMware

By default, when you start the Windows operating system, recovery agent is started under the Local System Account.

### Running recovery agent services on Microsoft Windows

When you start the recovery agent from the Windows Start menu, the service is automatically stopped. When the recovery agent, started from the Start menu finishes, the service starts automatically. In addition, for these operating systems, the service does not provide a GUI. In order to use the GUI, go to the Windows Start menu and select **All Programs > IBM Spectrum Protect > Data Protection for VMware > recovery agent**.

### Data Protection for VMware command-line interface

You can verify that the Data Protection for VMware command-line interface is running by completing the following task:

**Windows** Go to **Start > Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services** and verify that the status of Data Protection for VMware command-line interface is Started.

**Linux** Go to the scripts directory (/opt/tivoli/tsm/tdpvmware/common/scripts/) and issue this command:

```
./vmclid status
```

- If the daemon is not running, issue this command to manually start the daemon:  
/opt/tivoli/tsm/tdpvmware/common/scripts/vmcli --daemon

These init scripts can also be used to stop and start the daemon:



```
./vmclid stop
./vmclid start
```



---

## Appendix A. Advanced configuration tasks

You must manually configure and verify each component using the available application interfaces.

### Before you begin

Make sure that the following conditions exist before proceeding with this task:

- An IBM Spectrum Protect server must be available to register the nodes.
- The Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is installed on a system that meets the operating system prerequisites. It must have network connectivity to the following systems:
  - vStorage Backup Server
  - IBM Spectrum Protect server
  - vCenter Server

### Procedure

1. Log on to the IBM Spectrum Protect server and complete the tasks described in “Setting up the IBM Spectrum Protect nodes in a vSphere environment” on page 90.
2. Log on to the vStorage Backup Server and complete the tasks described in “Setting up the data mover nodes in a vSphere environment” on page 91.
3. Log on to the system where the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is installed and complete the tasks described in “Configuring the Data Protection for VMware command-line interface in a vSphere environment” on page 95.
4. On the system where the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is installed, start the vSphere Client and log on to the vCenter. If the vSphere Client is already running, you must stop and restart it.
5. Go to the Home directory in the vSphere Client. Click the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI icon in the Solutions and Applications panel.

**Tip:** If the icon is not shown, then the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI was not registered or a connection error occurred.

- a. In the vSphere Client menu, go to **Plug-ins > Manage Plug-ins** to start the Plug-in Manager.
- b. If you can locate the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI and a connection error occurred, verify connectivity to the machine where the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is installed by issuing the ping command.

### Results

The Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is ready for backup and restore operations.

---

## Setting up the IBM Spectrum Protect nodes in a vSphere environment

This procedure describes how to manually register nodes to the IBM Spectrum Protect server and grant proxy authority for these nodes in a vSphere environment.

### Before you begin

**Important:**

### About this task

All steps in this procedure are completed on the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

**Tip:** This task can also be completed by using the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI configuration wizard or edit configuration notebook. Start the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI by opening a web browser and going to the GUI web server. For example:

<https://guihost.mycompany.com:9081/TsmVMwareUI/>

Login by using the vCenter user name and password.

- For an initial configuration, go to **Configuration > Run Configuration Wizard**.
- For an existing configuration, go to **Configuration > Edit Configuration**.

### Procedure

1. Log on to the IBM Spectrum Protect server and start an administrative client session in command-line mode:  
`dsmadm -id=admin -password=admin -dataonly=yes`
2. Issue the **REGister Node** command to register the following nodes to the IBM Spectrum Protect server:
  - a. The node that represents the VMware vCenter (vCenter node):  
`REGister Node MY_VCNODE <password for MY_VCNODE>`
  - b. The node that communicates between IBM Spectrum Protect and the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI (VMCLI node):  
`REGister Node MY_VMCLINODE <password for MY_VMCLINODE>`
  - c. The node that represents the data center and is where the VM data is stored (datacenter node):  
`REGister Node MY_DCNODE <password for MY_DCNODE>`
  - d. The node that "moves data" from one system to another (data mover node):  
`REGister Node MY_DMNODE <password for MY_DMNODE>`

**Attention:** When registering nodes to the IBM Spectrum Protect server, do not use the `userid` parameter.

3. Issue the **GRant PROXynode** command to define proxy relationships for these nodes:

**Remember:** Target nodes own the data and agent nodes act on behalf of the target nodes. When granted proxy authority to a target node, an agent node can perform backup and restore operations for the target node.

- a. Grant proxy authority to the vCenter node by issuing this command:  
`GRant PROXynode TArget=MY_VCNODE AGent=MY_DCNODE,MY_VMCLINODE`

This command grants MY\_DCNODE and MY\_VMCLINODE the authority to backup and restore VMs on behalf of MY\_VCNODE.

- b. Grant proxy authority to the datacenter node by issuing this command:  
GRant PROXynode TArget=MY\_DCNODE AGent=MY\_VMCLINODE,MY\_DMNODE

This command grants MY\_VMCLINODE and MY\_DMNODE the authority to backup and restore VMs on behalf of MY\_DCNODE.

- c. (Optional) Grant proxy authority to any additional datacenter nodes or data mover nodes in your environment.
- d. Verify the proxy relationships by issuing the IBM Spectrum Protect server Query PROXynode command. The expected command output is shown here:  
The expected command output is:

| Target Node | Agent Node             |
|-------------|------------------------|
| MY_VCNODE   | MY_DCNODE MY_VMCLINODE |
| MY_DCNODE   | MY_VMCLINODE MY_DMNODE |

What to do next

After successfully setting up the IBM Spectrum Protect nodes, the next manual configuration task is to set up the data mover nodes as described in “Setting up the data mover nodes in a vSphere environment.”

Setting up the data mover nodes in a vSphere environment

If you offload backup workloads to a vStorage backup server in a vSphere environment, set up the data mover nodes to run the operation and move the data to the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

Before you begin

**Important:** If the data mover is installed on the same Windows system as the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI and **Create Services** was selected during the data mover configuration, the following steps are not required.

In a standard Data Protection for VMware environment, a separate dsm.opt file (Windows) or dsm.sys file stanza (Linux) is used for each data mover node. When multiple data mover nodes on a vStorage Backup Server are used for data deduplication, and these nodes have authority to move data for the same datacenter node, then each dsm.opt file or dsm.sys file stanza must include a different value for the dedupcachepath option. For best results, specify a different schedlogname and errorlogname option for each dsm.opt file or dsm.sys file stanza. The minimum set of required options is provided in Step 2.

A physical data mover node typically uses the SAN to back up and restore data. If you configure the data mover node to directly access the storage volumes, turn off automatic drive letter assignment. If you do not turn off letter assignments, the client on the data mover node might corrupt the Raw Data Mapping (RDM) of the virtual disks. If the RDM of the virtual disks is corrupted, backups fail.

**Restriction:** Data Protection for VMware does not support scheduling the vStorage Backup Server (that is used as the data mover) to back up itself. Make sure that

the vStorage Backup Server is excluded from its own schedules. Use a different vStorage Backup Server to perform the backup of a VM that contains a vStorage Backup Server.

**Required services:** The data mover requires the client acceptor service, the remote client agent service, and the data mover scheduler service as described in the following steps. If you remove a data mover from a datacenter, uninstall and delete these services for the data mover.

## About this task

**Tip:** All steps in this procedure are completed on the vStorage Backup Server.

## Procedure

1. Create the dsm.opt or dsm.sys options file in the following location:
  - **Windows:** C:\Program Files\tivoli\tsm\baclient
  - **Linux:** /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin
2. Copy the options from the sample options file for the data mover to the dsm.opt or dsm.sys file. To find the sample file for the data mover:
  - Open a web browser and enter the GUI web server address. For example:  
<https://guihost.mycompany.com:9081/TsmVMwareUI/>
  - Log in with the vCenter user name and password, and ensure that **Configuration mode** is selected.
  - In the configuration wizard, go to the Data Mover Nodes page.
  - Locate the data mover that you want, and click **View**.
  - Copy the sample options from the **Windows** or **Linux** tab in to the options file.

You can update these options if required for your environment.

For a description of the options, see Options reference.

For instant access, instant restore, or mount (file restore) operations, make sure to add VMISCSISERVERADDRESS to the data mover options file. Specify the iSCSI server IP address of the network card on the vStorage Backup Server that is used for the iSCSI data transfer during instant operations. The physical network interface card (NIC) that is bound to the iSCSI device on the ESX host must be on the same subnet as the NIC on the vStorage Backup Server that is used for the iSCSI transfer.

3. Issue this command to set the VMware vCenter user and password for the data mover node:  

```
dsmc set password -type=vm vcenter.mycompany.xyz.com <administrator> <password1>
```
4. Set up the client acceptor service and data mover scheduler service by completing the following tasks:

- **Windows** This procedure uses the IBM Spectrum Protect Client GUI Configuration wizard to set up the client acceptor service and scheduler service. By default, the remote client agent service is also set up through the wizard. If you use the IBM Spectrum Protect Client Service Configuration Utility (**dsmcutil**) for this task, make sure to also install the remote client agent service.

Start the IBM Spectrum Protect Client Configuration wizard from the file menu by going to **Utilities > Setup Wizard**:

- Select **Help me configure the TSM Web Client**. Enter the information as prompted.

- a. In the When do you want the service to start? option, select **Automatically when Windows boots.**
- b. In the Would you like to start the service upon completion of this wizard? option, select **Yes.**

When the operation completes successfully, return to the wizard welcome page and proceed to Step b.

**Tip:** When you configure more than one data mover node on the same machine, you must specify a different port value for each client acceptor instance.

- Select Help me configure the TSM Client Scheduler. Enter the information as prompted.
  - a. When you enter the scheduler name, make sure to select the **Use the Client Acceptor daemon (CAD) to manage the scheduler** option.
  - b. In the When do you want the service to start? option, select **Automatically when Windows boots.**
  - c. In the Would you like to start the service upon completion of this wizard? option, select **Yes.**
- **Linux** For the data mover on Linux, complete the following steps:

- a. Specify the following options in the `dsm.sys` file, in the stanza for the data mover node:

- Specify the `managedservices` option with these two parameters:  
`managedservices schedule webclient`

This setting directs the client acceptor to manage both the web client and the scheduler.

- (Optional) If you want to direct schedule and error information to log files other than the default files, specify the `schedlogname` and `errorlogname` options with the fully qualified path and file name in which to store log information. For example:

```
schedlogname /vmsched/dsmsched_dm.log
errorlogname /vmsched/dsmerror_dm.log
```

- b. Start the client acceptor service:

The installation program creates a startup script for the client acceptor (`dsmcad`) in `/etc/init.d`. The client acceptor must be started before it can manage scheduler tasks, or manage the web client. As root, complete the following steps:

- 1) Configure the client acceptor service and data mover scheduler service to act as a vStorage Backup Server. You must check or set the `LD_LIBRARY_PATH` environment variable to the client installation directory and the Java shared library `libjvm.so`. The path to `libjvm.so` is also used for tagging support when you enable the `vmtagdatamover` client option on the data mover.

Ensure that Java software is installed and the `JAVA_HOME` environment variable is exported correctly.

The following paths are typical examples of the path to `libjvm.so`:

- For IBM Java: `$JAVA_HOME/jre/bin/classic/libjvm.so`
- For Oracle Java: `$JAVA_HOME/jre/lib/amd64/server/libjvm.so`

You must check or set the `LD_LIBRARY_PATH` environment variable in the `/etc/init.d/dsmcad` file. For example:

- For IBM Java, check or set the following environment variable:

```
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin:$JAVA_HOME/jre/bin/classic
```

– For Oracle Java, check or set the following environment variable:

```
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin:$JAVA_HOME/jre/lib/amd64/server
```

2) Start the client acceptor by issuing the following command:

```
service dsmsvc start
```

To enable the client acceptor to start automatically after a system restart, add the service as follows, at a shell prompt:

```
chkconfig --add dsmsvc
```

**Tip:** If you want to run the **dsmsvc** command directly from the Linux command-line, you must also apply the LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH environment variable to the command shell.

5. Start a data mover command-line session with the **-asnodename** and **-optfile** command-line parameters:

```
dsmsvc -asnodename=VC1_DC1 -optfile=dsmsvc_DM1.opt
```

Make sure that after your initial sign-on, you are not prompted for your password.

**Attention:** To prevent the IBM Spectrum Protect scheduler from failing, make sure that the **asnodename** option is not set in the **dsmsvc.opt** file (Windows) or **dsmsvc.sys** file stanza (Linux). The scheduler queries the IBM Spectrum Protect server for schedules associated with **nodename** (data mover node), not **asnodename** (datacenter node). If **asnodename** is set in **dsmsvc.opt** or **dsmsvc.sys**, schedules associated with **asnodename** (and not **nodename**) are queried. As a result, scheduling operations fail.

Complete these tasks:

a. Verify the connection to the IBM Spectrum Protect server by issuing this command:

```
dsmsvc query session
```

This command shows information about your session, including the current node name, when the session was established, server information, and server connection information.

b. Verify you can back up a VM by issuing this command:

```
dsmsvc backup vm vm1
```

In Steps 5b and 5d, **vm1** is the name of the VM.

c. Verify that the backup completed successfully by issuing this command:

```
dsmsvc query vm "*"
```

d. Verify that the VM can be restored by issuing this command:

```
dsmsvc restore vm vm1 -vmname=vm1-restore
```

6. Verify that the client acceptor and agent are set up correctly:

a. In a web browser, enter IBM Spectrum Protect vSphere Client plug-in address. For example:

```
https://guihost.mycompany.com/vsphere-client/
```

b. Log in with the vCenter user name and password.

c. In the vSphere Web Client, click **IBM Spectrum Protect > Configure > Data Movers**.

d. Ensure that **Verified** is shown in the **Status** column for the data mover. If **Failed** is shown, hover over the status to view the failure message.



**Tip:** When the IP address changes on the system where the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is installed, you must complete the following:

- a. Set up the client acceptor again so that the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI becomes enabled for operations. Otherwise, the Plug-in Manager shows the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI status as disabled.

---

## Configuring the Data Protection for VMware command-line interface in a vSphere environment

Update the Data Protection for VMware command-line interface profile on the system where the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is installed.

### Before you begin

The profile (vmcliprofile) is located in this directory on the system where the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is installed:

**Linux** /opt/tivoli/tsm/tdpvmware/common/scripts

**Windows** 64-bit: C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Tivoli\TDPVMware\VMwarePlugin\scripts

### About this task

All steps in this procedure are completed on the system where the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is installed.

**Tip:** This task can also be completed by using the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI configuration wizard or configuration notebook. Go to the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI Configuration window and click **Run Configuration Wizard** or **Edit Configuration**.

### Procedure

1. Update the profile with these settings:

#### VE\_TSMCLI\_NODE\_NAME

Specify the node that connects the Data Protection for VMware command-line interface to the IBM Spectrum Protect server and the agent node (MY\_VMCLINODE).

**Restriction:** The VMCLI node does not support the SSL protocol or LDAP authentication when communicating with the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

#### VE\_VCENTER\_NODE\_NAME

Specify the virtual node that represents a vCenter (MY\_VCNODE).

#### VE\_DATACENTER\_NAME

Specify the virtual node that maps to a data center. The correct syntax is shown here:

datacenter\_name::datacenter\_node\_name

- The datacenter\_name value is case-sensitive.
- Make sure to set this parameter for each data center in your environment (MY\_DCNODE).

- The Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI does not support data centers with the same name in the vCenter.

#### VE\_TSM\_SERVER\_NAME

Specify the hostname or IP of the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

#### VE\_TSM\_SERVER\_PORT

Specify the port name to use for the IBM Spectrum Protect server. The default value is 1500.

An example profile with these settings is provided here:

```
VE_TSMCLI_NODE_NAME MY_VMCLINODE
VE_VCENTER_NODE_NAME MY_VCNODE
VE_DATACENTER_NAME MyDatacenter1::MY_DCNODE
VE_TSM_SERVER_NAME tsmserver.mycompany.xyz.com
VE_TSM_SERVER_PORT 1500
```

- Set the VMCLI node password in the `pwd.txt` file.  
This password is for the node that connects the Data Protection for VMware command-line interface to the IBM Spectrum Protect server and the data mover node. It is specified by the `VE_TSMCLI_NODE_NAME` profile parameter.
  - Issue the `echo` command to create a text file that contains the password:
 

**Linux** `echo password1 > pwd.txt`

**Windows** `echo password1> pwd.txt`

**Windows** A space must not exist between the password (`password1`) and the greater-than sign (`>`).
  - Issue this `vmcli` command to set the password for the VMCLI node:  
`vmcli -f set_password -I pwd.txt`

#### Important:

- **Linux** You must issue the `vmcli -f set_password` command as `tdpvmware` user, and not as `root`.
- **Linux** **Windows** If you plan to generate application protection reports, you must specify the **-type VMGuest** parameter to identify that the password applies to a VM. For example:  
`vmcli -f set_password -type VMGuest -I password.txt`

- Verify that the Data Protection for VMware command-line interface is running:

**Windows** Click **Start > Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services** and verify that the status of Data Protection for VMware command-line interface is **Started**.

**Linux** Go to the scripts directory (`/opt/tivoli/tsm/tdpvmware/common/scripts/`) and issue this command:

```
./vmclid status
```

- If the daemon is running, proceed to Step 4.
- If the daemon is not running, issue this command to manually start the daemon:

```
/opt/tivoli/tsm/tdpvmware/common/scripts/vmcli --daemon
```

These init scripts can also be used to stop and start the daemon:

```
./vmclid stop
./vmclid start
```

4. Issue this vmcli command to verify that the Data Protection for VMware command-line interface recognizes the IBM Spectrum Protect node configuration:
 

```
vmcli -f inquire_config -t TSM
```
5. Validate the nodes to confirm that no configuration errors occurred:
  - a. Start the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI by clicking the icon in the Solutions and Applications window of the vSphere Client.
  - b. Go to the Configuration window.
  - c. Select a node in the table and click **Validate Selected Node**. Status information is shown in the Status Details pane.

## What to do next

**Linux** **Windows** After successfully completing the three manual configuration tasks described in this section:

1. “Setting up the IBM Spectrum Protect nodes in a vSphere environment” on page 90
2. “Setting up the data mover nodes in a vSphere environment” on page 91

No additional configuration tasks are required to back up your VM data.

---

## vSphere environment command-line interface configuration checklist

Use this procedure to configure Data Protection for VMware in a vSphere environment by using a command-line interface only.

### Procedure

Complete Step 1 and Step 2 on the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

1. Register the following nodes to the IBM Spectrum Protect server:
  - a. The node that represents the VMware vCenter (vCenter node):
 

```
REGister Node MY_VCNode <password for MY_VCNode>
```
  - b. The node that communicates between IBM Spectrum Protect and the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI (VMCLI node):
 

```
REGister Node MY_VMCLINode <password for MY_VMCLINode>
```
  - c. The node that represents the data center and is where the VM data is stored (datacenter node):
 

```
REGister Node MY_DCNode <password for MY_DCNode>
```
  - d. The node that "moves data" from one system to another (data mover node):
 

```
REGister Node MY_DMNode <password for MY_DMNode>
```
2. Define proxy relationships for these nodes:
  - a. Grant proxy authority to the vCenter node by issuing this command:
 

```
GRant PROXynode Target=MY_VCNode AGent=MY_DCNode,MY_VMCLINode
```

This command grants MY\_DCNode and MY\_VMCLINode the authority to back up and restore VMs on behalf of MY\_VCNode.
  - b. Grant proxy authority to the datacenter node by issuing this command:
 

```
GRant PROXynode Target=MY_DCNode AGent=MY_VMCLINode,MY_DMNode
```

This command grants MY\_VMCLINODE and MY\_DMNODE the authority to back up and restore VMs on behalf of MY\_DCNODE.

- c. (Optional) Grant proxy authority to any additional datacenter nodes or data mover nodes in your environment.
- d. Verify the proxy relationships by issuing the IBM Spectrum Protect server Query PROXynode command. The expected command output is shown here:

| Target Node | Agent Node             |
|-------------|------------------------|
| MY_VCNODE   | MY_DCNODE MY_VMCLINODE |
| MY_DCNODE   | MY_VMCLINODE MY_DMNODE |

Complete Steps 3 through 9 on the vStorage Backup Server.

3. Set the appropriate values for the following data mover options:

- **Windows** Specify these options in the dsm.opt options file.
- **Linux** Specify these options in the dsm.sys file, in the stanza for the data mover node.

```
NODENAME
PASSWORDACCESS
VMCHOST
VMBACKUPTYPE
MANAGEDSERVICES
TCPSERVERADDRESS
TCPPOINT
COMMMETHOD
HTTPPORT
```

**Note:** The HTTPPORT is required only when more than one Client Acceptor Service (CAD) is used. For example, if there are two data mover nodes (and two CAD services), then the option file for each data mover node must specify a different HTTPPORT value.

An example dsm.dm.opt file with these options is provided here:

```
NODename MY_DMNODE
PASSWORDAccess generate
VMCHost vcenter.storage.usca.example.com
VMBACKUPType Fullvm
MANAGEDServices schedule webclient
TCPServeraddress tsmserver.mycompany.xyz.com
TCPPOINT 1500
COMMMethod tcpip
HTTPPORT 1583
```

4. Verify the connection to the IBM Spectrum Protect server by issuing this command:  
dsmc query session
5. Issue this command to set the VMware vCenter user and password for the data mover node:  
dsmc set password -type=vm vcenter.mycompany.xyz.com <administrator>  
<password1>
6. Set up the following IBM Spectrum Protect services:

- **Windows**
  - a. Install the Scheduler Service:  
dsmcutil install scheduler /name:"TSM Central Scheduler Service"  
/node:MY\_DMNODE /password:MY\_DMNODEPWD /startnow:no /autostart:no
  - b. Install the CAD:

```
dsmcutil install cad /name:"TSM CAD - MY_DMNODE" /node:MY_DMNODE
/password:MY_DMNODEPWD /optfile:c:\tsm\baclient\dsm.dm.opt
/cadschedname:"TSM Central Scheduler Service" /startnow:no /autostart:yes
```

c. Install the Remote Client Agent Service:

```
dsmcutil install remoteagent /name:"TSM AGENT" /node:MY_DMNODE
/password:MY_DMNODEPWD /optfile:c:\tsm\baclient\dsm.dm.opt
/partnername:"TSM CAD - MY_DMNODE" /startnow:no
```

- **Linux** Specify the `manageservices` option in the `dsm.sys` file, in the stanza for the data mover node:

Make sure to specify the `schedule` and `webclient` parameters:

```
manageservices schedule webclient
```

This setting directs the client acceptor to manage both the Web client and the scheduler.

7. **Linux** To configure the Client Acceptor Service and Data Mover Scheduler Service to act as a vStorage Backup Server, set the following environment variable in the `/etc/init.d/dsmcad` file:

```
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin
```

8. **Linux** Start the Client Acceptor Service: The installation program creates a startup script for the client acceptor daemon (`dsmcad`) in `/etc/init.d`. The client acceptor daemon must be started before it can manage scheduler tasks, or manage the web client. As root, use the following command to start the daemon:

```
service dsmcad start
```

To enable the Client Acceptor Daemon to start automatically after a system restart, add the service as follows, at a shell prompt:

```
chkconfig --add dsmcad
```

9. Verify that the IBM Spectrum Protect services are set up correctly:
  - a. Log on to a remote system.
  - b. Use a web browser to connect to the HOST1 system by using this address and port:  
`http://HOST1.xyz.yourcompany.com:1581`

Complete Step 10 on the system where the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI is installed.

10. Set the appropriate values for the following options in the Data Protection for VMware command-line interface profile (`vmcliprofile`):

```
VE_TSMCLI_NODE_NAME
VE_VCENTER_NODE_NAME
VE_DATACENTER_NAME
VE_TSM_SERVER_NAME
VE_TSM_SERVER_PORT
```

An example profile with these options is provided here:

```
VE_TSMCLI_NODE_NAME MY_VMCLINODE
VE_VCENTER_NODE_NAME MY_VCNODE
VE_DATACENTER_NAME MyDatacenter1::MY_DCNODE
VE_TSM_SERVER_NAME tsmserver.mycompany.xyz.com
VE_TSM_SERVER_PORT 1500
```

The profile is in the following directories:

**Linux** `/opt/tivoli/tsm/tdpvmware/common/scripts`

**Windows** 64-bit: C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Tivoli\TDPVMware\VMwarePlugin\scripts

a. Set the password for the VMCLI node:

- 1) Issue the echo command to create a text file that contains the password:

**Linux**

```
echo password1 > pwd.txt
```

**Windows**

```
echo password1> pwd.txt
```

- 2) Issue this vmcli command to set the password for the VMCLI node:

**Important:** **Linux** You must issue this command as tdpvmware user, and not as root.

```
vmcli -f set_password -I pwd.txt
```

- b. Verify that the Data Protection for VMware command-line interface is running:

**Windows**

Issue this command from a Windows command prompt:

```
net start
```

**Linux**

Issue this command:

```
./vmclid status
```

- c. Issue this vmcli command to verify that the Data Protection for VMware command-line interface recognizes the IBM Spectrum Protect node configuration:

```
vmcli -f inquire_config -t TSM
```

---

## Tape configuration guidelines

Review these guidelines before attempting backup operations to tape storage.

### Preparing for backup to tape

**Linux** **Windows** Before attempting a backup to tape, these parameters must be set on the IBM Spectrum Protect server for your tape backups:

1. Define the management class:

```
define mgmtclass <domain name> <policy set name> <mgmtclass name>
```

For example:

```
define mgmtclass tape tape DISK
```

2. Define the copy group:

```
define copygroup <domain name> <policy set name> <mgmtclass name>
destination=<stgpool name>
```

For example:

```
define copygroup tape tape DISK destination=Diskpool
```

3. Activate the policy set:

```
activate policyset <domain name> <policy set name>
```

For example:

```
activate policyset tape tape
```

When configuring backup to physical tape, there are additional configuration requirements. You must always keep IBM Spectrum Protect metadata (control files) on disk and the actual VM backup data on tape.

- Use the VMMC option to store the VMware backups (and VMware control files) with a management class other than the default management class.
- Use the VMCTLMC option to specify the management class to use specifically for VMware control files during VMware backups. The management class that you specify overrides the default management class. It also overrides the management class specified by the VMMC option. The VMCTLMC management class must specify a disk storage pool, with no migration to tape.
- The VMMC option is always used to control the retention on VM backups. This option applies to both disk and tape configurations. VMCTLMC is not used for the retention of the control files. The control and data files are part of the same grouping and are expired together based on the retention policy of the VMMC option. When both options are set, VMMC is used for data files and VMCTLMC is used for control files.

**Restriction:** Restore operations that use storage agents in LAN-free configurations might restore files from a copy storage pool even though the data might be retrievable from a primary storage pool. This might happen if the restore request is for a specific file, or the restore request is not using the no-query method, and the primary copy of the file is stored in a storage pool that is not accessible through a LAN-free path. This can also affect non-restore situations such as Data Protection for VMware backup operations. In a Data Protection for VMware environment, the preferred storage method for VM control files is disk, such that a mount is not needed to restore the file during the incremental backup process. These VM control files not only need to be placed on disk, but they should not be backed up to a copy storage pool that is available through a LAN-free path. If they are, a tape mount will be used to restore the files during a LAN-free incremental backup from a Data Protection for VMware client.

If the IBM Spectrum Protect server environment uses disk to tape migration, consider the following guidelines before migrating:

- Set the disk storage pool MIGDELAY to a value that supports most mount requests to be satisfied from disk. Typical usage patterns indicate that a high percentage of individual file recoveries occurs within few days. For example, usually 3 - 5 days from the time a file was last modified. Therefore, consider keeping data on disk for this brief period to optimize recovery operations.  
In addition, if client side deduplication is being used with the disk storage pool, set the MIGDELAY option that accommodates frequent full VM backups. Do not migrate data from the deduplicated storage pool to tape until at least two full backups are completed for a VM. When data is moved to tape, it is no longer deduplicated. For example, if full backups are run weekly, consider setting MIGDELAY to a value of at least 10 days. This setting ensures that each full backup identifies and uses duplicate data from the previous backup before being moved to tape.
- Use a device class file storage pool rather than a DISK device class storage pool. A typical value for a volume size, specified by a device class MAXCAPACITY parameter, would be 8 GB to 16 GB. For the associated storage pool, consider applying collocation by file space. Each VM that is backed up is represented as a

separate file space in the IBM Spectrum Protect server. Collocating by file space saves the data from multiple incremental backups for a given VM in the same volume (disk file). When migration to tape occurs, collocation by file space locates multiple incremental backups for a given VM together on a physical tape.

Use the **Settings** dialog to set the Tape Mode value.

A backup operation becomes interrupted when a mount or instant restore operation requires the same tape storage simultaneously in use by the backup operation.

---

## Manually configuring an iSCSI device on a Linux system

### Linux

This procedure describes how to configure a Linux system that is used during an iSCSI mount operation. The VM snapshot is mounted from IBM Spectrum Protect server storage.

### Before you begin

During an iSCSI mount, an iSCSI target is created on the Recovery Agent system. Microsoft iSCSI Initiator is not required on the Recovery Agent system.

**Tip:** Open-iSCSI Initiator is provided with Red Hat Enterprise Linux and SUSE Linux Enterprise Server.

Review the following iSCSI requirements before you proceed with this task:

- You can connect to the iSCSI target from any system to create a volume that contains the backup data. You can mount this volume from another system.
- An iSCSI initiator is required on any system that must connect to the iSCSI target.
- An iSCSI initiator must be installed on the system where the data is to be restored.
- If a volume spans several disks, you must mount all the required disks. When mirrored volumes are used, mount only one of the mirrored disks. Mounting one disk prevents a time-consuming synchronization operation.

### About this task

Complete these steps to configure the Linux system that is used during an iSCSI mount operation:

### Procedure

1. Record the iSCSI initiator name on the system where data is to be restored. The iSCSI initiator name is located in the `/etc/iscsi/initiatorname.iscsi` file. If the `InitiatorName=` value is empty, create an initiator name with the following command:

```
twaus1bkpoc01:~ # /sbin/iscsi-iname
```

Here is an example initiator name:

```
iqn.2005-03.org.open-iscsi:3f5058b1d0a0
```

2. Add the initiator name to the `/etc/iscsi/initiatorname.iscsi` file.



- a. Edit the `/etc/iscsi/initiatorname.iscsi` file with **vi** command. For example:  

```
twauslbpoc01:~ # vi /etc/iscsi/initiatorname.iscsi
```
- b. Update the **InitiatorName=** parameter with the initiator name. For example:  

```
InitiatorName=iqn.2005-03.org.open-iscsi:3f5058b1d0a0
```
3. Complete the following steps on the system where the recovery agent (or iSCSI target) is installed:
  - a. Start the recovery agent. Complete the Select IBM Spectrum Protect server and Select snapshot dialogs and click **Mount**.
  - b. In the Choose mount destination dialog, select Mount an iSCSI target.
  - c. Create a target name. Make sure that it is unique and that you can identify it from the system that runs the iSCSI initiator. For example:  

```
iscsi-mount-tsm4ve
```
  - d. Enter the iSCSI Initiator name that was recorded in Step 1 and click **OK**.
  - e. Verify that the volume you just mounted is displayed in the Mounted Volumes field.
4. Locate and start the iSCSI Initiator program on the initiator system that was selected in Step 1:
  - a. Verify that the iSCSI service is running by issuing this command:  
Red Hat Enterprise Linux:  

```
service iscsi status
```

  
SUSE Linux Enterprise Server:  

```
service open-iscsi status
```

  
If the service is not running, issuing this command to start the service:  
Red Hat Enterprise Linux:  

```
service iscsi start
```

  
SUSE Linux Enterprise Server:  

```
service open-iscsi start
```
  - b. Connect to the iSCSI target by issuing this command:  

```
iscsiadm -m discovery -t sendtargets -p <IP/hostname of recovery agent system> --login
```
  - c. Verify that a new raw device is available by issuing this command:  

```
fdisk -l
```
5. Mount the file system:  
For a non-LVM volume, issue the following commands. In this example, the new device is `/dev/sdb1`:  

```
mkdir /mountdir
mount /dev/sdb1 /mountdir
```

  
For an LVM volume, complete the following tasks on the Linux guest:
  - a. Make sure that the `vgimportclone` script is available on the Linux system. This script is not shipped in the base (default) LVM package. As a result, you might need to update the LVM package to a level which provides this script.
  - b. Issue the **vgimportclone** command and include a new base volume group name (`VolGroupSnap01`). For example:  

```
vgimportclone --basevgname /dev/VolGroupSnap01 /dev/sdb1
```

- c. Issue the **lvchange** command to mark the logical volume as active. For example:  
`lvchange -a y /dev/VolGroupSnap01/LogVol00`
  - d. Issue these commands to mount the volume:  
`mkdir /mountdir`  
`mount -o ro /dev/VolGroupSnap01/LogVol00 /mountdir`
6. After the file restore operation completes, issue these commands:
- For a non-LVM volume, issue the following commands:
    - a. Unmount the file system:  
`umount /dev/sdb1 /mountdir`
    - b. Remove the volume. If the volume is part of a volume group, first remove the volume from the volume group by issuing the following command:  
`vgreduce <your_volume_group> /dev/sdb1`

Then issue this command to remove the volume:  
`pvremove /dev/sdb1`
  - c. Log out of a single target:  
`iscsiadm --mode node --targetname <target_name> --logout`
  - d. Log out of all targets:  
`iscsiadm --mode node --logout`
  - For an LVM volume, complete the following tasks on the Linux guest:
    - a. Unmount the file system:  
`umount /mountdir`
    - b. Remove the logical volume:  
`lvm lvremove LogVol00`
    - c. Remove the volume group:  
`lvm vgremove VolGroupSnap01`
    - d. Log out of a single target:  
`iscsiadm --mode node --targetname <target_name> --logout`
    - e. Log out of all targets:  
`iscsiadm --mode node --logout`

---

## Manually configuring an iSCSI device on a Windows system

### Windows

This procedure describes how to configure a Windows system that is used during an iSCSI mount operation. The snapshot is mounted from IBM Spectrum Protect server storage.

### Before you begin

Review the following iSCSI requirements before you proceed with this task:

- During an iSCSI mount, an iSCSI target is created on the recovery agent system. You can connect to the iSCSI target from any system to create a volume that contains the backup data. Also, you can then mount this volume from another system.
- iSCSI initiator is required on any system that must connect to the iSCSI target.

- Make sure that an iSCSI initiator is installed on the system where the data is to be restored.
- Microsoft iSCSI Initiator is not required on the recovery agent system.

Review the following disk and volume requirements before you proceed with this task:

- If a volume spans several disks, you must mount all the required disks. When mirrored volumes are used, mount only one of the mirrored disks. Mounting one disk prevents a time-consuming synchronization operation.
- If multiple dynamic disks were used on the backup system, these disks are assigned to the same group. As a result, Windows Disk Manager might consider some disks as missing and issue an error message when you mount only one disk. Ignore this message. The data on the backed up disk is still accessible, unless some of the data is on the other disk. This issue can be solved by mounting all the dynamic disks.

## About this task

Complete these tasks to configure the Windows system that is used during an iSCSI mount operation:

## Procedure

1. On the recovery agent system, open port 3260 in the LAN firewall and the Windows client firewall. Record the iSCSI initiator name on the system where data is to be restored.

The iSCSI initiator name is shown in the iSCSI initiator configuration window of the Control Panel. For example:

`iqn.1991-05.com.microsoft:hostname`

2. Complete these tasks on the system where the recovery agent (or iSCSI target) is installed:
  - a. Start the recovery agent GUI. Complete the Select IBM Spectrum Protect server and Select snapshot dialogs and click **Mount**.
  - b. In the Choose mount destination dialog, select **Mount an iSCSI target**.
  - c. Create a target name. Make sure that it is unique and that you can identify it from the system that runs the iSCSI initiator. For example:  
`iscsi-mount-tsm4ve`
  - d. Enter the iSCSI Initiator name that was recorded in Step 1 and click **OK**.
  - e. Verify that the volume you just mounted is displayed in the Mounted Volumes field.
  - f. When you use the Recovery Agent in an iSCSI network, and the Recovery Agent does not use a data mover, go to the `C:\ProgramData\Tivoli\TSM\RecoveryAgent\mount\RecoveryAgent.conf` file and specify the `[IMOUNT]` tag and **Target IP** parameter:  

```
[IMOUNT config]
Target IP=<IP address of the network card on the system
that exposes the iSCSI targets.>
```

For example:

```
[General config]
param1
param2
...
[IMount config]
Target IP=9.11.153.39
```

After you add or change the Target IP parameter, restart the Recovery Agent GUI or Recovery Agent CLI.

3. Locate and start the iSCSI Initiator program on the initiator system that was selected in Step 1:
  - a. Connect to the iSCSI target:
    - 1) In the Targets tab, enter the TCP/IP address of the recovery agent (iSCSI target) used in Step 2 in the Target: dialog. Click **Quick Connect**.
    - 2) The Quick Connect dialog shows a target that matches the target name that was specified in Step 2c. If it is not already connected, select this target and click **Connect**.
  - b. On the initiator system, go to **Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Computer Management > Storage > Disk Management**.
    - 1) If the mounted iSCSI target is listed as Type=Foreign, right-click **Foreign Disk** and select **Import Foreign Disks**. The Foreign Disk Group is selected. Click **OK**.
    - 2) The next screen shows the type, condition, and size of the Foreign Disk. Click **OK** and wait for the disk to be imported.
    - 3) When the disk import completes, press **F5** (refresh). The mounted iSCSI snapshot is visible and contains an assigned drive letter. If drive letters are not automatically assigned, right-click the required partition and select **Change Drive Letters or Paths**. Click **Add** and select a drive letter.
4. Open Windows Explorer (or other utility) and browse the mounted snapshot for a file restore operation.
5. After the file is restored, complete these tasks:
  - a. Disconnect each iSCSI target by using the iSCSI Initiator Properties dialog.
  - b. Dismount the volume from Step 2 by selecting the volume in the recovery agent GUI and clicking **Dismount**.

---

## Manually configuring the mount proxy nodes on a Linux system

Linux

Complete this task to add a mount proxy node to a remote Linux system.

### Before you begin

In a standard Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI environment, a separate `dsm.sys` file stanza is used for each mount proxy node. All steps in this procedure are completed by using the data mover that is installed on the backup server.

### About this task

This task sets up the mount proxy nodes by updating the data mover options and verifying connectivity to the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

## Procedure

1. Specify these options in the `dsm.sys` file, in the stanza for the mount proxy node.

### **NODENAME**

Specify the name of a previously defined mount proxy node. IBM Spectrum Protect schedules are associated with this node.

### **PASSWORDACCESS**

Specify `GENERATE` so that the password is generated automatically (instead of a user prompt).

### **MANAGEDSERVICES**

Specify this option to direct the client acceptor to manage both the Web client and the scheduler (`schedule webclient`).

### **TCPSERVERADDRESS**

Specify the TCP/IP address for the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

### **TCPPORT**

Specify the TCP/IP port address for the IBM Spectrum Protect server.

### **COMMMETHOD**

Specify the communication method to be used by the IBM Spectrum Protect server. For mount proxy nodes, you must specify TCP/IP as the communication method. Operations fail if another method is specified.

### **HTTPPORT**

This option specifies a TCP/IP port address and is must be specified only when more than one Client Acceptor Service (CAD) is used. For example, if there are two mount proxy nodes (and two CAD services), then the option file for each mount proxy node must specify a different HTTPPORT value.

**Restriction:** Do not enable the LAN-free option (`ENABLELANFREE YES`) in the `dsm.sys` file. This option is not supported for mount proxy nodes.

An example `dsm.sys` file with these settings is provided here:

```
Servname tsm_server1
 NODename datacenter1_MP_LNX
 PASSWORDAccess generate
 MANAGEDServices schedule webclient
 TCPServeraddress tsmserver.myco.com
 TCPPort 1500
 COMMMethod tcpip
 HTTPPORT 1583
```

2. Issue this command to set the VMware vCenter user and password for the mount proxy node:  
`dsmc set password -type=vm vcenter.mycompany.xyz.com <administrator>  
<password1>`
3. Start a data mover command-line session with the `-asnodename` and `-optfile` command-line parameters:  
`dsmc -asnodename=vctr1_datacenter1 -optfile=dsm_MP_LNX.sys`  
Make sure that after your initial sign-on, you are not prompted for your password.

**Attention:** To prevent the IBM Spectrum Protect scheduler from failing, make sure that the `asnodename` option is not set in the `dsm.sys` file stanza (Linux). The scheduler queries the IBM Spectrum Protect server for schedules that are associated with `nodename` (mount proxy node), not `asnodename` (datacenter node). If `asnodename` is set in `dsm.sys`, schedules that are associated with `asnodename` (and not `nodename`) are queried. As a result, scheduling operations fail.

4. Verify the connection to the IBM Spectrum Protect server by issuing this command:  
`dsmc query session`  
 This command shows information about your session, including the current node name, when the session was established, server information, and server connection information.
5. Set up the Client Acceptor Service (CAD) and Data Mover Scheduler Service by completing these tasks:
  - Specify these options in the `dsm.sys` file, in the stanza for the mount proxy node:
    - Specify the `managedservices` option with these two parameters:  
`managedservices schedule webclient`  
  
 This setting directs the client acceptor to manage both the Web client and the scheduler.
    - If you want to direct schedule and error information to log files other than the default files, specify the `schedlogname` and `errorlogname` options. Each option must contain the fully qualified path and file name in which to store log information. For example:  
`schedlogname /vmsched/dsm Sched_mp_1nx.log`  
`errorlogname /vmsched/dsmerror_mp_1nx.log`
  - To configure the Client Acceptor Service and Data Mover Scheduler Service to act as a backup server, set the following environment variable in the `/etc/init.d/dsmcad` file:  
`export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin`
  - Start the Client Acceptor Service:  
 The installation program creates a startup script for the client acceptor daemon (`dsmcad`) in `/etc/init.d`. The client acceptor daemon must be started before it can manage scheduler tasks, or manage the web client. As root, use the following command to start the daemon:  
`export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin`  
`service dsmcad start`  
  
 To enable the Client Acceptor Daemon to start automatically after a system restart, add the service as follows, at a shell prompt:  
`# chkconfig --add dsmcad`
6. Verify that the client acceptor and agent are set up correctly:
  - a. Log on to a remote system.
  - b. Use a web browser to connect to the `HOST1` system by using this address and port:  
`http://HOST1.xyz.yourcompany.com:1581`

---

# Manually configuring the mount proxy nodes on a remote Windows system

## Windows

Complete this task to add a mount proxy node to a remote Windows system. This task is required when you want to add a second Windows mount proxy node to your environment.

### Before you begin

Before you proceed with this task, make sure the primary Windows mount proxy node is configured.

### About this task

Complete these steps on the remote Windows mount proxy system:

### Procedure

1. Install the following products on the remote Windows mount proxy system:

- recovery agent
- IBM Spectrum Protect data mover

Access both products on the IBM Spectrum Protect for Virtual Environments download image. Step-by-step installation instructions are available in IBM Knowledge Center at “Installing the Data Protection for VMware components on Windows systems” on page 22

2. Retrieve the sample options file content from the Windows mount proxy node that was created and add it to the options file on the remote Windows mount proxy system:
  - a. On the primary Windows mount proxy system, go to the Configuration window in the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI.
  - b. Click **Edit TSM Configuration** in the Tasks list. The configuration notebook might take a few moments to load.
  - c. Go to the Mount Proxy Node Pairs page.
  - d. In the Primary Node column of the table, go to the Windows mount proxy node with the pending location and click **View Settings**.
  - e. Copy the sample dsm.opt file content that is shown in the **Mount Proxy Settings** dialog.
  - f. Paste (or add) the sample dsm.opt file content to the options file on the remote Windows mount proxy system. Name the options file with a convention that identifies its role as a remote mount proxy node. For example: dsm.REMOTE1\_MP\_WIN.opt.

**Restriction:** Do not enable the LAN-free option (ENABLELANFREE YES) in the options file. This option is not supported for mount proxy nodes.

3. Issue this data mover command to set the VMware vCenter user and password for the mount proxy node:

**Tip:** To start the dsmsc command line, open the **Windows Start** menu and select **Programs** → **IBM Spectrum Protect** → **Backup Client Command Line**.

```
dsmc set password -type=vm vcenter.mycompany.xyz.com <administrator> <password1>
-optfile=dsm.REMOTE1_MP_WIN.opt
```

4. Verify the connection to the IBM Spectrum Protect server by issuing this command:

```
dsmc query session -optfile=dsm.REMOTE1_MP_WIN.opt
```

This command shows information about your session, including the current node name, when the session was established, server information, and server connection information.

5. Set up the Client Acceptor Service (CAD) and Data Mover Scheduler Service by completing these steps:

This step uses the IBM Spectrum Protect Client GUI Configuration wizard to set up the CAD and Scheduler Service. By default, the Remote Client Agent Service is also set up through the wizard. If you use the IBM Spectrum Protect Client Service Configuration Utility (dsmcutil) for this task, make sure to also install the Remote Client Agent Service.

Start the IBM Spectrum Protect Client Configuration wizard from the file menu by going to **Utilities >Setup Wizard**:

- a. Select Help me configure the TSM Web Client. Enter the information as prompted.
  - 1) In the When do you want the service to start? option, select Automatically when Windows boots.
  - 2) In the Would you like to start the service upon completion of this wizard? option, select Yes.

When the operation completes successfully, return to the wizard welcome page and proceed to Step b.

**Tip:** When you configure more than one mount proxy node on the same system, you must specify a different port value for each client acceptor instance.

- b. Select Help me configure the TSM Client Scheduler. Enter the information as prompted.
  - 1) When you enter the scheduler name, make sure to select the Use the Client Acceptor daemon (CAD) to manage the scheduler option.
  - 2) In the When do you want the service to start? option, select Automatically when Windows boots.
  - 3) In the Would you like to start the service upon completion of this wizard? option, select Yes.
6. Verify that the client acceptor and agent are set up correctly. Use a web browser to connect to the HOST1 system by using this address and port:  
<http://HOST1.xyz.yourcompany.com:1581>



---

## Manually configuring multiple client acceptor services on a Linux system

Under certain circumstances, it might be beneficial to use multiple dsmcad services on a single Linux client host.

### About this task

This task sets up multiple dsmcad instances to run and start automatically at system start:

### Procedure

1. Create two unique node stanzas in the dsm.sys file (by default, this file is in /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/):

```
cat /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/dsm.sys
SErvername node1
 COMMMethod TCPip
 TCPPort 1500
 TCPServeraddress localhost
 nodename node1
 errorlogname /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/dsmerror-node1.log
 schedlogname /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/dsmsched-node1.log
 managedservices webclient sched
 httpport 1581
 passwordaccess generate

SErvername node2
 COMMMethod TCPip
 TCPPort 1500
 TCPServeraddress localhost
 nodename node2
 errorlogname /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/dsmerror-node2.log
 schedlogname /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/dsmsched-node2.log
 managedservices webclient sched
 httpport 1582
 passwordaccess generate
```

**Tip:** It might be beneficial to include certain includes/exclude options to differentiate these nodes. Otherwise, the same data might be backed up using the two node names.

2. Create two dsm.opt files, one for each node (by default these files are in /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/):

```
cat /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/dsm-node1.opt
servername node1
cat /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/dsm-node2.opt
servername node2
```

3. Enable passwordaccess generate by logging in with the credentials for both nodes:

```
cat /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/dsm-node1.opt
servername node1
cat /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/dsm-node2.opt
servername node2
```

4. Make two copies of the default rc.dsmcad init script (by default, this script is in /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/):

```
cp /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/rc.dsmcad /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/rc.dsmcad-node1
cp /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/rc.dsmcad /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/rc.dsmcad-node2
```

5. Edit rc.dsmcad-node1:

- a. Change this line for Red Hat Enterprise Linux distributions:

```
daemon $DSMCAD_BIN
```

To this line:

```
daemon $DSMCAD_BIN -optfile=/opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/dsm-node1.opt
```

- b. Change this line for SUSE Linux Enterprise Server distributions:

```
startproc $DSMCAD_BIN
```

To this line:

```
startproc $DSMCAD_BIN -optfile=/opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/dsm-node1.opt
```

6. Edit rc.dsmcad-node2:

- a. Change this line for Red Hat Enterprise Linux distributions:

```
daemon $DSMCAD_BIN
```

To this line:

```
daemon $DSMCAD_BIN -optfile=/opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/dsm-node2.opt
```

- b. Change this line for SUSE Linux Enterprise Server distributions:

```
startproc $DSMCAD_BIN
```

To this line:

```
startproc $DSMCAD_BIN -optfile=/opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/dsm-node2.opt
```

7. Create new links in /etc/init.d/ to point to the two new rc.dsmcad init scripts. These links allow the Linux init service to start the dsmcad services at system start:

```
ln -s /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/rc.dsmcad-node2 dsmcad-node2
ln -s /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/rc.dsmcad-node1 dsmcad-node1
ls -la dsm*
lrwxrwxrwx. 1 root root 45 Aug 2 08:04 dsmcad-node1 -> /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/rc.dsmcad-node1
lrwxrwxrwx. 1 root root 45 Aug 2 08:04 dsmcad-node2 -> /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/rc.dsmcad-node2
```

8. Register the two new rc scripts with **chkconfig**:

```
chkconfig --add dsmcad-node1
chkconfig --add dsmcad-node2
```

9. Test the configuration with the **service dsmcad start** command to make sure the scripts load and start without issue:

```
service dsmcad-node1 start
Starting dsmcad-node1: [OK]
service dsmcad-node2 start
Starting dsmcad-node2: [OK]
ps -ef | grep dsmcad
root 2689 1 0 09:04 ? 00:00:00 /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/dsmcad
-optfile=/opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/dsm-node1.opt
root 2719 1 0 09:04 ? 00:00:00 /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/dsmcad
-optfile=/opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/dsm-node2.opt
```

The command text is placed on two lines in this example to accommodate page formatting.

10. Restart and confirm that the two dsmcad instances started automatically:

```
ps -ef | grep dsmcad
root 1830 1 0 09:14 ? 00:00:00 /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/dsmcad
-optfile=/opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/dsm-node1.opt
root 1856 1 0 09:14 ? 00:00:00 /opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/dsmcad
-optfile=/opt/tivoli/tsm/client/ba/bin/dsm-node2.opt
```

The command text is placed on two lines in this example to accommodate page formatting.

---

## Modifying the VMCLI configuration file

The VMCLI configuration file (`vmcliConfiguration.xml`) contains settings for the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI.

The Data Protection for VMware installation process requires that a user specifies a vCenter Server IP address and whether to enable access to the GUI by a web browser. However, after installation, the server IP address and GUI access method cannot be modified by the installer.

To update these settings, you can manually edit the VMCLI configuration file (`vmcliConfiguration.xml`). This file is created during installation in the following locations:

On Windows systems:

`C:\IBM\tivoli\tsm\tdpvmware\webserver\usr\servers\veProfile\tsmVmGUI`

On Linux systems:

`/opt/tivoli/tsm/tdpvmware/common/webserver/usr/servers/veProfile/tsmVmGUI/`

To modify whether to enable access to the GUI by a web browser, enter one of the following values in the `<enable_direct_start></enable_direct_start>` parameter:

- *yes* The GUI can be accessed directly by a web browser. For example:

```
<enable_direct_start>yes</enable_direct_start>
```

- *no* The GUI cannot be accessed directly by a web browser. For example:

```
<enable_direct_start>no</enable_direct_start>
```

To use the GUI for vSphere protection, specify the following value in the `<mode></mode>` parameter:

- *vcenter* The GUI is used for vSphere protection. For example:

```
<mode>vcenter</mode>
```

To modify the vCenter server IP address, make sure **<mode>vcenter</mode>** is set, then specify the IP address in the **<vcenter\_url></vcenter\_url>** parameter. For example:

```
<vcenter_url>https://vcenter.myco.com/sdk</vcenter_url>
```

The `https://` value is required at the beginning of the vCenter server IP address. The `/sdk` value is required at the end of the vCenter server IP address.

## Example vmcliConfiguration.xml files

The following `vmcliConfiguration.xml` file is configured for vSphere protection and web browser access is enabled for the GUI:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<vmcliAdaptor>
 <VMCLIPath>C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Tivoli\TDPVMware\VMwarePlugin\scripts\
</VMCLIPath>
 <interruptDelay>900000</interruptDelay>
 <mode>vcenter</mode>
 <vcenter_url>https://vcenter.myco.com/sdk</vcenter_url>
 <enable_direct_start>yes</enable_direct_start>
</vmcliAdaptor>
```

---

## Appendix B. Migrating to an incremental-forever incremental backup strategy

Use this procedure to migrate existing backup schedules, policies, and data mover nodes for use in an incremental forever backup strategy.

### Before you begin

You can use the incremental-forever full backup strategy that was implemented in Data Protection for VMware version 6.2 and 6.3. If you want to continue to use the incremental-forever full backup strategy, you do not need to change your policy or schedules. You must ensure that you upgrade only your data mover nodes to version 6.4 (or later), as documented in the following procedure. However, if you want to use the incremental-forever incremental backup strategy, in addition to updating the data mover nodes to version 6.4 (or later), you must also update the schedules and policy for those data mover nodes that move to this incremental-forever incremental backup strategy.

To migrate existing Data Protection for VMware schedules to an incremental-forever incremental backup strategy, you must complete the tasks documented in this procedure.

#### Important:

- Although some tasks are discrete, all applications and components must be upgraded eventually to completely benefit from the incremental-forever incremental strategy. This publication provides all information to guide you through each task.
- There are several methods available to complete the entire migration process. However, the methods documented in this publication are considered efficient methods for typical Data Protection for VMware environments.
- The schedule to be migrated in this procedure is a schedule that was created with the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI backup wizard. If the schedule to be migrated was created manually, then the schedule updates identified in this procedure must also be made manually.

### About this task

#### Procedure

1. Upgrade all vStorage Backup Servers protecting a single vCenter. Make sure that this upgrade is completed at the same time for all data mover nodes.
  - This upgrade requires installing IBM Spectrum Protect Data Mover version 6.4 (or later) on the vStorage Backup Server.
  - As a discrete task, you do not have to complete Step 2 or Step 3 immediately following Step 1. After upgrading the data mover nodes, you can continue to back up VMs in your existing environment. You can complete Step 2 and Step 3 when a more convenient opportunity becomes available.

**Tip:** If your environment uses multiple vStorage Backup Servers, consider upgrading only one server. Then, verify that your server operates successfully before upgrading the remaining vStorage Backup Servers.

2. Update the backup policy and backup schedules to implement incremental-forever incremental backups:  
Complete the following backup policy tasks on the IBM Spectrum Protect server by issuing commands in the administrative command-line client (dsmadm):
  - a. Create a management class for the appropriate domain and policy set for your incremental-forever incremental backups. This example creates management class `mgmt_ifincr28` for domain `domain1` and policy set `prodbackups`. The management class name is used to describe an incremental-forever incremental backup strategy that retains 28 backup versions:

```
define mgmtclass domain1 prodbackups mgmt_ifincr28
description="Retain 28 backup versions"
```
  - b. Create a backup copy group for your incremental-forever incremental backups. This example creates a standard backup copy group for domain `domain1`, policy set `prodbackups`, and management class `mgmt_ifincr28`:

```
define copygroup domain1 prodbackups mgmt_ifincr28 standard type=backup
```

The standard `type=backup` entries are default values and are not required to be specified. They are included in this example to illustrate that the copy group name is `STANDARD` and that the type of copy group is `backup` (instead of `archive`).

- c. Update the backup copy group with the appropriate version, retention, and expiration settings:

**Remember:** In Data Protection for VMware version 6.2 and 6.3, backup version, retention, and expiration is based on a backup-chain granularity level. This method means that even though both incremental-forever full and incremental-forever incremental backups are taken (as part of the 6.2 and 6.3 incremental-forever full backup strategy), version expiration counts only full backups. In Data Protection for VMware version 6.4 (or later), backup version, retention, and expiration is based on a single-backup granularity level. This method means that version expiration counts both incremental-forever full and incremental-forever incremental backups.

The `verexists` parameter specifies the maximum number of VM backup versions to retain on the server. If an incremental-forever incremental backup operation causes the number to be exceeded, the server expires the oldest backup version that exists in server storage. This example specifies `verexists=28`. This value means that a maximum of 28 VM backup versions are retained on the server.

The `retextra` parameter specifies the maximum number of days to retain a VM backup version, after that version becomes inactive. This example specifies `retextra=nolimit`. This value means that the maximum number of inactive VM backup versions are retained indefinitely. However, when `verexists` is specified, the `nolimit` value is superseded by the `verexists` value. As a result, in this example, a maximum of 28 inactive VM backup versions are retained on the server.

Based on the settings described in this step, the backup copy group is updated as follows:

```
update copygroup domain1 prodbackups mgmt_ifincr28 verexists=28
retextra=nolimit
```

In this example, the existing Data Protection for VMware version 6.3 environment consists of the following hosts and schedules:

- An ESX cluster (esxcluster) that contains two ESX hosts (esxhost1, esxhost2).
- The bup\_esxcluster\_full schedule runs a weekly incremental-forever full backup of each ESX host with data mover node dm1.
- The bup\_esxcluster\_incr schedule runs a daily incremental-forever incremental backup of each ESX host with data mover node dm2.

Complete the following backup schedule tasks in the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI:

- Start the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI by clicking the icon in the Solutions and Applications window of the vSphere Client.
  - In the Getting Started window, click the **Backup** tab to open the Managing backup schedules window.
  - Locate the backup schedule (used for incremental-forever full or incremental backups) to update. In this procedure, the incremental-forever full bup\_esxcluster\_full schedule is used.
  - Right-click the schedule and select **Properties**.
  - Go to the Schedule page and specify **Incremental** from the **Backup strategy** drop-down list.
  - Click **OK** to save your update.
  - Locate the backup schedule used for incremental-forever incremental backups. Right-click the schedule and select **Delete**. Since the incremental-forever full bup\_esxcluster\_full schedule was updated to incremental-forever incremental, this incremental-forever incremental schedule is no longer needed.
3. Now that you have an incremental-forever incremental backup schedule, you can reduce the number of data mover nodes by consolidating them: This example consolidates two data mover nodes into one data mover node.
- On the vStorage Backup Server, open a command prompt and go to the directory where the options file for dm1 is located.
  - Using a text editor (such as Notepad), update this file with the following options:
    - Specify `vmmaxparallel` to control the number of VMs backed up at one time by dm1:  
`vmmaxparallel=2`

The default value and minimum value are 1. The maximum value is 50.

**Tip:** For every data mover node you remove, increase the `vmmaxparallel` value by 1.

Alternatively, you can specify `vmlimitperhost` to control the number of VMs backed up at one time by dm1 from the same ESX host:

`vmlimitperhost=1`

This option is useful when wanting to prevent a host from being overloaded. The default value is 0 (no limit). The minimum value is 1. The maximum value is 50.

- Log on the IBM Spectrum Protect server. Use the administrative command-line client (`dsmadm`) to specify the maximum number of simultaneous VM backup sessions that can connect with the server. For example:  
`maxsessions=4`

The default value is 25. The minimum value is 2.

4. Verify that the updated data mover nodes are working properly:
  - a. Start the Data Protection for VMware vSphere GUI by clicking the icon in the Solutions and Applications window of your vSphere Client.
  - b. In the Getting Started window, click the Configuration tab to view the Configuration Status page.
  - c. In the Configuration Status page, select the vCenter that is protected in Step 1. Click a data mover node to view its status information in the Status Details pane. When a node displays a warning or error, click that node and use the information in the Status Details pane to resolve the issue. Then, select the node and click **Validate Selected Node** to verify whether the issue is resolved. Click Refresh to retest all nodes.

## Results

Upon successful completion of each task, the environment is ready for use in an incremental-forever incremental backup strategy.

**Restrictions:** After migrating schedules from incremental-forever full backup types to incremental-forever incremental backup types, be aware of the following restrictions:

- Changing migrated schedules back to incremental-forever full backup types per VM (file space) is not supported.
- Using an earlier version of the IBM Spectrum Protect data mover on a migrated file space is not supported.
- When a file space contains one (or more) incremental-forever incremental backups, a incremental-forever full backup is not supported.

## Example of version control with the verexists parameter

In this schedule migration example, Data Protection for VMware version 6.3 uses the following two backup schedules:

- `-mode=full`: A weekly incremental-forever full backup is scheduled (Sundays) and the maximum number of VM backup versions to retain on the server is four (`verexists=4`).
- `-mode=incr`: A weekday incremental-forever incremental backup is scheduled (Monday through Saturday).

The number of backups taken for a four week period is 28:

- Four incremental-forever full backups (one weekly full backup multiplied by four weeks)
- 24 incremental-forever incremental backups (six weekday incremental backups multiplied by four weeks)

Since Data Protection for VMware version 6.3 counts only full backups, the `verexists=4` value preserves all 28 backups.

To provide the same level of protection with Data Protection for VMware version 6.4 (or later) and the incremental-forever incremental backup strategy, create the following schedule:

`-mode=iffull`: A daily incremental-forever full backup is scheduled and the `verexists` parameter is set to 28.

The number of backups taken for a four week period is 28:

- One incremental-forever full backup (initial backup multiplied by one day)



- 27 incremental-forever incremental backups (daily incremental forever backups multiplied by 27 days)

Since Data Protection for VMware version 6.4 (or later) counts both incremental-forever full and incremental-forever incremental backups, the `verexists=28` value preserves all 28 backups.



---

## Appendix C. Accessibility features for the IBM Spectrum Protect product family

Accessibility features assist users who have a disability, such as restricted mobility or limited vision, to use information technology content successfully.

### Overview

The IBM Spectrum Protect family of products includes the following major accessibility features:

- Keyboard-only operation
- Operations that use a screen reader

The IBM Spectrum Protect family of products uses the latest W3C Standard, WAI-ARIA 1.0 ([www.w3.org/TR/wai-aria/](http://www.w3.org/TR/wai-aria/)), to ensure compliance with US Section 508 ([www.access-board.gov/guidelines-and-standards/communications-and-it/about-the-section-508-standards/section-508-standards](http://www.access-board.gov/guidelines-and-standards/communications-and-it/about-the-section-508-standards/section-508-standards)) and Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG) 2.0 ([www.w3.org/TR/WCAG20/](http://www.w3.org/TR/WCAG20/)). To take advantage of accessibility features, use the latest release of your screen reader and the latest web browser that is supported by the product.

The product documentation in IBM Knowledge Center is enabled for accessibility. The accessibility features of IBM Knowledge Center are described in the Accessibility section of the IBM Knowledge Center help ([www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/about/releasenotes.html?view=kc#accessibility](http://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/about/releasenotes.html?view=kc#accessibility)).

### Keyboard navigation

This product uses standard navigation keys.

### Interface information

User interfaces do not have content that flashes 2 - 55 times per second.

Web user interfaces rely on cascading style sheets to render content properly and to provide a usable experience. The application provides an equivalent way for low-vision users to use system display settings, including high-contrast mode. You can control font size by using the device or web browser settings.

Web user interfaces include WAI-ARIA navigational landmarks that you can use to quickly navigate to functional areas in the application.

### Vendor software

The IBM Spectrum Protect product family includes certain vendor software that is not covered under the IBM license agreement. IBM makes no representation about the accessibility features of these products. Contact the vendor for accessibility information about its products.

## **Related accessibility information**

In addition to standard IBM help desk and support websites, IBM has a TTY telephone service for use by deaf or hard of hearing customers to access sales and support services:

TTY service  
800-IBM-3383 (800-426-3383)  
(within North America)

For more information about the commitment that IBM has to accessibility, see IBM Accessibility ([www.ibm.com/able](http://www.ibm.com/able)).

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## Glossary

A glossary is available with terms and definitions for the IBM Spectrum Protect family of products.

See the IBM Spectrum Protect glossary.

To view glossaries for other IBM products, see IBM Terminology.



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